The Weather
Today—Sunny and a little warmer. Highest temperatures in the lower 50s. Yesterday—High, 48; low, 40.

The Washington Post

Single Copy Price 5¢

NO. 25,377 — Entered as Second Class Matter, Postoffice, Washington, D. C. — Copyright, 1945, By The Washington Post. — WASHINGTON: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1945

CARRIER DELIVERY: CITY ZONE Daily and Sunday $1.10 Per Month; Daily Only, .65 per Mo.—Sun. Only, .45 per Mo. — SINGLE COPY PRICE: Daily $0.05; Sunday .10

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Big 3 to Hold Atomic Conference Dec. 15

Sec. Byrnes Finds Hurley Accusations Groundless

Stoutly Defends Career Diplomats Against Charges Of Policy Wrecking

By James E. Chinn
Post Staff Writer

Secretary of State James F. Byrnes yesterday brushed aside as lacking in proof the charges of Maj. Gen. Patrick J. Hurley, and retaliated with a stout and unswerving defense of the loyalty of American career diplomats.

President Truman, too, took a whack at Hurley's accusations, flatly denying the one that America's foreign policy had been scuttled by Undersecretary of State Dean Acheson.

The President's comment came during a press conference when reminded of Hurley's charges. He said the first he had heard about destruction of the policy was when Hurley leveled his charge at Acheson.

Byrnes replied to Hurley before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee where the soldier-diplomat already had spent two stormy days explaining why he suddenly and dramatically gave up his job last week as Ambassador to China.

One by one, the Secretary categorically took up the accusations. Some he flatly challenged. The others, he said, involved cases in which he could find no wrong.

Finds Them Not Guilty

The two foreign service officers—George Atcheson, jr., and John S. Service—whom Hurley accused of seeking to sabotage his efforts to bring about a unified China, Byrnes said, were not guilty of the "slightest disloyalty." He declared he could find no basis for the charge that the career men went behind Hurley's back to tell Chinese leaders that the Ambassador did not represent American policy, and he would fire forthwith anybody guilty of such conduct.

And to Hurley's accusation that Undersecretary Atcheson took a "leading part" in defeat of the American foreign policy in the little country of Iran, the peppy Byrnes declared:

"The newspaper statements were the first time I knew the policy had been dynamited."

Cameras Record Scene

Only a few feet away from Byrnes as he ripped into the Hurley statements, sat the impeccably dressed roving envoy No. 1 of the Roosevelt Administration. News reel cameras recorded the tense scene.

Briefly, Byrnes told the committee that:

1. He had never heard of any intercepted messages which either Atcheson or Service sought to exchange secretly with Chinese Communist leaders while the two diplomats were on duty in Chungking.

2. There is no evidence that the subsequent appointment of Atcheson and Service as advisers to Gen. Douglas MacArthur had interfered with Hurley's efforts to unify the Communists with the Chinese Nationalist government. On the contrary, Byrnes pointed out, two weeks after their appointment was announced September 4, Hurley advised the State Department that there were "favorable developments" in his efforts to bring about Chinese unity.

Never Requested Statement

3. In spite of Hurley's recent public insistence on need for a declaration of policy on China, he never asked either the State Department or the White House to make a public statement.

Byrnes' answers to Hurley's charges were contained in a 2500-word prepared statement which he read to the committee before subjecting himself to more than an hour's cross examination.

"I do not know George Atcheson or John Service," said the Secretary, "But because of the special criticism to which they have been subjected by the ambassador, I have obtained and read Mr. Atcheson's telegram of February 28, 1945, and Mr. Service's memorandum of

See BYRNES, Page 2, Column 3.

McVay Trial Is Postponed

The Navy general court-martial trying Capt. Charles B. McVay 3d, of 2126 Connecticut ave., on charges growing out of the loss of the cruiser Indianapolis last July 30 adjourned yesterday until Tuesday at 10 a. m.

Adjournment followed explanation by Capt. Thomas F. Ryan, jr., judge advocate, that the prosecution had no witnesses available and probably would have none Monday. No witnesses were placed on the stand yesterday.

Philadelphia Cowboys

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

BATTLE OF THE BULLS—Police riding a squad car lassoed this wandering steer yesterday after chasing it 1 hour and 15 minutes along fashionable Rittenhouse Square. Volunteers then took over the job of encouraging the animal back on his feet by pulling at both ends

USO, Red Cross Solidly Behind GI Welcome

Rides Home Requested For Returning Boys; A.U. Planning Dinner

United Service Organizations and the Red Cross yesterday gave solid support to the Post's "Welcome the Boys Home" campaign by announcing all-out Christmas programs "dedicated to servicemen."

American University also joined the many groups who are planning welcome functions for Washington's returning veterans.

The period from December 22 through January 1 has been set aside in an official proclamation by the District Commissioners as a time for the city to enter into a wholehearted demonstration of welcome for homecoming heroes.

District government department heads will meet Tuesday to make unified plans for welcome ceremonies and decorations for its employes who are returning to work after military duty.

Day of Church Services

Religious leaders have also endorsed the welcome by setting aside Sunday, December 23, as a day of services to honor the returning GIs and in commemoration of the fighters who gave their lives.

Red Cross announced that the Christmas tree to be decorated in front of the building will be supplemented with a huge "welcome" sign in keeping with The Post's call for city-wide outdoor decorations.

The Red Cross is also starting a "Going My Way" drive to see that many out-of-town servicemen have a chance to be welcomed at Christmas by their families in other cities.

All persons who will be leaving Washington during the holidays by car, and have extra space for other passengers, are requested to give their names to the Red Cross so that servicemen may have a chance at the rides. At present 75 GIs are listed who want rides to points all over the country.

Red Cross stressed that these

See YULE, Page 2, Column 5.

Truman Seeks Country-Wide Traffic Rules

President Truman told reporters at yesterday's news conference that something has to be done to regulate automobile drivers on interstate highways.

The President, who was attired in a gray suit and appeared to be in buoyant spirits, said that in 1935 he introduced a bill to regulate drivers. Three times it was passed in the Senate, and three times it was killed in the House.

Urges State Laws

Some sort of restriction is going to have to be made by State laws, as in Massachusetts and four or five other States, or the Federal Government is going to have to take a hand in the situation, he continued.

Mr. Truman pointed out that since 1935 there have been more deaths from highway accidents than the total number of men lost in all wars starting with the Revolution. This includes a property damage of one billion dollars—a terrific price to pay for crackpot driving, he observed.

At the outset of the conference, Mr. Truman said he had no special news, but thought reporters might like to ask some questions.

Given Warm Springs Check

Joseph Fox, president of the White House Correspondents Association, then presented a check for one thousand dollars to the Warm Springs Foundation. The President accepted it on behalf of the National Association for Infantile Paralysis, saying he would see that it got to the right pocket.

First of the questions that immediately followed was:

"Mr. President, there are dispatches coming through from London which indicate that Bevin might announce today a five-power meeting of Foreign Ministers or perhaps a three-power atomic conference. Is that true?"

Mr. Truman said he was not familiar with it—he didn't know.

He was next asked for news on the Northern Governors' suit to set aside the Interstate Commerce Commission freight rates.

Here again, Mr. Truman was not

See TRUMAN, Page 2, Column 3.

Gill's Report Unread Prior To Suspension

Jail Superintendent Had Submitted Data Detailing Conditions

By Al Hailey and Al Lewis
Post Staff Writers

A majority of members of the Board of Public Welfare yesterday admitted they had not read the report of Superintendent Howard B. Gill on conditions at the District Jail before recommending his discharge.

Only six of the eight board members were present when Gill's suspension was ordered, it was disclosed last night as Welfare Director Ray L. Huff announced Civil Service rules gave Gill 10 days to answer charges of inefficient operation of the District Jail.

Gill, general superintendent of penal institutions, has accused Huff of withholding his report from board members. He declared that the welfare body could not render a clear decision on administration of the jail without studying the facts in the report.

Only A. J. Driscoll, chairman of the committee on institutions, ad-

See BREAK, Page 2, Column 8.

U.S. to Revive Building and Land Control

Truman to Combat Real Estate Inflation; Seeks to Assure Materials for Homes

By Christine Sadler
Post Staff Writer.

President Truman announced yesterday that the Government will restore priority controls for home building materials and also will take steps to keep real estate prices within bounds.

Inflation in the real estate field must be curbed and home building must be protected by the assurance of materials, he said.

The President indicated that a complete plan covering the Government's intentions can be expected within a few days.

Various versions of the plan are under consideration by the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion. Indications last night were that the finished product would call for restoration of a somewhat weakened L-41, the wartime construction order lifted on October 15 because home builders insisted it was throttling rather than helping.

Can't Get Materials

The builders assumed, however, that they could obtain materials. It has since become evident that industrial and commercial construction is draining away supplies they had hoped to get for homes.

The Government's new plan is expected to channel materials to builders who will construct residences within specified price ranges—with probably no more than $8000 structures eligible for aid and that veterans will get a preference on the new construction.

The National Housing Agency, which administered L-41 under authorization from WPB, is expected to get the job back and to handle the new priorities just like the old ones. Industrial builders and contractors building homes costing more than $8000 would have to fend for themselves to get materials not used up by the Government program.

Shortage Areas Only, Probably

It might be that the plan would merely authorize NHA to give materials assistance in "shortage areas" only. This could cover the whole country, but the scarcities vary from region to region. Some would need aid with lumber, some with bricks, and so on.

In spite of the President's statement about the need for controlling real estate inflation, it was not believed that the plan under consideration called for more price control than did L-41—which controlled the price of new homes in-

See HOUSING, Page 2, Column 1.

Death Sentence

Associated Press Photo from Signal Corps Radio

YAMASHITA HEARS VERDICT—In a Manila courtroom Lieut. Gen. Tomoyuki Yamashita stands before the military tribunal that tried him to hear his death sentence pronounced. From left are Col. Harry Clarke, chief defense attorney, M. Hamamoto, an interpreter, and General Yamashita. (Story on Page 3).

Safety Appeals Sent Out

Another Traffic Death Sends Total in City for Year to 89

D. C. traffic deaths this year . . 89
Deaths this date last year 80
Total traffic deaths last year . . 88

The death of a 60-year-old man yesterday pushed District traffic fatalities to 89, exceeding by nine the total for this time last year and by one the total for all of 1944.

Concern over the increase of fatalities brought an urgent request from Inspector Arthur Miller, head of the Traffic Division, for extra care from pedestrians and drivers, particularly during the holidays.

"A traffic death is always a tragedy, but it is doubly so around Christmas," he said. "Crowds of shoppers and bad weather usually bring about an increase in accidents. But a little courtesy as well as care from pedestrians and drivers can prevent these tragedies."

The eighty-ninth traffic death was John A. Griggs, of 2301 38d ave., Bradbury Heights, Md., who was fatally injured last Thursday when he was struck by an auto at Bowen rd. and Burns st. se.

Griggs was admitted to Casualty Hospital suffering a fractured skull and fracture to the right leg. He died there yesterday at 4 a. m. The auto was operated, police said, by Charles A. Wendell, 17, of 7617 Walters la., Forestville, Md.

Five-year-old Bobby Boykin of 1203 N st. nw. was admitted to Emergency Hospital in undetermined condition yesterday after he was struck by an auto at 12th and N sts. nw. shortly after noon. Police said the driver of the car was Mrs. Lettie E. Hauser, 56, of 510 Edgewood st. ne.

Meanwhile, Richard Slack, 28, of 1802 Burke st. se., and James E. McCoy, Negro, 34, of 219 W st. nw., were exonerated by a coroner's jury

See TRAFFIC, Page 2, Column 4.

Marshall Tells How Code-Breaking Gave U. S. Great Victories

(Text of Marshall's Letter, Page 2)

By Mary Spargo
Post Club Editor

Gen. George C. Marshall told Congress yesterday the full story of his successful personal appeals to Gov. Thomas E. Dewey during the 1944 political campaign to prevent disclosure of information that this country had cracked the secret Japanese codes.

The victories of the Coral Sea and Midway were made possible, Marshall said he told the GOP standard-bearer, because the Japanese did not know their messages were being read, and the consequences would be "utterly tragic" if this information would be made public.

All References Ceased

Dewey made no assurances to him, the former Chief of Staff declared, but all references bordering upon the secret of the "magic" Japanese intercepts stopped, even in Congress.

Later, after the campaign, when the Military Intelligence feared that congressional talk leading to disclosure of one of this country's prime military secrets was about to start again, Dewey volunteered to help quiet it, Marshall disclosed.

President Roosevelt died without knowing that he had ever communicated with Governor Dewey in regard to the secret of the codes, Marshall told the committee.

Purely Nonpolitical

The matter had to be kept on a purely nonpolitical basis, Marshall asserted, and placed entirely on the level of the national interest.

Despite earnest requests from Marshall that two or three sentences be deleted, the committee voted in a heated closed session to place the full texts of the two letters the general wrote to Dewey in the record. One was dated September 25 and the other September 27, 1941.

Reading both letters to the committee, Marshall looked over the top of his glasses and slowly emphasized the notation on them, "For Mr. Dewey's Eyes Only."

When it seemed apparent from hints dropped in campaign speeches and from gossip in Washington that Dewey might disclose the fact

See PEARL, Page 2, Column 7.

Grenade Fired As Allied Chief In Java Lands

Believed Possible Assassination Effort As Plane Arrives

Batavia, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—A possible attempt to assassinate British Lieut. Gen. Sir Philip Christison, Allied commander in Java, was made today as he and his staff returned by plane from conferences in Singapore designed to seek a solution to the troubled Netherlands Indies situation.

As Christison's plane was landing at Kemajoran airport outside Batavia, a hand grenade exploded on the edge of the field and blew a hole in a hangar door. There were no casualties. The Dutch said the grenade might have been fired from a rifle.

The Dutch officials who went to Singapore to confer with Admiral Lord Louis Mountbatten, southeast Asia commander, would not disclose any details of the discussions.

Gun Posts Doubled

Batavia, Dec. 7 (AP).—Twelve British planes dumped three tons of bombs today on Indonesian gun positions on a lake shore south of Ambarawa, and gunned and bombed buildings in a densely wooded hideout area on the opposite side of the lake.

Clashes continued at scattered points in Java, as British and Netherlands leaders returned from a conference in Singapore yesterday called by Admiral Lord Louis Mountbatten, Allied southeast Asia commander, to consider the situation both in Java and Indo-China.

The air assault on the Ambarawa gun positions was ordered after Indonesian resistance forces had begun firing again at internment camps in that area. British transport planes continued to evacuate ailing and injured women and children from Semarang, mid-Java port city 20 miles north of Ambarawa.

In the past few days 140 Europeans, Dutch and Eurasians were abducted in Bandoeing before they could be moved to safe areas, the British said.

U. S. Making Antitrust Probe of GM

Union Announcement Is Confirmed by Justice Department

Detroit, Dec. 7 (AP).—A Government investigation of General Motors Corp. under antitrust laws was disclosed today while the corporation and the CIO United Auto Workers wrangled in their wage dispute.

The Department of Justice in Washington confirmed a union announcement that it was inquiring into operations of the corporation, which has been crippled for 17 days by a strike. The union had asked such a probe.

Representatives of the corporation and union meanwhile recessed a bargaining session until Monday, reporting little progress in the attempt to settle the UAW-CIO's demand for a 30 per cent wage rate increase within General Motors' present price structure.

Offer "Only The Beginning"

GM officials said there would be no company statement on today's negotiating session, but Walter Reuther, UAW vice president, told a press conference:

"The 13½-cent-an-hour offer is only the beginning. The corporation will give more and more and more and finally will wrap it up and we'll all go back to work."

He referred to GM's Thursday offer to reinstate the 13½ cent increase, which the UAW rejected shortly before the strike was called at GM plants in 20 States.

As today's bargaining session was going on, the office of president R. J. Thomas of the union announced that Attorney General Tom B. Clark was investigating General Motors with a view to determining whether GM was in violation of antitrust laws.

Clark declined comment, but the Justice Department said the Attorney General had sent this telegram to Thomas: "The department has been investigating several antitrust cases of the type you men-

See STRIKES, Page 2, Column 5.

Dial Dilemma

Deluge of Yule Travel Calls Causes Phone Service to Sag

A barrage of calls to Union Station from thousands of Government workers determined to get out of the Capital for the four-day Christmas holiday so greatly overtaxed telephone equipment yesterday that dial service in downtown Washington was virtually knocked out of operation for at least 15 minutes.

Calls for reservations began at 10 a. m.—as ordered by ODT—and within a few minutes the station's 100 dial trunklines were flooded. The strain on telephone equipment was so great that the tieup soon spread to dial switchboards on the National, District and Republic exchanges.

Effect of the freak stoppage was to make it impossible for persons using these three exchnages and the Metropolitan exchange to a lesser extent to get any dial tone when they picked up their phones. Incoming calls from nonaffected exchanges were received, however.

The temporary breakdown in service even had officials of the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co. stumped for a while. It was soon traced, however, to a flood of calls going in one direction.

"Everybody and his big sister called EX. 4300 at once," a company spokesman said. The number is the Union Station reservation desk.

Another stoppage today appeared possible, since only a fraction of those seeking reservations yesterday were successful.

Under ODT regulations, reservations must be made within 14 days of a prospective trip. Those made yesterday were for trips scheduled December 21, the last Government working day before the Christmas holiday. A host of workers are expected to try their luck again today.

Transportation officials anticipated a mass exodus during the Christmas holiday—the country's first in peacetime within four years.

Meeting Set For Moscow By Foreign Ministers

Numerous Other Big Matters Scheduled; French and Chinese Informed of Plans

By the United Press

The Foreign Secretaries of Great Britain, Russia and the United States will meet in Moscow December 15 to discuss future control of atomic energy, the State Department announced last night.

The Department said the three ministers also will sit down to "informal and exploratory discussions on a number of other matters of current concern to the three countries."

The meeting was announced simultaneously in Washington, London and Moscow.

Follows Yalta Plan

The State Department emphasized that it would not be a meeting of Foreign Ministers council, but rather a meeting of the three Foreign Ministers as provided in the Yalta conference decision calling for quarterly sessions of the three officials.

The announcement came three hours after President Truman told a news conference that he was not familiar with a London report of such a meeting and that he did not know about it.

France and China, who have representatives on the council of Foreign Ministers, were informed through their Ambassadors here of the meeting.

A State Department spokesman said that Secretary of State James F. Byrnes would fly to Moscow. He did not know when the Secretary would leave or who will accompany him.

Last Meeting a Deadlock

The Foreign Ministers met in September. They broke up in three weeks in hopeless dispute, partly because of Russia's refusal to permit France and China, as members of the Big Five, to take part in discussion of Balkan peace treaties.

There were London rumors during the day that the next week-end meeting would be one of the Big Three, despite President Truman's frank statement that he didn't want any more such meetings.

It seemed possible that some move had been made on this side of the Atlantic, not in London, for a Big Three meeting, and that the suddenly-called Foreign Minister' meeting was the result.

The fact that the site is to be Moscow was taken as a gesture to Russia, who still fears isolation in foreign affairs.

A factor also, apparently, was the atomic energy situation after the President and Prime Minister Attlee decided to keep it as a secret trust, and Foreign Commissar Viacheslav Molotov promised Russians that they would have atomic energy soon and much else.

Other questions on the program, it was expected here, will be:

1. The situation in Eastern Europe and Iran, both dominated by Russia.

2. The question of central control of Germany, bitterly opposed by France.

3. The future of colonial empires and the question of trusteeships for some territories.

4. Russia's desire for free passage through the Dardanelles and a sphere of influence in the Mediterranean area.

5. The fighting in China between the central government and Chinese Communists.

6. The question of free passage over Europe's inland waterways.

It was believed possible that the question of Allied influence in the administration of occupied Japan might also be discussed.

French Disappointed

Paris, Dec. 7 (AP).—A member of the French Cabinet said today that "the Big Three have taken another decision bad for France."

Prosecutor Refuses Wife-Beating Permit

Houston, Tex., Dec. 7 (U.P.).—The district attorney's office announced today it would issue no "beat your wife" permits after turning down its first request.

A Negro appeared at the office yesterday and explained some of his friends had told him he could obtain such a permit.

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Text of Marshall's Letter to Dewey

Only Admiral King Knew of Message On 'Dilemma' Over Broken Jap Code

The following text is the first of two letters, almost identical, which Gen. George C. Marshall sent to Gov. Thomas E. Dewey during the 1944 presidential campaign.

Dewey refused to read the first letter because he would not agree to the conditions set forth. He read the second letter, dated two days later, after a telephone conversation with Marshall in which it was agreed he might consult his adviser, Elliot Bell, State bank examiner, retain the letter in a locked file and would not be bound not to reveal information he had from other sources.

Roosevelt Not Informed

General Marshall also told Dewey that President Roosevelt had no knowledge of the letter having been written.

From the third paragraph down both letters are alike except for the following paragraph which appears in the second document:

"A further most serious embarrassment is the fact that the British government is involved concerning its most trusted secret sources of information, regarding which only the Prime Minister, the Chiefs of Staff and a very limited number of other officials have knowledge."

Text of Original Letter

The text of the original letter follows:

"Top secret.

"(For Mr. Dewey's eyes only.)

"My Dear Governor:

"I am writing you without the knowledge of any other person except Admiral King (who concurs) because we are approaching a grave dilemma in the political reactions of Congress regarding Pearl Harbor.

"What I have to tell you below is of such a highly secret nature that I feel compelled to ask you either to accept it on the basis of your not communicating its contents to any other person and returning this letter or not reading any further and returning the letter to the bearer.

"I should have preferred to talk to you in person but I could not devise a method that would not be subject to press and radio reactions as to why the Chief of Staff of the Army would be seeking an interview with you at this particular moment. Therefore I have turned to the method of this letter, to be delivered by hand to you by Col. Carter Clark who has charge of the most secret documents of the War and Navy Departments.

Most Vital Evidence

"In brief, the military dilemma resulting from congressional political battles of the political campaign is this:

"The most vital evidence in the Pearl Harbor matter consists of our intercepts of the Japanese diplomatic communications. Over a period of years our cryptograph people analyzed the character of the machine the Japanese are using for encoding their diplomatic messages. Based on this, a corresponding machine was built by us which deciphers their messages. Therefore, we possessed a wealth of information regarding their moves in the Pacific which in turn was furnished the State Department—rather than, as is popularly supposed, the State Department providing us with the information—but which unfortunately made no reference whatever to intentions toward Hawaii until the last message before December 7, which did not reach our hands until the following day, December 8.

"Now the point to the present dilemma is that we have gone ahead with this business of deciphering their codes until we possess other codes, German as well as Japanese, but our main basis of information regarding Hitler's intentions in Europe is obtained from Baron Oshima's messages from Berlin reporting his interviews with Hitler and other officials to the Japanese government. These are still in the codes involved in the Pearl Harbor events.

Ships in Right Place

"To explain further the critical nature of this set-up which would be wiped out almost in an instant if the least suspicion were aroused regarding it, the battle of the Coral Sea was based on deciphered messages and therefore our few ships were in the right place at the right time. Further we were able to concentrate on our limited forces to meet their advances on Midway when otherwise we almost certainly would have been some 3000 miles out of place. We had full information of the strength of their forces in that advance and also of the smaller force directed against the Aleutians which finally landed troops on Attu and Kiska.

"Operations in the Pacific are largely guided by the information we obtain of Japanese deployments. We know their strength in various garrisons, the rations and other stores continuing available to them, and what is of vast importance, we check their fleet movements and the movements of their convoys. The heavy losses reported from time to time which they sustain by reason of our submarine action, largely results from the fact that we know the sailing dates and the routes of their convoys and can notify our submarines to lie in wait at the proper point.

"The current raids by Admiral Halsey's carrier forces on Japanese shipping in Manila Bay and elsewhere were largely based in timing on the known movements of Japanese convoys, two of which were caught, as anticipated, in his destructive attacks.

"You will understand from the foregoing the utter tragic consequences if the present political debates regarding Pearl Harbor disclose to the enemy, German or Jap, any suspicion of the vital sources of information we now possess.

Report Appeared Incomplete

"The Roberts' report on Pearl Harbor had to have withdrawn from it all reference to this highly secret matter, therefore in portions it necessarily appeared incomplete. The same reason which dictated that course is even more imporatnt today because our sources have been greatly elaborated.

"As a further example of the delicacy of the situation, some of Donovan's people (the OSS) without telling us, instituted a secret search of the Japanese Embassy offices in Portugal. As a result the entire military attache Japanese code all over the world was changed, and though this occurred over a year ago, we have not yet been able to break the new code and have thus lost this invaluable source of information, particularly regarding the European situation.

"A recent speech in Congress by Representative Harness would clearly suggest to the Japanese that we have been reading their codes, though Mr. Harness and the American public would probably not draw any such conclusion.

Operations Closely Related

"The conduct of General Eisenhower's campaign and of all operations in the Pacific are closely related in conception and timing to the information we secretly obtain through these intercepted codes. They contribute greatly to the victory and tremendously to the savings of American lives, both in the conduct of current operations and in looking towards the early termination of the war.

"I am presenting this matter to you, for your secret information, in the hope that you will see your way clear to avoid the tragic results with which we are now threatened in the present political campaign. I might add that the recent action of Congress in requiring Army and Navy investigations for action before certain dates has compelled me to bring back the Corps Commander General Gerow, whose troops are fighting at Trier, to testify here while the Germans are counterattacking his forces there. This, however, is a very minor matter compared to the loss of our code information.

"Please return this letter by bearer. I will hold it in my secret file subject to your reference should you so desire.

"Faithfully yours,

"G. C. MARSHALL."

WACS IN TOKYO—Three WAC officers talk with Japanese women during tour of Tokyo. Left to right, Lt. Carmen R. Knox, Washington, D. C.; Lt. Martha A. Wayman, Fairmont, W. Va.; and Lt. Edith Gibney, Washington, D. C.

BYRNES

From Page 1

October 10, 1944. These are the documents upon which the ambassador appears to rely most strongly for support of his charge that these two officers sought to prevent accomplishment of the objectives of United States policy in China.

"The propriety of Mr. Atcheson's telegram can be determined only against the background of the events in China which preceded it. Like Ambassador Gauss before him, Ambassador Hurley had been making strenuous effort to achieve unity not only between the Central government and the so-called Communists, but between the Central government and the other dissident elements in China as well. At the time Ambassador Hurley left Chungking for a visit to Washington on February 19, 1945, I am advised that the negotiations between the Central government and the Communists appeared to have broken down.

"When Ambassador Hurley departed from the embassy at Chungking, Mr. Atcheson, as counselor, automatically assumed charge of the embassy's affairs. On February 28, nine days after the Ambassador's departure from Chungking and three days before his arrival in Washington, according to the records of the department, Mr. Atcheson sent his telegram. It contained a broad and thoughtful analysis of the situation in China as it appeared to him in the light of the shifting circumstances of the moment. It concluded with the recommendation that these shifting circumstances required a readjustment of our immediate strategy.

Opportunity for Discussion

"In his telegram Mr. Atcheson distinctly stated that 'a favorable opportunity for discussion of this subject should be given by the presence of General Wedemeyer as well as General Hurley in Washington.'"

Byrnes pointed out that Atcheson's wire made proposals for changes in handling the Chinese situation, but not for a change in policy.

Called "Honest Effort"

"His telegram . . . was a full and free report of the current situation in China as he saw it," declared the Secretary. "His recommendation was an honest effort to assist the Department of State in the formulation of its future policy in China. There is nothing to indicate that he sought to circumvent his superior in making this report and recommendation. On the contrary the telegram expressly suggested that this was a matter upon which the views of Ambassador Hurley should be sought by the Department in Washington."

Byrnes said that Service's memrandum proposed drastic changes in American policy, but the recommendations were not out of line with American objectives for the unification of China. He also explained that the embassy staff in Chungking had noted that Service's suggestions were simply the opinion of one man and that the Chinese division of the State Department had described his proposals as in many respects incorrect.

Nothing to Support Charges

"In my opinion," he declared, "based upon the information which has thus far been presented to me, there is nothing in them (the two documents) to support the charge that either Mr. Atcheson or Mr. Service was guilty of the slightest disloyalty to his superior officers."

"The other complaint of Ambassador Hurley," Byrnes continued, "is that some official or employe did not merely express a different view to his superior officer, but advised someone associated with the Communist forces that the ambassador did not accurately represent United States policy.

"For such action there would be no excuse. I would be the first to condemn it and to dismiss the person guilty of it. But Ambassador Hurley has not furnished me, nor do I understand that he has furnished this committee, any specific evidence to prove that any employe was guilty of such conduct.

Suspicions Not Enough

"Men who have rendered loyal service to the Government cannot be dismissed and their reputations ought not to be destroyed on the basis of suspicions entertained by any individual.

"I should be profoundly unhappy to learn that any officer of the State Department, within or without the foreign service, might feel bound to refrain from submitting through proper channels an honest report or recommendation for fear of offending me or anyone else in the department. If that day should arrive, I will have lost the very essence of the assistance and guidance I require for the successful discharge or the heavy responsibilities of my office."

With the long formal statement out of the way, Byrnes recounted in detail a topsy-turvy changing series of events leading up to Hurley's abrupt resignation as Ambassador to China. Even after announcement of the resignation had been broadcast to the Nation, the Secretary said Hurley told him: "If you say so, I'll go back."

Wondered About Probe

Senator Styles Bridges (R., N. H.), who took a leading part in the cross examination of Byrnes asked whether Hurley's charges were to be investigated by the State Department. The Secretary replied he had thought about a probe and wondered how it could be made because there was no evidence available to support the accusations.

Bridges next asked a series of questions as to whether President Roosevelt, Premier Stalin and Prime Minister Churchill made an agreement at Yalta "involving the life or death of China."

Byrnes said he did not recall such an agreement—that he would have to make a check.

Defends Reinstatement

The Secretary defended his reinstatement of Service after a Federal grand jury had refused to return an indictment against him in an FBI case, as an act of "common decency." He said he investigated the Service case after hearing on the radio and reading an editorial in The Washington Post charging that Service had been "done a great injustice." As a result of his inquiry, he declared, "there was no excuse for me to refuse to reinstate him."

"Are you aware of any secret telephone call from an officer very high up in this Government to tell the Justice Department to lay off Service?" asked Bridges.

"No," Byrnes replied.

"Would you be surprised?" inquired Bridges.

Was One Made?

"Yes," Byrnes answered. "Was one made?"

"I can't prove it," said Bridges, "but I've been told on good authority—"

"If you have the name of any official who interfered with the prosecution of that case I would like to have it," snapped the Secretary.

"The committee would like to have it, too," remarked Chairman Tom Connally (D., Tex.).

The issue, however, was dropped.

Bridges next wanted to know whether rumors were true that when Gen. George C. Marshall leaves as the President's special envoy to China he will be given a new directive to compel Chiang Kai-shek to make concessions to the Chinese Communists under a threat of reprisals, military aid, credits or surplus property.

Policy to Be Same

Byrnes replied that the policy memorandum to be given Marshall would carry forward the same policy on which Hurley worked.

The President later said Marshall will be directed to bend his energies toward getting all factions together in China. He indicated he would make public soon the instructions under which Marshall will operate.

Byrnes agreed to present to the committee for secret examination communications from Acheson and Service recommending changes in the American policy in China. Hurley had mentioned these documents as containing proof of his charges, but Byrnes objected to making them public.

Chairman Connally said the committee may meet behind closed doors today to examine the communications. Monday, he indicated, the committee may hold another public hearing to give Undersecretary Acheson an opportunity to fire back at Hurley's charges.

TRAFFIC

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at inquests yesterday in two recent traffic fatalities.

Slack was the operator of a streetcar which struck Second Lieut. LaVerne G. Nelson, 22, of Rapid City, S. Dak., in the 200 block of Pennsylvania ave. se. last Sunday. Lieutenant Nelson died at Walter Reed Hospital last Tuesday.

McCoy was the driver of an auto which struck the horse-drawn wagon in which William T. Walker, 80, of 1250 Holbrook ter. ne., was riding at Florida ave. and 3d st. ne. last Wednesday. Walker was thrown from the wagon and suffered a fractured skull. He died at Casualty Hospital.

Stassen Urges Truman Call Wage Parley

By John F. Chester
Associated Press Business Editor

New York, Dec. 7 (AP).—Former Governor Harold E. Stassen of Minnesota, Republican, tonight urged President Truman to call quickly a bipartisan economic conference to work out a new national policy on wages, prices and production—with labor halting all strikes and aiming at maximum production during the 60-day course of this meeting.

"The real cause of the wave of strikes in the country is the lack of an accepted national policy on these intricate and interrelated economic problems," he asserted.

Stassen's strongly worded proposal was delivered before the closing session of the golden anniversary congress of the National Association of Manufacturers. Coming as his first public statement since he took off the uniform of a U. S. Navy captain, it apparently signaled also his return to the active political scene.

Wants 10-Year Test

Looking beyond an immediate economic conference, he urged in addition, a "thorough 10-year test" of the American systm of individual enterprise, private capital and free workmen, with decisions on any basic changes postponed until then. He made this proposal in hitting at what he called a "mixed economy."

STRIKES

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tion, among which is General Motors. Glad to receive any additional information."

Has GM a Monopoly?

The auto union had asked the investigation to determine if General Motors held a "monopoly" in view of its manufacture of auto parts for competing car manufacturers. GM had proposed reopening of its parts plans during the strike for the benefit of other manufacturers.

A General Motors spokesman said there would be no comment from the corporation regarding the investigation.

In requesting an inquiry last week, Thomas said that General Motors, through its requeest for continued parts operations, had shown "strong corrobatory evidence" for a union contention that GM held a "monopoly position" in the auto industry.

Fact-Finding Plan Popular, Poll Shows

President Truman's plan for fact-finding boards and a 30-day cooling-off period before a major strike can beg in has overwhelming support from the general public.

A Gallup poll conducted during the last 48 hours with the aid of the telegraph finds more than eight in every 10 persons questioned favoring Truman's proposal although the proportion believing that it will necessarily reduce strikes is small.

The vote on the Truman proposal showed: favor, 85 per cent; oppose 11 per cent; no opinion, 4 per cent. As to whether the law would operate to reduce strikes the vote is: yes, 77 per cent; no, 15 per cent; no opinion, 8 per cent.

Electrical Union Rejects Wage Offer

New York, Dec. 7 (AP).—The CIO United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers today rejected an offer by General Motors Corp. of a 13½-cent-an-hour wage boost for 30,000 employes in General Motors plants in four cities.

The union, which is asking an increase of approximately 25 cents an hour from General Motors, General Electric Co. and Westinghouse Electric Co., will take a strike vote among 270,000 workers in the three firms next Thursday.

YULE

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rides are especially important for wounde dservicemen at military hospitals here, because many aren't strong enough to stand trips on crowded buses or trains. If you plan to go away for Christmas and have car space, call Republic 8300, Extension 941.

USO has scheduled one of the most elaborate programs in its existence for the 14 Washington clubs. Large "welcome" signs and decorations are being put up now in all the clubs. Plans are being made for Christmas holiday dances, dinners, card parties, caroling, and tree decorating parties.

GIs who visit the club at 1911 H st. nw. are turning tables on the welcome by preparing toys and a Christmas Day party at 3 p.m. for needy youngsters. One of the servicemen will be picked next week to act as Santa Claus at the party.

AU to Hold Dinner

American University will formally welcome its returning student veterans with a dinner in Mary Graydon Hall on the campus next Thursday at 6:30 p. m. Seventy-five veterans who have either returned to college or expect to in February will be honored at the dinner by 300 other students.

Among other organizations who have scheduled "welcome" activities for returning GIs are the War Hospitality Committee, American Legion, and Veterans of Foreign Wars.

The welcome also has been approved by the leaders of the Federations of Citizens and Civic Associations, who asked neighborhood organizations to organize block parties and bonfires to pay tribute to Washington's victorious fighters.

'HELLO, SANTA'—Two-year-old Linda Allison, daughter of Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Harold Allison, San Francisco, telephones Santa Claus (she believes in ordering early) and asks for a real doll like the paper one she holds.

TRUMAN

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familiar with the situation, but expressed his desire for a freight rate structure in this country that is fair to every part of the country. He spent most of his time in the Senate trying to break up discriminatory freight rates, he added.

"Have you yet selected your American members to the Palestine commission?" he was asked.

The President's reply was no. He will be in a position to announce that on Monday, he said.

To a query regarding the reinstitution of controls on building materials, Mr. Truman said he was working on channels—or priorities might be a better word, he inserted—that would assure building materials for residence purposes.

Wants Price Control

Asked if he advocated price ceilings on houses, he replied that some sort of control on real estate prices, especially in small residential sections, is necessary to prevent inflation.

"Are you going to act on the Democratic committee's recommendation that Gov. Rexford G. Tugwell of Puerto Rico be removed?"

The President said no such recommendation had been made to him by the Democratic committee.

Whom did (Milburn) Maycock represent to you?" (Maycock is advisor to the Democratic National Committee.)

Nobody but Maycock, was the reply.

"Mr. President, can you give us any of the names of the fact-finding members in the General Motors case?"

Will Act Later

The President replied that he was not ready to do that yet. He would announce it in a short time.

"Do you know of any instance where agents of another power have got ahold of atomic power secrets?"

He knows of no such case, Mr. Truman said, but has heard rumors to that effect.

He had a smile, but no comment, for a question asking his opinion of Murray's observations regarding his labor policies.

"What is the next step on the British loan?"

The President said it will be sent to Congress in a message and Congress will have to take action on it. This will be in the near future, he indicated.

On Policy in Iran

To the next question—did he think Acheson destroyed our foreign policy in Iran, as Hurley charged?—Mr. Truman said no. The first time he heard about it was in Hurley's statement to the committee, he said.

"Is there any plan for negotiating with Soviet Russia for a loan? They have asked for six billion dollars."

They Didn't Ask Him

Mr. Truman said that if Russia had asked for it, they did not ask it from him since he's been President.

"Has there been any move by the Government to survey, along the lines Baruch suggested, the total public loans made to foreign countries?"

The reply was no.

"Did Manasco's committee report a bill along the lines of the full-employment plan as in your recommendation?"

Again, the answer was no. But Mr. Truman said he hoped the House will pass some sort of bill so that in conference the kind of bill desired could be worked out.

"Do you intend to return the Coast Guard to the Treasury?"

The President said that would be done as soon as he could get the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Treasury together.

"Do you have any comment to make on unification (of Army and Navy)?

Message Probable

The President said he would have something to say in the near future, possibly in a mesage next week.

Asked if he has given General Marshall instructions as ambassador to China, he replied that Marshall has been so busy with other things there has not been time. He answered in the affirmative a question as to whether Marshall would try to get the two Chinese factions together.

"Have you any comment on the resignation of Houston from the Fair Employment Practices Committee?"

Mr. Truman said he covered the subject thoroughly in a letter published yesterday.

"The Red Cross committee was supposed to meet on December 4 and get your recommendation for a chairman . . ."

Mr. Truman broke in to say that they didn't meet and he didn't make any recommendations.

"Is there any change in prospects,

PEARL

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that the United States was receiving information from "magic," Marshall said, he discussed the matter with the Chief of Military Intelligence, Maj. Gen. Clayton Bissell, and decided to write to Dewey." At that time, if I may say so," Marshall added, "the campaign was becoming more violent."

He sent Col. Carter Clarke, who had charge of secret War Department documents, to board Dewey's campaign train in Oklahoma. Clarke wore civilian clothes, the further t oprevent press and radio from learning that the chief of staff was communicating with Dewey.

Already Knew It

Dewey refused to read further than the second paragraph ,and told Clarke he already knew that the United States had broken the Japanese code.

Clarke flew back to Washington with the letter, and Marshall discussed the matter with him and Bissell.

The matter was so important, the general said, he felt another try should be made.

He sent Colonel Clarke to Albany. Clarke telephoned him from Governor Dewey's office that the Governor "was unwilling to read the letter until he had at least one adviser similarly aware of the circumstance I was bringing to the Governor's attention, and also that he felt he must keep the letter in his file, because he did not know what might happen to me, and he would have no record whatever of the occurrence," Marshall said.

Decision Not Discussed

Marshall told Clarke he was willing to make those agreements and the Governor then came on the telephone.

"There was no discusion between us," Marshall said, "as to what his decision might be. As a matter of fact, I do not think he had read the letter beyond the first paragraph at the time of this conversation.

Colonel Clarke returned to Washington and reported to me that the Governor had read the letter, and discussed it with Mr. Bell (Eliot Bell, N. Y. State Superintendent of Banks) in the presence of Colonel Clarke, and I do not recall that he gave us any assurances."

Marshall said that in appreciation of the action Dewey had taken he decided to make the whole situation even clearer to him.

"After the election and the defeat of Governor Dewey, I thought it was due him that he should know more about the basis of this letter, so I had General Bissell proceed to Albany, gain an audience with the Governor, and General Bissell took with him a number of copies of magic showing at that time the movements of the various Japanese convoys, and of the Japanese naval craft on which we were basing our operations, so that the Governor could gather some idea of just how important the matter was. As far as I know, he was greatly interested."

Offered His Assistance

When General Bissell returned from Albany, he reported orally to Marshall that Governor Dewey had heard there was going to be some further discussion in the near future in Congress concerning Pearl Harbor Dewey inquired if Marshall would like him to do what he could to suppress such debates.

"I told him to tell Governor Dewey that I had already embarrassed him with requests which had affected his personal actions and that I would not make any further request of him," Marshall said.

"I told General Bissell that Governor Dewey would probably say that it didn't matter, that he would be interested in the conduct of the campaign, the successful conclusion of the war, and if he said that to again repeat that I had anticipated that response and I still had no request to make of him."

Exactly As He Predicted

The conversation on both sides took place exactly as he had predicted it in advance, Marshall told the committee.

Mr. President?

The President said he would announce that on December 12.

"You will announce a change?" reporters asked.

A chairman, the President corrected briefly.

In the last question crowded into the quarter-hour, newsmen asked for information about light metal plants in the Pacific Northwest.

Mr. Truman told them that Senator Mitchell of Washington is here to discuss the plants, but no conclusions have been reached.

France Likely To Be Ignored In Reich Rule

Berlin, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—The United States has authorized its representatives in the military government to ignore French opposition and negotiate with Britain and Russia for a centralized German admihistration on a three-power basis, usually well informed sources said today.

Lieut. Gen. Lucius D. Clay, deputy military governor of the American zone, was said to have had on his desk "for some time" communications from Washington which empower him to negotiate with the Russians and British at his own discretion.

Observers agreed, however, that the big four impasse on the question of unified control, which has threatened the structure of the Potsdam agreement, remained unbroken despite such action by the United States. It was understood that the Russians were not willing to set up a central government which does not embrace all of Germany, including the French zone. So far there has been no official announcement of the British stand.

"If it had not been for the French position Germany would already be a going concern," this source said. He estimated that a central government could function within 90 days.

This source charged the financial burden of each of the occupying powers increases daily without central administration, "but I suppose we can keep on like this at least as long as America is willing to continue shouldering it."

BREAK

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mitted having read the report. He said he read it hurriedly, but had not had time to study it.

Five members of the board said they had not read the report at all. They were Edgar Morris, chairman of the board, Fred S. Kogod, A. Paul Harding, Dr. Ethel Nixon, and Rowland S. Marshall. Mrs. Radford Moses and Mrs. John J. Hasley refused to say yes or no.

Marshall and Harding did not attend the Thursday meeting in which Gill was ordered discharged and Claude O. Botkin, resident superintendent of the jail, transferred. Marshall was absent "because of the press of other business," and Harding was out of the city. A ninth board post is vacant.

Fleming Takes Over

Meanwhile, as W. French Fleming took over the jail as acting general superintendent pending final action on Gill's case, a battle for control of the prison loomed with these developments:

1. Leo A. Rover, former United States Attorney, representing a 7-man committee, asked District Commissioners to delay final action until all the facts of the case are examined.

2. Gill was virtually assured of a public hearing requested by him along with a list of specific charges against him.

3. District Commissioners scheduled a meeting for Tuesday with Rover's committee.

4. Welfare Director Huff said he would not answer Gill's charges "at this time."

Rover headed a committee appointed by the Commissioners in 1944 to investigate flaws in the District's penal and welfare system. It was the findings of that body which led to appointment of Gill and Botkin.

Represents Committee

He told Commissioners yesterday he represented another committee composed of Frederick E. Reissig, secretary of the Federation of Churches; G. Howland Shaw, former Assistant Secretary of State; Bruce Baird, president of the District Bankers Association; Wilbur LaRoe, jr., chairman of the Parole Board; William H. Collins, of the District Bar Association, and Charles V. Morris, chairman of the corrections division, Council of Social Agencies.

Rover said his committee did not intend to plead Gill's case but was interested in bringing out all the facts. He said the committee has been working for the last several months on methods to improve the penal and parole program in the District.

Huff, said that "if the 10-day time given Gill is insufficient, a proposal for a longer time can be considered."

Appeal Permitted

"In addition to the Civil Service regulations, the District permits an appeal from suspension if such an appeal is asked of the District Personnel Board within 5 days," Huff said.

District Commissioners — who have to approve the Welfare Board's recommendation before Gill can be fired officially—yesterday said they expected to receive the board's report Monday.

Nursery School Director Named

Mrs. W. C. Whittlesey of Arlington has been appointed teacher-director of the Arlington Village Cooperative Nursery School, Mrs. Leonard Mintz, school president, announced yesterday.

Mrs. Whittlesey is a graduate of Eastern Washington Teachers College, and has taught for twelve years in the primary grades. Recently she was associated with the AWVS school at McLean Gardens in Washington, where she was teacher of a class of four-year-olds, and for a half year served as director of the school.

Alexandria Art Show

A nexhibition of 28 paintings and 14 pieces of sculpture by Washington artists is being held at the Alexandria Library, 717 Queen st., Alexandria, through Saturday, December 29. Organized by Lee Atkyns of 4712 Wisconsin ave., nw., artist and teacher, the show features arts offered for sale as Christmas gifts.

HOUSING

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directly, but did not touch the sale of used homes, nor attempt to control land prices.

Some housing officials last night said that the price control of new homes would serve as a ballast which would make strict price control of real estate unnecessary. Others believed the Patman Bill now before the House Banking and Currency Committee still would be needed.

The Patman Bill gives veterans a preference on homes built within the next two years, grants authority for price ceilings on new homes, and provides that when an old home is sold the selling price becomes the ceiling price during the two-year period.

Needed For Small Homes

President Truman said price control seemed to be needed especially for small residential building. Surveys show that while home prices have advanced about 50 per cent on the average since 1939, smaller homes have about doubled in price.

A few weeks ago Reconversion Director John W. Snyder turned down the request of other Government agencies that the Administration ask Congress for authority to fix price ceilings on housing.

Government attorneys have ruled that the Administration does not now have the power to establish price ceilings on the finished structure. It does have the priorities powers, however, under the Second War Powers Act.

4 Rear Admirals Named by Truman For Promotions

Four rear admirals, all of whom are stationed here, were nominated yesterday by President Truman for promotion to the rank of vice admiral.

They are George F. Hussey, jr., of 3218 39th st. nw; William H. P. Blandy of the Westchester Apartments, 39th st. and Cathedral ave. nw; Richard L. Conolly of 3918 Ingomar st. nw., and Bernhard Bieri of 3926 McKinley st. nw.

Hussey is chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, Blandy recently reported as deputy chief of Naval Operations for Special Weapons, Conolly is deputy chief of Naval Operations, and Bieri is deputy chief of Naval Operations for Administration.

'Sorry,' Says Jap Paper on Dec. 7

Tokyo, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—The newspaper Asahi said in an editorial today on the anniversary of Pearl Harbor that Japan was sorry.

"Ushering in this memorial day at the end of the year in which our surrender was made, we once more refresh our minds to the horror of the colossal crime we committed, and are filled with a solemn sense of reflection and self-reproach," Asahi said.

Deny Yamashita Aid, Court Urged

Trial in January

Tojo Stands High on War Criminal List

Tokyo, Dec. 7 (AP).—War crimes trials of top Japanese are scheduled to start in January, with former Premier Hideko Tojo high on the calendar for the proceedings at which death penalties probably will be asked, Joseph B. Keenan, the American chief prosecutor, disclosed today.

Keenan, just arrived with his staff, said Allied nations had been invited to nominate members of the court and to participate in the prosecution, but that none had yet named such personnel.

Keenan said previous delays in starting the trials were to respect the rights of other nations and to show that the United States was not taking a high-handed attitude. He said the Japanese would be tried in groups, as in Germany, with "the accused presumed innocent until proved guilty." Accusations will go back to 1937, when Japan started war in China.

"What about the Emperor?" Keenan was asked.

"No comment on that," he replied firmly.

Asked what penalties would be provided, he replied that every civilized country had a penalty to fit the offense of persons whose acts meant loss of life of innocent people and that "my job here concerns the criminals who planned, devised and conspired to bring about a war of aggression contrary to the laws of nations and treaties of nations.

"It was a plan of outright murder without declaration and without an attempt to justify themselves."

Keenan said he did not think the trials would be prolonged, remarking, "this is not to be a Roman holiday for technicalities either by the prosecution or defense."

Marquis Koichi Kido, one of the highest figures yet named on the list of 286 war criminal suspects, put the finger on Tojo as chiefly to blame for the war.

Kido, former lord keeper of the privy seal and one of the Emperor's closest advisers, said Tojo "is clearly a war criminal from the standpoint of constitutional government in Japan. I think he is most to blame for the war."

Kido insisted the Emperor was not responsible for the outbreak or prosecution of the war and stated emphatically the Emperor never had indicated any intention to abdicate.

Japanese General, Sentenced to Hang, Still Fighting for Life

By the Associated Press

The Justice Department asked the Supreme Court yesterday not to intervene in behalf of Japanese Gen. Tomoyuki Yamashita, who has just been sentenced to death by a military commission in Manila for condoning atrocities by his troops.

Yamashita contended that the military commission was not following the proper trial procedure; that it had no authority to act since the Philippine civil courts are functioning, and that he was not charged with any violation of the law of war.

In reply, Solicitor Gen. J. Howard McGrath said:

1. Since Yamashita was tried by a military commission created by the army in a combat field, "it follows that the commission has jurisdiction and that this court may not inquire into the evidence or into any alleged procedural irregularities or defects." A military tribunal, he said, is not a court but is a branch of the executive arm of the government.

2. Constitutional guarantees of a trial by jury "cannot be taken to have extended the right to demand a jury to trials by military commission, or to have required that offenses against the law of war be tried only in the civil courts. . . .

"By the long-recognized procedure of the law of war, a military commission has the right to try enemy belligerents for violations of the law of war committed prior to their capture even after cessation of hostilities and when the civil courts are open."

Death Decreed

Manila, Dec. 7 (AP).—Death on the gallows was decreed for Lieut. Gen. Tomoyuki Yamashita today by a five-general U. S. military commission which found him guilty of permitting monstrous atrocities by Japanese troops in the Philippines.

No date was set for the execution, which in accordance with American military law must await review of the commission's findings by the Commander of Army Forces in the Western Pacific and confirmation by General MacArthur.

Yamashita's shoulders sagged as he heard the death sentence, but he straightened quickly and made a curt bow to the commission. He listened stony-faced but his fingers drummed the table as Maj. Gen. Russell B. Reynolds slowly read the findings of the commission, with the defendant's interpreter translating word by word into Japanese.

Before hearing the verdict, the conqueror of Malaya and one-time Japanese commander in the Philippines, stood, visibly nervous, while the interpreter read this statement to the court:

"I wish to stand here today with a clear conscience and swear to God I am innocent of these charges. I wish to take this opportunity to express gratitude to the United States officers of the defense, brilliant and upright officers. I want to thank the commission for a fair trial."

Later he emphasized his gratitude toward his American attorneys by distributing among them treasured personal possessions.

Chief Defense Counsel Col. Harry E. Clarke stood beside the defendant as Reynolds read the findings.

Back in his cell, Yamashita stoically smoked a cigarette.

But his chief of staff, Lieut. Gen. Akiro Muto, could not suppress his dismay.

"Why must they hang us?" he exclaimed to Yamashita. "Why can't they shoot us like true soldiers?"

Yamashita made no reply. He only smiled.

Wife "Satisfied"

Tokyo, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—Mrs. Hisako Yamashita, wife of the "Tiger of Malaya," said today that the trial of her husband in Manila, in which he was sentenced to hang, was "admirably fair and I am absolutely satisfied."

She said that during the last 10 years she had lived with General Yamashita only five months—April to September, 1944, in Manchuria. She now is living in a foreign-style home at Kamakura, a beach resort near Tokyo.

Mrs. Eisenhower Returns

Harris & Ewing

AFTER PNEUMONIA BOUT—Mrs. Dwight D. Eisenhower, who was taken seriously ill while attending a family reunion in Boone, Iowa, November 18, returned to Washington by train yesterday. MP's, assisted by General Eisenhower (second from left), carried her on a stretcher from the train to a waiting ambulance

Herzog Favors Recognition Of Foremen

By Alfred Friendly
Post Staff Writer

In an important decision, Chairman Paul M. Herzog of the National Labor Relations Board yesterday revealed that he favored recognition of foremen's unions for collective bargaining purposes.

Herzog's vote was the deciding one in an order directing the Packard Motor Car Co. to bargain with the Foreman's Association of America as exclusive representative of the company's foremen. Herzog was joined by NLRB member John M. Houston. The third member, Gerard D. Reilly, dissented.

Views Never in Doubt

Houston's and Reilly's views were never in doubt, since they had taken opposing positions when the issue was first raised in March of this year. The question was whether an election of a bargaining unit by Packard foremen should be held. Herzog, however, was not a member of the board at that time.

As a member of the New York State Labor Relations Board, Herzog had favored recognition of foremen's unions as proper collective bargaining units. His decision yesterday was therefore not entirely unexpected.

The issue is an explosive one in industrial quarters and a controversial one in legal circles. Yesterday's evidence of a 2-to-1 NLRB majority favoring foremen's unions may have far-reaching effect. Principal case still undecided before the NLRB on this issue is that concerning recognition of the coal mine formen's unions, affiliated with John L. Lewis' United Mine Workers. Mine owners' refusal to bargain with the foremen's organization led to the soft coal strike last September and October.

Not Necessarily a Pattern

Herzog's decision in the Packard case doesn't necessarily forecast his ruling in the same way in the coal controversy. In the Packard situation he found that the foremen's union was not affiliated with the union of the rank and file workers, as distinct from the case in the coal mines. Herzog declared that the question of affiliation of a foremen's group with a rank-and-file union was not before the board and he and Houston did "not pass, one way or the other, upon its possible effect."

Reilly, however, insisted that the foremen's association in Packard "is not truly independent, but rather an organization whose fate is inextricably bound up with the policy" of the rank and filers' union, the CIO United Auto Workers.

Sees Question of Loyalties

"This being the case," he continued, "we do not have a situation here which presents a genuine question of divergent loyalties—the conflict arising from the foreman's duty to his employer to enforce company rules with respect to subordinate employes, and his allegiance to a union allied with one representing the interests of those very subordinates."

To which Herzog countered:

"The fact that the foremen's association's interests, and therefore its actions, may sometimes coincide with those of rank-and-file employes does not suffice to convert natural sympathy into partnership."

Desires Court Test

The board issued a statement noting that the Packard company wishes to test the decision in court. The NLRB agreed to cooperate in obtaining speedy judicial review "because of the importance of the question."

In a special concurring opinion, Herzog pointed out that the board had always held unanimously that foremen were employes within the meaning of the National Labor Relations Act. He implied that the only basis for rejecting their demand for recognition was the theory that they are not an "appropriate unit" for collective bargaining.

If the board accepted this theory, he argued, it would be ostracizing them, not grouping or segregating them, as the law instructs the board.

Misconception of Function

He added:

"Although there has sometimes been a tendency to assume that the issue before us is whether foremen should or should not join unions, that assumption misconceives the board's function. We are faced, instead, with the narrower question of whether the Wagner Act affords them access to the orderly administrative machinery that is concededly available to rank-and-file employes. I think that it does.

"It is not for this board to determine whether supervisory employes, sensing inequality of bargaining power, should seek to better their lot by exercising the right of free association. They have already done so. In this case we need only decide whether the act's peaceful processes are to be preferred or denied to employes who, for reasons best known to themselves, desire to act in unison."

'Out of Bounds'

Navy Bans Jap Brothels In Yokosuka

A report from Secretary of the Navy Forrestal that "all houses of prostitution have now been placed 'out of bounds'" in the Yokosuka area of Japan was entered in the Congressional Record yesterday.

It was inserted by Representative O'Hara (R., Minn.), in reply to a letter from Chaplain Lawrence L. Lacour of the Navy which O'Hara previously had placed on record. Lacour had reported that a large brothel apparently was operating with Navy sanction.

Forrestal explained that many sections of Yokosuka had originally been placed "out of bounds" but that "unfortunately" some houses were in the "in bounds" area.

"In order to protect the health of the men," he continued, "prophylaxis stations were established where they would be most effective; and in one instance this was at the entrance to a house of prostitution.

"While such a procedure may have given the appearance of encouraging the patronage of a house of prostitution, in reality it should have served to remind the men of the hazards to be encountered in such patronage."

Forrestal's letter, dated December 5, said that "immediately on learning the situation at Yokosuka, an investigation was made and directives were issued ordering strict compliance with the long-established Navy policy for the suppression of prostitution."

Hitler Plotted Russia Push 10 Months Earlier

Nuernberg, Dec. 7 (AP).—Hitler began massing border troops to hurl against Russia almost 10 months before the actual opening of the "drive to the East" and earlier fought a phoney war in the west for six months only because of bad weather, top German secrets bared at the war crimes trial showed today.

British and American prosecutors unfolded a fantastic story of Hitler's guesses which enabled the German ary to crush seven small countries in 13 months, but failed miserably to estimate the might of the Soviet Union.

Ruthlessness Exposed

The erratic, intuitional character of the German leadership, combined with a ruthless military science and perfidious diplomacy, was discharged in scores of captured German secret reports introduced as evidence against the 20 top Nazis now on trial.

The prosecutors introduced documents showing Hitler began reinforcing troop concentrations on the Soviet-German border as early as September, 1940, almost 10 months before his June 22 invasion of Russia.

On December 5, 1940, Hitler told Hermann Goering, Field Marshal Keitel and Grand Admiral Raeder, now on trial, that he was planning to "achieve the annihilation of the Russian army and to prevent its regeneration."

Thirteen days later he asserted that his German forces could crush the Soviet Union in a quick campaign before the end of the war against Britain and voiced confidence that the Red army could be wiped out by encirclement.

He termed Soviet forces numerically equal to those of Germany, but far inferior in quality.

Delayed Attack

Although he considered Russia a much more dangerous adversary than the United States, Hitler deliberately postponed his attack on the Soviet Union for four weeks until his armies had overrun both Yugoslavia and Greece, the documents showed.

The German records showed that Hitler's armies were poised to strike through the Low Countries and France on November 7, 1939, but because of bad weather the attack was postponed week by week for six months. When Hitler finally named May 10, 1040, as his "D" day, he complained he did so against his intuition.

Nowhere in the mountainous stacks of captured documents was there a shred of evidence that such professional warriors as Keitel, Col. Gen. Alfred Gustav Jodl, Raeder and Admiral Doenitz ever expressed the slightest compunction in preparing and executing theseries of invasions launched without warning.

The British prosecutor said, described the Nazi technique as "the method of the barbarian, of a state without honor for its pledged word."

Foreign Minister Joachim von Ribbentrop was pictured by his own records as a facile liar who cloaked successive aggressions with fraudulent diplomacy.

Counted On Spain

Still another Hitler miscalculation brought out today was the fuehrer's belief, contained in a directive issued on November 12, 1940, that Spain could be pushed into the war on Germany's side and Gibraltar occupied.

Some sections of this directive were not used by the prosecution as evidence since they were not relevant to the argument then under discussion. They disclosed, however, that the purpose of such an operation was "to drive the English out of the western Mediterranean." The operation, bearing the code name "Felix," provided for German planes based in France to attack the British in the port of Gibraltar "at a favorable moment."

German officers in civilian clothes were to act as reconnaissance troops against Gibraltar and take the nearby Spanish airdrome.

The invasion of Portugal was intended to take place in case the British secured a base there.

Commons Told Soviets Easing Grip on Poland

London, Dec. 7 (AP).—Hector McNeil, undersecretary for the Foreign Office, told Commons today Britain had been assured the only Soviet forces remaining in Poland were those guarding communication lines linking Russia with Red army occupation areas of Germany.

"Of course," he added, "we will continue to conduct our normal observations in relation to the disposition of those troops."

McNeil spoke after criticism from the floor of Russian activities in Poland.

Vice Admiral E. A. Taylor, Conservative, accused the Russians of placing Soviet officers in the Polish armed forces and making mass arrests and maintaining concentration camps. He said "it is essential that control of Poland by Russia should be brought to an end."

Laborite J. Paton said other members of the House deplored happenings in Poland, but suggested Russia regarded her security as involved and said Britain had been criticized for actions in her own security zone in Greece.

Taylor charged there was no freedom of the individual, the press, speech or the radio in Poland and deplored what he termed "the irn screen" around areas under Soviet influence.

McNeil said the charge as to the press "is quite untrue and it is harmful to pretend that there is an iron curtain there."

"It is quite untrue to try to convey the impression that normal reporting facilities are unobtainable," he said. "There is some kind of general control, but we have no evidence of direct censorship—much less have we evidence that there is direct censorship by the Russians. It is verging on the irresponsible to make a statement of that kind without offering any evidence."

Polish Catholic Stand

New York, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—A Warsaw dispatch to the Polish press agency today reported that the Catholic primate of Poland, August Cardinal Hlond, had announced his support of the Polish provisional government's goal of "a better social and political order" for Poland.

Headquarters House of Grant Sold for Hotel

The historic house used by General Grant as his Civil War headquarters, and now occupied by a State Department unit, has been sold to a local firm which intends to erect an apartment hotel on the site.

A. E. Landvoigt announced yesterday that his organization purchased the four-story, white brick residence at the southwest corner of 17th and F sts. nw., for an undisclosed price. Current assessed value of the property is $85,000.

The building, which has been used by the Cultural Cooperation Division of the State Department in recent years, was erected prior to the Civil War.

It was there that General Halleck, Union Army chief of staff, received the famous message from Grant during the height of his campaign against the Confederate capital at Richmond, which read:

"I propose to fight it out on this ground if it takes all summer."

Sen. O'Daniel Wins Eviction Of Old Tenant

Senator W. Lee O'Daniel (D. Tex.) may be passing the biscuits soon at the 40-room apartment house he bought to convert into a dwelling for his family.

A Municipal Court jury decided yesterday that 80-year-old W. W. Brauer, one of three tenants remaining in the building at 115 Second st. ne., must move.

The jurors reached a verdict in 10 minutes.

Lawrence T. Weir, a realtor, of Sandos, Inc., said that from May, 1944, until the following March when a sale was made, he showed the Senator about 30 properties, all of them with plenty of room and at least a half-dozen baths.

He recalled showing O'Daniel the home of the late President Taft, 2215 Wyoming ave., nw, with 18 rooms and 6 baths, priced at $72,000; and of former President Hoover, a 21-room castle at 2200 S st., nw, priced at $105,000. (Six baths too.)

The testimony was intended to show that O'Daniel liked big houses and wanted to use the 14-unit apartment house he bought solely for his family. Brauer had contended through his attorneys that O'Daniel had not brought the eviction suit in good faith but intended to rent rooms to tenants of his own choosing.

Heavy Christmas Mail May Delay Letters

Vincent C. Burke, District Postmaster, warned yesterday that the accumulation of Christmas mail may may cause some delay in the delivery of ordinary letter mail.

He suggested that for important correspondence, long envelopes and special delivery service be used. Urgent mail can be handled more readily if it is placed in letter drops at the Main Post Office or a downtown station, he said.

Silver Dollar Dance

The Colorado State Society will hold a Silver Dollar Dance from 10 p. m. to 1 a. m. today at the Wardman Park Hotel. Silver Dollars will be given as door prizes.

Great Search Fails to Find 27 Navy Fliers

Miami, Fla., Dec. 7 (U.P.).—For the second day a vast fleet of planes and ships searched fruitlessly across Florida and the Atlantic today for some trace of five torpedo bombers and a patrol bomber which apparently had carried 27 Navy fliers to death.

It was the greatest rescue operation effort ever made from the shores of the United States. Thousands of men were concentrated on finding a clew to the mysterious disappearance of five torpedo bombers, carrying 14 men, from a routine training flight Wednesday afternoon. Added to their task now was a search for survivors or wreckage from a Mariner patrol bomber with a crew of 13 which crashed Wednesday night while looking for the others.

14 Die In Transport

Buenos Aires, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—A U. S. Army C-47 transport plane, missing since Monday on a flight from Asuncion to Montevideo, has been found wrecked in Corrientes Province of northern Argentina and all 14 men aboard, including a Washingtonian, were killed, the U. S. Embassy announced today.

Searching parties were trying to reach the crash scene, in rough country 23 miles south of the hamlet of Pellegrini.

The plane carried five crew members, a United States Army geodetic mission of eight officers and men, and Cordes Delworth, St. Louis, Mo., legal attache to the United States Embassy in Asuncion.

The dead also included Lieut. Chester Lowe of Washington, D. C.

House to Get Congressman's Pension Bill

The House Rules Committee yesterday cleared to the floor the Vinson bill to permit members of Congress and heads of executive departments to become eligible for the Federal retirement system.

The legislation by Representative Carl Vinson (D., Ga.) was granted a rule allowing two hours of general debate.

On Voluntary Basis

As outlined in the bill, participation in the retirement program would be on a voluntary basis. Congressional and Federal officials would pay 5 per cent of their salaries into the fund for a minimum of five years before becoming eligible for the pay.

Opposition to the measure came yesterday from Representative Edward H. Rees (R., Kans.), ranking minority member of the House Civil Service Committee, which approved the bill Thursday. Rees said he voted against the bill in committee, and would speak against it when it reaches the House floor.

"I do not think members of Congress should be included in legislation providing special benefits to people in the Government," he said.

Not Career Employes

"Members of Congress are not career employes. They are elected by and serve at the will of the people. This is not the proper time for members of Congress to set an example by asking special benefits at the hands of the Government."

Representative Robert Ramspeck (D., Ga.) who is retiring from Congress to take a higher-paying civilian job, has been a strong advocate of the retirement system as well as a bill to boost Congressional pay.

In a statement yesterday he said "under present conditions members of Congress cannot save anything for old age."

Payroll Bandit Driver Given 8 to 25 Years

Charles J. Skiskowski, 44, was sentenced to from 8 to 25 years in prison, the maximum sentence, yesterday in District Court for his part in a $24,600 payroll holdup here last March 30.

Asked by Justice James M. Proctor if he had anything to say before sentence was passed, Skiskowski said only:

"I didn't have anything to do with that job."

However, a jury last November 19 decided that he did have something to do with the job and convicted him and Michael J. Quinn, 37, on two counts of assault in perpetration of a robbery.

Quinn wasn't around for sentencing yesterday as scheduled. He was one of the five men who broke out of the District Jail November 24. He is still at large.

Skiskowski was said to have been the driver of the getaway car used in the daring, daylight holdup of the National Bank of Washington tellers at 7th and C sts. nw. The tellers, who were delivering the money to the S. Kann Sons department store, were slugged by two bandits, later identified as Quinn and Joseph McCann, 47.

Skiskowski and Quinn were subsequently captured, but McCann was killed by FBI agents April 10 when he resisted arrest in New York City.

When Skiskowski was brought into court yesterday for sentencing, two United States marshals stood on guard at the doors with double-barreled shotguns.

Noise of Peace

London.—Country fairs are the noisiest for six years following removal of wartime regulations keeping the music of merry-go-rounds and other shows at a low pitch.

Poles Oppose UNO Locating Quarters in U.S.

London, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—Poland today defied the wishes of Soviet Russia and openly opposed the United States as a site for the United Nations Organization.

Canada also joined the opposition as a group of nations under United Kingdom leadership fought to persuade the Preparatory Commission's technical committee to throw out an executive committee recommendation in favor of the United States.

In th eexecutive committee, Soviet Delegate Andrei A. Gromyko led the fight for the United States. A high diplomatic source said the Polish action came as a complete surprise to Gromyko.

It appeared a final decision would hinge on how the Arab states vote. Their vote is not yet committed.

The Canadian move was not unexpected despite the fact that Quebec and Vancouver had asked to be considered as possible sites.

Pedro Lopez, fiery Philippine delegate, warned that American support to the UNO was essential to its success and "the best way to keep the United States seated in the UNO is to place the UNO seat in the Unitd States."

"The danger of the United States shying away from foreign entanglements is as great today as ever," he said. "American homes were far away from the battle areas."

Lopez said the League of Nations would have succeeded had the United States participated. The United States was the arsenal of democracy in the war and now is the asylum for peace, he said.

Wife Accused Of Killing Man With Their Car

Paterson, N. J., Dec. 7 (AP).—Dignified, gray-haired Mrs. Geneva Humphrey was charged today by Prosecutor's Assistant Jasper G. Kirchner with chasing her husband with an automobile, cornering him in a blind alley and crushing him to death atop a garbage pile in front of a cellar door. She was held on a murder charge.

Kirchner gave this account of the death of Hugh Edwin Humphrey, 43, chauffeur-butler to erstwhile Suffragist Carrie Chapman Catt, and the arrest of his wife, maid in Mrs. Catt's New Rochelle, N. Y., home:

Argued Over "Other Woman"

The death chase early today in nearby Singac followed an argument between the couple that had started shortly after midnight in a taproom over another woman with whom the 47-year-old Mrs. Humphrey said her younger husband had been "running around."

The Humphreys, who until 10 days ago had worked four years at a war plant in Clifton, N. J., left New Rochelle last night for Passaic County to see about leasing their former Mountain View residence to Mr. and Mrs. John Lombardo of Wayne township. (All these municipalities are near Paterson.)

The two couples started in good spirits. They played shuffleboard and visited two bars. Then the Humphreys began to argue over the other woman. The dispute became heated when they reached a diner in Singac.

Humphrey threw up his hands and walked out of the diner. Lombardo went after him in an effort to patch up the quarrel. The two were walking along Route 23 when the Humphreys' automobile driven by the wife bore down and Humphrey darted up the alleyway. Mrs. Humphrey turned the car around and began pursuit. Humphrey was trapped, and died under the wheels.

Mrs. Humphrey was sitting silently at the wheel when the police arrived at the scene at 4 a. m., a few hours later. She was neatly dressed in a gray suit, light sweater and black seal coat.

Mrs. Humphrey was arraigned before Judge Milton H. Schamach in First District Criminal Court here, then placed in the Passaic County Jail.

The slightly built, bespectacled woman was Humphrey's second wife. He had two children by a former marriage.

167 Balts Pause In Deportation Hunger Strike

Stockholm, Dec. 7 (AP).—One hundred and sixty-seven interned Balts today temporarily broke a hunger strike started two weeks ago in protest against their scheduled extradition to Russia as deserters from the German army.

The prisoners, all Lithuanians, Latvians and Estonians who had served with the Germans, were among 2700 internees marked for deportation. They were too weak to be moved from Swedish hospitals when the Russian vessel sailed last weekend.

Hundreds of German officers and men also succeeded in delaying their deportation to Russian-occupied Germany by severe self-mutilation in a mass suicide attempt. Several killed themselves.

At one internment camp, 16 Germans were still missing. They are believed to have been trapped in the collapse of an escape tunnel.

China Boycotts Edgar Snow as China Boycots

Philadelphia, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—Edgar Snow, foreign correspondent and associate editor of the Saturday Evening Post, has been "boycotted" by the Chinese government from covering United States Marine operations in China, the magazine revealed today.

Ben Hibbs, editor of the Post, said he has forwarded Snow's protest to President Truman; Secretary of State James Byrnes, Army Chief of Staff Dwight Eisenhower and other high Army officials.

In a cable from Manila, Snow informed Hibbs that his request for entering China as a correspondent with American forces, was rejected by the Chinese civil government on the grounds that he was "unacceptable to China." His entrance was authorized by the War Department.

Snow also said "the Kuomintang authorities have informed our high command that they have a black list of still other reporters of repute whom they intend to keep out of China."

"This action appeared to me to be a blatant violation of legitimate rights of American correspondents to report the facts about the activities of our armed forces abroad," Snow wired, charging the action was a "serious violation of elementary freedom of the press."

Public to Visit ATC's Terminal For World Figures

The Air Transport Command's "International Air Terminal" at the National Airport, through which a host of international figures passed during the war, will be open to the public for the first time tomorrow between 10, noon and 4 p. m.

Constructed in the summer of 1944, the air terminal has been cloaked in secrecy until now. President Truman, Prime Minister Attlee, Foreign Commissar Molotov, General Wainwright, Madame Chiang Kai-Shek and General Eisenhower have been among those who entered and left the country through the terminal.

The public will be permitted to inspect a C-54 Skymaster and to witness a simulated briefing of the type given trans-oceanic passengers. Another open house will be held Sunday, December 16. Both are in connection with the Air Forces recruiting drive.

Dr. Bish Given G. W. University Teaching Post

Dr. Charles E. Bish, prominent educator, has been named associate professor of education at George Washington University.

For the pas tthree years, Dr. Bish has been director of employe training in the Adjutant General's Office of the War Department. Previous to that he was assistant principal of Roosevelt High School, and before that taught at Western High School.

He is a graduate of Western Maryland College an dreceived the Doctor of Education degree from George Washington University.

Dr. Bish will teach "Introduction to Teaching," "Observation and Practice Teaching," and "Adult Education," in his new position.

Two-Way Radio Augurs Speedier Taxi Service

An era of speedier cab service was seen yesterday as Washington's first two-way radio equipped taxis went into operation.

The equipment, loaned to the Yellow Cab Co. here by the General Electric Co., was installed in two cabs. It will be used during a 90-day 'experimental' period.

Purpose of two-way radio in cabs is to speed pickup service it was said.

Another Atom Expert Denies Secret Is Safe

By the United Press

A Princeton University physicist said yesterday that other nations could find out any "relevant" secrets of atom bomb production in about nine months.

The assertion was made by Eugene P. Wigner, one of the scientists who helped America produce the atom bomb, in testimony before the Senate Special Atomic Energy Committee. It is considering legislation for atomic energy control.

Wigner told the committee that in his opinion present attempts to maintain secrecy on atomic energy would be both, "unsuccessful" and "harmful." He said United States scientists hold three basic "secrets" not already available in published information:

1. The physical constants of the materials used in the bomb.

2. A "few" methods of calculations and their results.

3. The technical details of our installations.

He said the physical constants were difficult to measure but not so difficult "that the concerted effort of a few first-class physicists would not achieve it in the course of about nine months."

"Withholding this information and the conditions of chain reactions can therefore cause a delay of nine months at most in the progress of other nation's laboratories."

At the same time he said that keeping those items secret prevented U. S. scientific institutions from working on atomic energy and thus put them in a less favorable position than institutions of other nations.

Wigner concurred with other scientists who have appeared before the committee in insisting that only a world organization with "supreme power" to control atom weapons in all nations could prevent their use in a future war.

100th Man Reenlists At Andrews Field

Pfc. John T. Akers, 21, of Groton, Conn., yesterday became the 100th man to reenlist at Andrews Field, Md., since the start of the enlistment program at the field three weeks ago.

Akers first enlisted on December 7, 1942, the first anniversary of Pearl Harbor and chose yesterday, the fourth anniversary of the Jap attack, as his reenlistment date.

Charity Dance Slated Tonight at Hospital

Kenna Main Post, No. 27, Inc., American Legion, will hold its annual charity Christmas party and dance tonight from 9 to 12 in Hitchcock Hall, St. Elizabeth's Hospital. Proceeds will be used to purchase Christmas gifts for needy children. Persons unable to attend are asked to send contributions to Dennis J. Mitchell, 1740 S st. se.

Plaques to Honor World War Nurses

Plaques honoring nurses of World War II will be placed in the two-million-dollar Nurses National Memorial rest home to be built in Washington, it was announced yesterday.

Arthur Johnson, chairman of the memorial fund, said the building will be a social center for 80,000 medical women of the armed forces. Contributions may be sent to Nurses National Memorial, 825 Woodward Building.

Bartunek to Speak

The Philosophical Society of Washington will meet at 8:15 tonight in the Cosmos Club Auditorium, Madison pl. and H st. nw. Paul F. Bartunek, of the National Bureau of Standards, will talk on The Significance of the Symbols of Physics.

Va. Election Laws Changes Favored

Abolition of Precinct Registrars Among Major Proposals

Richmond, Va., Dec. 7 (AP).—Abolition of precinct registrars and establishment of a State-wide system of central registration of voters, tightening of the absent voters' law, and a statutory declaration of what is meant by "personal payment" of poll taxes were recommended today by a subcommittee of the State Central Democratic Committee.

Those proposals, together with a number of other major suggestions for revisions of the election laws, were submitted by Horace H. Edwards, State Democratic chairman and also head of the subcommittee, to a special commission on suffrage laws at an open hearing here. The commission is drafting recommendations for the 1946 General Assembly and is headed by Delegate Stuart B. Campbell of Wytheville.

Registrars Criticized

The printed report of 47 pages said that probably the most serious abuses of the absent voters' law have been with the connivance, "if not at the instance of precinct registrars," and declared the number of frauds of this nature should largely be eliminated by the proposed system of general registrars and central registration.

The Democratic study group reported it had examined the record of the recent contest in the Circuit Court of Richmond of the primary contest for lieutenant governor of Virginia, which resulted in the Wise County vote being thrown out for alleged fraudulent practices and the Democratic nomination thereby going to L. Preston Collins of Smith County instead of Charles L. Fenwick of Arlington.

Other Recommendations

Among other important recommendations of the Democratic committee are: That a voting record be kept for each elector and his name be stricken from the registration books for failure to vote for a period of two years; that rejected, defaced and unused ballots be returned with the voted ballots and strictly accounted for, instead of being destroyed; that election officials be made officers of the court, removable by the court and for "breaches of duty summarily punishable by the court as for contempt;" that provision be made for participation by the attorney general in local prosecutions for election frauds, and that additional changes in the laws be made to provide a system of receipts, checks and records that would permit fixing of responsibility upon the proper person at each stage of any election proceeding.

The report said that the committee did not wish to single out any particular recommendation as of special importance, because "we have endeavored to make no recommendations of a trivial nature, except as parts of a general scheme."

Changes "Desirable"

In the introduction to the recommendations, the committee also stated that it is possible that some major changes in the whole election system are desirable, but that the committee conceived its task to be to take the Virginia election system and laws "as we presently find them and endeavor to suggest ways and means of safeguarding them, as they now are, against fraud, as quickly as possible." The study, the committee reported, has not revealed the election laws of Virginia to be "noticeably inferior to the election laws of most other States."

Under the proposed central registrar system, the central office for registration would be open the same as other public offices, except for a period of 15 days before each election, and except in counties and cities where the electoral boards declare by resolution that the volume of registration is insufficient to warrant a full-time registrar. In the latter instance, the time the office is to be kept open would be specified by the electoral board.

Absent Voters' Plan

The recommendations for tightening the absent voters' statutes would require that all applications for ballots be mailed to the general registrar or be delivered in person, accompanied by an affidavit sworn to before some officer other than the registrar or assistant registrar. The application and envelope in which it is mailed would be retained for one year, open to public inspection; a notation would be made on the poll books that the voter cast his ballot by mail, and any person making any false statement, orally or in writing, in connection with mail voting would be held guilty of a felony.

The proposed definition of "personal payment" of poll taxes reads as follows:

Many State poll or capitation tax assessed or assessable against any person shall be deemed personally paid by him only when paid by him in person in cash or by his personal check at an office regularly maintained in the county or city for that purpose; or when paid by his personal check mailed or otherwise sent to such office; or when paid by his father, mother, brother, sister, husband, wife, son or daughter, in cash or by personal check at such office or by the personal check of such relative mailed or otherwise sent to such office; or when paid by his duly authorized agent, in which case such agent shall present with the payment a writing signed by the principal authorizing the payment by such agent, by name, and stating that the estate or means of the principal is reduced by the extent of the payment."

Veterans Feted in Culpeper

PRINCIPALS AT FETE—Town of Culpeper, Va., turned out en masse yesterday afternoon to honor its returned veterans with a mammoth parade, sponsored by the local American Legion post. Principals were (left to right): T. Irvin Martin, parade marshal; James A. Anderson, former dean of Virginia Military Institute, and Maj. W. Wallis Lewis, who returned recently to Culpeper after many months in a Jap prison camp

By Barbara Guinn
Post Staff Writer

Culpeper, Va., Dec. 7.—Culpeper honored its returned war heroes today with a parade followed by ceremonies on the courthouse lawn.

It was planned especially to honor Maj. William Wallis Lewis, a native of Culpeper, who was captured with Maj. James P. Devereaux on Wake Island. Also honored were seven veterans who were taken prisoner in the European theater.

Highlight of the festivities, which were sponsored by the American Legion Post No. 136, was the address by Brig. Gen. James A. Anderson, who was dean of Virginia Military Institute when Major Lewis was a student there. General Anderson is now chairman of the Virginia Department of Highway Commission.

The colors, a gift from State Senator Benjamin T. Pitts to the recently organized Post No. 136, were presented by T. Irvin Martin, district manager of Pitts Theaters, Inc., and were accepted by Lieut. (j.g.) Burnett Miller, jr., USNR, a veteran of World War II.

Stores and schools closed for the parade, which began at 2:30 p. m. It was headed by a Marine band of 50 from Quantico, Va., and cars with Major Lewis and his family; the other seven former prisoners—Lieut. Robert Blish Jones, Sergt. Thornton Stringfellow, Sergt. Robert L. Martin, Pvt. John E. Riley, Pvt. Andrew L. Berry, Sergt. John W. Feaganes and Sergt. Charles Allport. A car occupied by the local Gold Star Mothers followed. Cars also were provided for all wounded servicemen.

Major Lewis, a Marine regular, 32, looked remarkably well, as he rode in the parade in a convertible car offered for the occasion by Former Secretary of State Edward Stettinius, who has a farm, Horse Shoe, in Culpeper County. Beside him in the parade, which was witnessed by practically every one of Culpeper's 3500 citizens, proudly rode his wife, the former Mary Clifton of Philadelphia.

His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Enoch J. Lewis, were said by neighbors to be too much affected by the turnout honoring their son to actively participate in the festivities, but beamed from the side lines. Mrs. Lewis' mother, Mrs. Alfred Lee Clifton, lives at Alexandria, Va.

Other groups in the parade included the State Guard; the American Legion Posts Nos. 136, 44 and 184; the American Legion Auxiliary; the Culpeper Volunteer Fire Department; representatives from the American Legion Posts of Manassas, Warrenton and Orange; students from both the Culpeper High School and the Culpeper County Training School, the Negro band, decorated floats, and Army equipment from Vint Hill Farms, Fauquier County.

During the ceremonies General Anderson presented a gold watch to Major Lewis, and war bonds were given the other former war prisoners on behalf of the citizens of the town. Giles H. Miller, jr., of the Culpeper National Bank presided, and the invocation was given by the Rev. James D. Beckwith of St. Stephen's Episcopal Church.

Among those who attended were E. G. Parrish, Eighth District commander of the American Legion; Howard W. Smith, Representative from the Eighth Congressional District; Howard Rodgers, road commissioner of the Culpeper District, and Norman Bailey, member of the House of Delegates.

Mrs. Templon Rites Are Held

Shenandoah, Va., Dec. 7.—Funeral services were held for Mrs. Hettie Mummert Templon, 71, who died Sunday following an illness of 14 years. Mrs. Templon was a native of Hagerstown and a member of the Episcopal Church. She is survived by the following children: Mrs. Julia Williamson and Matthew Templon of Hagerstown; Frank, James, Charles, Wilbur, Norman Templon, and Mrs. Virginia Claytor of Shenandoah, and three step-children: Mrs. Mollie Dent of Pulaski, Mrs. Alice Lathero and Mrs. Lula Hook of Altoona, Pa.

Mrs. Anne W. Petty

Charlottesville, Va., Dec. 7.—Private funeral rites were held this afternoon for Mrs. Anne Wellbrock Petty, who died Wednesday night at her home near the University, following an extended illness.

Mrs. Mary E. Morgan

Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 7.—Funeral services will be held here Saturday at 2 p. m. for Mrs. Mary E. Morgan, 70, wife of William Morgan, who died at her home near Falmouth, Stafford County, yesterday. Burial will take place in Oak Hill Cemetery. Nine children also survive.

State to Ask Bids On Health Building

Baltimore, Dec. 7 (AP).—Governor O'Conor said today that bids on the construction of a new State health department building would be asked soon.

The building, to cost an estimated $500,000, will be the first of the postwar construction projects in Baltimore to be advertised for bidding.

Specifications call for a four-floor structure, 50 by 300 feet, built of steel with a limestone front and black granite trim.

Meanwhile, bids on several State projects in other localities were so high that two were abandoned.

3 Virginians Named NAM State Directors

New York, Dec. 7 (AP).—Three Virginians were named State directors of the National Association of Manufacturers at the annual meeting here yesterday.

They were Earl Bunting, president of the O'Sullivan Rubber Co., Winchester, Va.; Donald L. Jordan, president, Johnson-Carper Furniture Co., Roanoke, Va.; and William R. Seward, president, American Hardware Co., Petersburg.

USO to Suspend At Fredericksburg

Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 7 (Spl.).—Dr. Robert F. Caverlee, chairman of the committee of management of the Fredericksburg USO Club, announced that the committee had accepted February 28, 1946, as the date for the discontinuance of the service men's and women's organization.

The local USO was established in January, 1942, when thousands of troops were being trained at the A. P. Hill Military Reservation. The club was also the center in Fredericksburg for personnel from the Quantico Marine Base and the Dahlgren Naval Proving Ground, as well as thousands of transient service men.

Several civic organizations are known to desire the acquisition of the clubhouse by the municipality as a community or recreation center. Action toward this end is expected to be recommended to the city council in the near future.

Jefferson Republican Buys Boonsboro Times

Martinsburg, W. Va., Dec. 7 (Spl.).—Sale of the Boonsboro (Md.) Times, a weekly, to the Jefferson Republican, also a weekly, published in Ranson, W. Va., was announced jointly today by Mary M. Pennington, publisher of the 103-year-old Maryland paper, and R. J. Funkhouser, publisher of the purchasing weekly which is the youngest in this State.

The papers are being merged, the announcement said, under a plan whereby the Jefferson Republican will incorporate all Washington County (Md.) news and advertisements formerly carried in The Times. Miss Pennington will continue in charge of the Maryland business and represent the purchasing paper, with main office for the Jefferson Republican in Maryland to be located in Boonsboro.

First FSA Loan To Md. Veteran Is Registered

Manchester, Md., Dec. 7 (AP).—John H. Dunn of Pikesville, Md., took title to the Stefan Farm here, purchasing it with the first veterans' farm ownership loan made in Maryland by the Farm Security Administration, the agency said today.

John D. Leatherman, State FSA director, declared the loan also was the first made in the Northeastern United States. Made under the provisions of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, the loan must be repaid within 40 years at 3 per cent interest.

The 30-year-old veteran, discharged after a training accident at Camp Seibert, Ala., said he planned to put the 88-acre farm into production next spring. Dunn added that he intended to establish a 15-20-cow dairy in the remodeled stable and grow all possible livestock and poultry feed.

Dunn, who grew up on a dairy farm and worked as a tenant on a Bel Air farm before entering the service, said he turned to FSA for help after finding that other lending agencies required such a large down payment that he would have been short of funds for starting actual farming operations.

"As it is, I'll be able to equip and operate my farm on my own money next spring and even have a little left over in case I meet a few setbacks," the veteran said.

VMI Cadet Gets Silver Star for Valor in France

Lexington, Va., Dec 7 (AP).—Vernon W. Patterson, jr., a Virginia Military Institute cadet who has resumed his college career after distinguishing himself in action overseas, was presented the Silver Star Medal in special ceremonies here today.

The citation accompanying the award, signed by Maj. Gen. Withers A. Burress, division commander and a former commandant of VMI, reads:

"When a savagely prosecuted enemy counterattack isolated his Patterson courageously volunteered nihilation seemed imminent, Pvt. Paterson courageously volunteered to cover the withdrawal of his comrades from their untenable position. Delivering accurate and devastating fire against the attackers, he held the enemy at bay until his companions had succeeded in retiring to safety and was himself captured by hostile troopers. His gallantry and voluntary action thus, at immeasureable risk to his own life, prevented the infliction of severe casualties upon his comrades and their eventual capture."

The action took place November 18, 1944, near Raon l'Etape, France. Patterson, a private first class, was released after months in a prison camp and, none the worse for his experience, returned to VMI as a freshman in November of this year.

Foreign Delegation Visits Many Md. Dairy Farms

Baltimore, Dec. 7 (AP).—Representatives of European, African and South American governments, accompanied by United States officials, plan to inspect the Port of Baltimore's livestock loading facilities tomorrow after a two-day tour of Maryland livestock breeding farms.

The Baltimore Association of Commerce said the Maryland Purebred Society would cooperate in a demonstration of methods of handling and loading livestock at the piers.

Before arrival in Baltimore, the group was scheduled to visit the Ayerlawn Farms, Bethesda; Rolling Knoll Farm, Gaithersburg; Monocacy Farms, Urbana; Walter Hahn's Farm, Ceresville; Monocacy Farms, near Frederick; Commodore Alfred G. Vanderbilt's Glyndon; Mrs. Margaret Emerson's Brooklandwood Farm, Brooklandville; C. O. Tuttle's Garrison, and Richard Riggs' Farm, Catonsville.

Keep Me Off War Dead Memorial, Veteran Asks

Richmond, Va., Dec. 7 (AP).—Frank E. Power of Route 3, Danville, is not dead, he wants it understood, and please don't engrave his name on any memorial to the World War II dead.

To that effect he has written the Richmond Chamber of Commerce. He asked the chamber to ascertain whether his name is on their official list to be dead, and to erase it, if so.

Power is anxious to get the record straight. He was twice reported missing in action and twice reported dead, and the War Department made the reports pretty official by telegrams to his family, he wrote.

Loan Officials to Meet

Baltimore, Dec. 7 (AP).—The Maryland Association of Small Loan Companies will hold its twenty-fourth annual two-day meeting in Baltimore December 14-15, with more than 50 firms due to be represented, George Harper, jr., president, announced today.

Entertaining Yank Officers in Japan

Associated Press Photo

BEER FOR SHIP'S MASCOT—Capt. Samuel Gray (right), USCG, of Baltimore, Md., skipper of the Campbell, helps "Sinbad," ship's mascot, to a glass of beer at the Officers Club in Wakayama, Japan, as Lieut. George Philbrick (center), North Arlington, N. J., and a group of Geisha girls look on.

Caniford Gets 5 Years, Faces Other Charges

Baltimore, Dec. 7 (AP).—Pvt. William Lee Caniford, 25, of Brunswick, Md., was sentenced today to a total of five years in Federal prison after pleading guilty to two charges of transporting stolen automobiles in interstate commerce.

Earlier he was charged with Office of Price Administration violations, attempted jail break, and theft of Government property, assault and escape from a military guard house.

Sometime ago, Caniford pleaded guilty to the OPA charge, admitting black market dealings involving, he said, "hundreds of thousands of gallons of gasoline" through illicit diversion of ration coupons.

He has never been sentenced on that charge.

Last autumn, Caniford and another Army prisoner escaped from the Fort George G. Meade, Md., guardhouse by overpowering a guard, stealing his carbine, and driving off in a colonel's staff automobile.

United States District Judge William C. Coleman, in pronouncing sentence today, directed that the later charges he left for the military authorities.

Two Die, 3 Hurt In Va. Auto Crash

Petersburg, Va., Dec. 7 (AP).—Two men were instantly killed and three women injured near Waverly last night in a highway accident involving a parked trailer-truck and a private automobile.

The dead: Frederick A. Reber, 38, of Norfolk, driver of the truck, and C. M. Joyner, 68, of Zuni, driver of the automobile.

The injured are Mrs. Joyner, 60, who suffered fractures of the legs and arms and today is reported in serious condition; Mrs. C. L. Lanier, 57, fractures of the arms and ankle, and Mrs. T. M. Carr, 48, broken ankles and cuts. All are of Zuni.

The accident occurred about 2½ miles west of Waverly on Route 460. The injured were removed to Lakeview Hospital in Suffolk.

Only 75 New Cars Titled in Maryland

Baltimore, Dec. 7 (AP).—Only 75 new passenger automobiles have been titled in Maryland since car production was resumed, H. A. Hoppinger, title registrar of the motor vehicle commission, said today.

"In addition to those sold, there are 39 other cars in the hands of dealers," J. C. Darrell, manager of the Automobile Trade Association of Maryland, said.

"It doesn't look like the situation will clear up in the immediate future, the next few weeks or a month, at least," Darrell predicted, adding "people think they're going to get new cars a lot faster than they are actually going to get them. Things will remain about as they are now for some time to come."

Warrenton Parley Set On Health Department

Warrenton, Va., Dec. 7 (AP).—Plans to organize a health department in Fauquier County will be discussed at a meeting in the Warrenton High School at 8 p. m., December 18, when Dr. S. B. Gardner, assistant director of the Virginia State Health Department's rural division, will speak.

The Red Cross, the Parent-Teacher Association, the Fauquier County Tuberculosis Association and the Warrenton Garden Club have indorsed the project.

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Kluttz

Pay Bill Prospects Brighter; Vote Nears

PAY BILL: Prospects for favorable action on the employe pay bill were looking up yesterday as the Senate adjourned for the weekend. The bright spots were compromise talk by several Senators whose original plan was to delay action or defeat the bill, and the active support of several Senators who were on the fence, like Capehart of Indiana. But the bill faces a tough fight in its present form and the outcome is in doubt. It's apparent that a controlling number of Senators haven't made up their minds how to vote on the bill and the several amendments that will be offered by Chairman Downey of the Senate Civil Service Committee. In fact, GOP leaders over this weekend may meet to decide party policy on the measure.

KLUTTZ

ACTION: Downey has skillfully maneuvered the Senate into a position where it must stand up and be counted on the amendments and the bill. This is the picture: On Monday the Senate must vote on an amendment offered by Downey that would raise salaries of members of Congress to $15,000. This is the big test. If this amendment, backed by the Democratic high command, is approved, the Senate will surely go ahead to vote $5000 pay raises to cabinet officers, Federal judges, and Government executives. In other words, pay raises for higher-ups must be decided first and if that's voted the Senate surely will approve a salary increase for the rank and file of Federal workers. This entire bill is frankly something that most Senators would be happy to escape but they won't get the chance as Downey will force the issue.

SUPPORT: It came to Downey yesterday in a vigorous speech by Senator Mead of New York, who said low-paid Federal workers here are in a serious and tragic condition to meet ordinary living expenses. Thousands of employes, he said, have had to take part-time outside jobs aafter overtimeg pay was cut off. The proposed bill, the New Yorker said, was "modest" and it shouldn't be subject to any criticism. Then he asked the Senate: "How can we in good grace loan billions of dollars to foreign governments—money which is sometimes used to meet their own payrolls—and still not pay our employes livable salaries?" He went on to say that it was a sorry state of affairs when our Government at a time when it must meet more complex problems in its history must lose experienced and capable men to industry where they are paid higher salaries.

ANSWER: Mead inferentially answered Senator Byrd of Virginia, who has been critical of the manner in which Chairman Downey closed hearings on the pay bill. The New Yorker reviewed Downey's work since he became chairman and he commended him for his fairness, his grasp of the subject, and his courtesy and understanding of committee members. Further, Mead went on record as opposing any further delay of the bill and he expressed the hope that the bill would be approved Monday. Earlier, Downey and Byrd clashed frequently over an interpretation of statistical data presented to the committee. Downey was militant at all times and he refused to retreat an inch.

BUREAUCRACY: Downey answered Byrd on this charge, too, and it was the first time any Senator has had the courage to do it. His argument was simple enough. He said: "If we do have an extreme and swollen bureaucracy, as the Senator from Virginia has charged, the primary responsibility rests with Congress." He then explained that every request for additional personnel was examined and reviewed by the Budget Bureau and the Appropriation Committees of the House and Senate. "I believe," the chairman said, "that they have done an excellent job and I pay tribute to them. But if we do have 200,000 or 300,000 more employes than we need, the responsibility is ours and it is a harsh and oppressive suggestion that we withhold needed pay raises because we have been inefficient."

ACCORD: Both Downey and Byrd agreed, after much arguing, that the basic salary of the average white-collar Federal worker had increased 21.3 per cent since 1941, 16 per cent by the Pay Act that became effective on July 1 and about 5.3 per cent through promotions. However, they argued sharply over upgradings in the Federal service . . . HEALTH BILL: This measure was referred back to the Senate Civil Service Committee after Senator Byrd objected to its consideration. Byrd based his opposition on a letter from the Employes Compensation Commission which charged the bill would bring about a duplication of ECC's functions in the Civil Service Commission. The Public Health Service also objected to provisions in the bill. The bill would permit Federal agencies to set up health units to treat employes for minor illnesses. The bill has been pending for several years and why ECC and PHS should object to it at this late date is one of the mysteries of Government.

Stokes to Nominate Almond for Congress

Covington, Va., Dec. 7 (AP).—Col. Richard C. Stokes, member of the Virginia House of Delegates from Alleghany County and Clifton Forge, has been chosen to place the name of Judge J. Lindsay Almond, jr., of Roanoke, in nomination for Congress from the Sixth District at the district Democratic convention in Lynchburg, December 15.

The seat will be vacated December 31 by the resignation of Representative Clifton A. Woodrum of Roanoke.

Democrats of Alleghany and Clifton Forge were the first to indorse the candidacy of Judge Almond and to instruct their delegates for him.

Chicago Livestock

Chicago, Dec. 7 (AP) (USDA).—SALABLE HOGS—Receipts, 15,000; total 24,000; early market 10 to 15 lower; later trade, and close active, steady to 10 lower; liberal outside demand for lightweights, late top 14.85, ceiling; bulk good and choice 180 to 240 lb. weights, 14.70@14.80; good and choice 150 to 170 lbs., 14.50@14.70; few good and choice 130 to 140 lbs., 14.50@14.65; sows, 15 to 25 cents lower, mostly 13.60@13.75, complete clearance.

SALABLE CATTLE—Receipts, 2000; total 2500; salable calves, 600; total 600; weekend trade on all classes, active, fully steady with week's advance; continued scarcity main stimulating factor, and general trade now top heavy; clearance brisk today however; receipts mainly cows and common and medium-grade butcher cattle; five loads choice steers and yearlings, 18.00, ceiling; scattered supply, 14.50@17.50; choice heifers at ceiling; most head cows 9.25@12.00; canners and cutters, 7.25@8.50; bulk scarce, most sausage offerings 12.50 down; vealers, 15.50 down; stock cattle slow at 11.50@14.00.

SALABLE SHEEP—Receipts, 2500; total 5000; generally steady; good and choice native and fed weaked Western lambs, 14.50@14.75; most well finished offerings at the 14.75 top with fat native bucks discounted 1.00; few common to low medium native lambs, 11.00@13.00, bucks included; deck good to choice 82-lb. clipped lambs, No. 1 pelts, 13.75; native slaughter ewes steady 7.00 down; not much under 6.00; 3 loads mixed medium to choice wheat pastured ewes held above 6.75.

Baltimore Livestock

Baltimore, Dec. 7 (AP) (U. S. Department of Agriculture).—CATTLE—Receipts, 100; slow; few clean up dairy steady with Thursday; small lot common and medium heifers, 10.00@13.00; common and medium cows scarce, quotable 6.00@12.00; canners and cutters, 4.50@5.50; good weighty sausage bulls, 12.50; bulk cutter, common and medium, 9.50@12.00.

CALVES—Receipts, 50; vealers active, steady with Thursday; no action on weighty slaughter calves; mixed good and choice 150-250 pound vealers, 15.50 to mainly 16.50; common and medium, 9.50@14.50, mostly 11.00 up; culls around 7.50, extreme lightweights down to 5.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 150; active, steady with Thursday; good and choice barrows and gilts, 140-250 pounds, 15.40 the ceiling; 250-300 pounds, 15.25; 300-350 pounds, 15.00; 375-450 pounds, 14.75; good sows up to 500 pounds, 14.25.

SHEEP—Receipts, 50; slaughter lambs scarce, active, steady with Thursday; practical top, 14.00; paired lot good and choice weaked lambs, usually from 90 pounds up and including bulk, 13.50 to mainly 14.00; common and medium, 11.50@14.50; culls around 8.50; slaughter ewes active, steady; choice lightweight weaked and shorn ewes, 8.50 down.

Clerics Urge A-Bomb Rule By Scientists

Richmond, Va., Dec. 7 (AP).—The executive committee of the Virginia State Council of Churches, meeting here today approved a resolution calling on President Truman to set up an international committee of scientists of the United States Organization, to be made responsible for control and further development of the atomic bomb and to be entrusted with all atomic bomb information.

The resolution, presented by Dr. R. Cary Montague, will be submitted to the council at its annual meeting here January 8-9.

Such a United Nations Committee of Scientists would prevent future wars and enhance the prestige of the United Nations Organization, Dr. Montague said.

The executive committee of the council, of 16 Protestant denominations in Virginia, discussed plans for the annual meeting, with public sessions. Announcement was made that the United Youth Council will also meet here January 5-6 and the Council of Church Women on January 8.

Plans for an April conference here on the church and social work were reported by Dr. E. L. Fox of Ashland, chairman of the council's department of social education and action.

The Rev. Henry Lee Robinson was reelected executive secretary of the council, and the Rev. Minor V. Miller, associate secretary.

Dr. B. M. Persinger was appointed chairman of the nominating committee.

Slayer of Warden Will Hang Dec. 18

Annapolis, Md., Dec. 7 (AP).—John Henry Fields, 38, slayer of Deputy Game Warden Gordon Barnes of Pocomoke City, Md., will be hanged in the Maryland Penitentiary December 18.

Governor O'Conor said today he had signed the death warrant for the Temperance, Va., Negro.

$150,000 Drive Set For War Memorial

Waynesboro, Va., Dec. 7 (Spl.).—Waynesboro's War Memorial Commission, composed by representatives from 50 local fraternal, social, business and civic organizations this week voted to work for the erection of a community recreation system.

Headed by Chairman S. H. Hall, member of the city council, the group has adopted a fund-raising goal of $150,000 to be used for the memorial.

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WIN
A MODERN MOVIE CAMERA
GUESS
the number of beans in the bowl in this store window!
IT'S SIMPLE IT'S FUN
Say! This problem appeals to your Fairy Godfather's logical mind. It's simple, too. And fun . . . The camera's yours, Barnaby.
Will you get the right answer by waving your magic wand?
That wouldn't be fair to the other contestants . . . The answer can be arrived at by simple mathematics. Er, notice the open transom, m'boy—
Are you going to COUNT them?
CROCKETT JOHNSON

Chaplain Favors Military Training

By July 1

Army to Cut General List To About 500

The Army will reduce its roster of generals from an all-time record peak of 1540 to slightly more than 500 by next July 1, it was announced yesterday.

There were 1540 generals in the Army last July. About 500 of these will be lopped off the list by January 1 and another 500 will lose their stars or retire in the first half of 1946.

The shrinkage—through retirement or reduction in grade—will be at the rate of about 100 a month for the first four months of 1946 and about 50 each in May and June.

The War Department said that many generals facing reduction in rank are choosing to retire, many others, despite outstanding war records, must take a reduction in grade if they wish to stay in the peacetime Army.

Many will be retired for physical disability. Periodic examinations for officers were suspended during the war. Those retired for physical disability will be relieved from active duty by next June 30.

Generals retired for age who served during the war will be relieved from active duty by December 31.

Those who returned to active duty after previously being relieved at their own request will be relieved as soon as their services can be spared.

Spiritual Welfare Of Men Won't Be Neglected, Says Miller

By George Connery
Post Staff Writer

A year of compulsory training could become a character-building period in the lives of young Americans, the Army's chief of chaplains yesterday told members of the House Military Affairs Committee.

"The moral and spiritual welfare of the men in service has not been neglected in the past and will not be in the future," Brig. Gen. Luther D. Miller declared.

Joining him in support of the May one-year compulsory training bill were Eugene Meyer, editor and publisher of The Washington Post, and Lieut. Gen. Raymond S. McLain.

Opposed by Methodist Cleric

The peacetime program was opposed by the Rev. Charles F. Boss, jr., Chicago, representing the Commission on World Peace of the Methodist Church, and Edward T. McCaffrey, national commander of the Catholic War Veterans.

Miller said training was essential to national defense, and emphasized it was not proposed to promote religious, recreational or educational benefits.

However, he declared he was "a little weary" of hearing repeatedly that a year of training would debauch or degrade young men, and added: "We tend to forget that the moral breakdown apparent in our American life is not confined to the Army."

Cites Figures

Then Miller cited these figures from the chaplains' records: More than five million services conducted with attendance of 300 million men and women; more than 73 million visits to the sick and wounded and more than 297 million personal conferences between chaplains and servicemen.

He told the committee this is just part of the evidence that millions of men were closer to church in the armed services than ever before. He said the chaplains' program would be greatly expanded in scope, perhaps even to the point of placing a carefully-selected leader in each barracks.

Meyer offered a series of returns from Nation-wide public opinion polls on military training since 1942, which showed a favorable vote fluctuating between 63 and 70 per cent, with one peak of 75.

Explains Variation

He noted a variation between letters to Congressmen and such polls, which led him to conclude that: "The explanation is that the opposition organizes and stimulates letter writing. Not all of the letters may be presumed to be the result of opposition stimulated by organizational work, but undoubtedly a predominant proportion is of that type."

"In my judgment," he added, "the opposition is of the same kind and from the same sources that prevented our being earlier and better prepared for war when its inevitability was reasonably obvious to students of the programs of world conquest developing before our eyes both in Germany and in Japan."

Charles E. Elston (R., Ohio), questioned the accuracy of the polls, noted that the Nazis are suppressed in Germany and asked where the organized resistance was coming from now.

"From pacifists, who are sincerely so and have no malice," Meyer replied, "as well as a great deal from among the educational institutions."

"Severe Indictment"

When he added, "I have heard some colleges are afraid their business will be hurt," Elston reminded him, "That's a pretty severe indictment."

Boss argued that we must prepare, but prepare for peace. He said the training program was not primarily an upsurging demand from the people, "but from the top with power-drive for its enactment."

He said the council could not favor compulsory training until an international attempt has been made to make it unneccessary.

Truman Hopes Good Jobs Bill Can Be Passed

President Truman expressed hope yesterday that a satisfactory "full-employment" bill can yet be worked out in Congress.

He was asked at his news conference his reaction to the employment bill brought out by the House Expenditures Committee this week as a substitute for the original administration proposal.

The President said he had no comment on the House measure, from which the words "full employment" were eliminated.

Passed By Senate

He said he hoped the House would pass some kind of bill so that legislation that would meet the need could be worked out in a conference committee made up of members of the two houses. The Senate has passed the so-called "full employment" bill in amended form.

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The expenditures committee meanwhile assailed as "a gigantic and unwirkable proposal" the administration's bill.

In a formal report paving the way for a House vote next week on the substitute measure, the committee said it "unqualifiedly rejects" any theory "under which employment through private enterprise would be perfunctory and the guaranty would really rest on federal investment and expenditure."

Continued Deficit Spending

Adoption of such a theory, the committee said, would entail continued deficit spending and destroy the United States system of free competitive enterpris.

Th Senate bill, the committee claimed, would commit the government to a policy of expenditure and investment "that will lead to unbalanced budgets in guaranteeing employment," and "citizens will be misled."

The issue, the report declared, is "either private enterprise or statism," and Congress must decide which it will be "if private enterprise is to function."

Provisions In Bill

The substitute provides that in periods of existing or threatened widespread unemployment, Government can stimulate private enterprise by expanding normal public works, encouraging the States to do likewise, and making loans to promote employment through private enterprise.

It calls for an annual report by the President on economic conditions affecting employment, with a joint congressional committee to recommend action based on the report.

China Missionary Will Speak at Lutheran Church

Miss Catharine Stirewalt, Lutheran missionary to China, will address the members of Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church tomorrow at 11 a. m. at a thank offering service.

Miss Stirewalt joined the China Mission in the fall of 1939. She spent 1½ years in Peking studying the Chinese language, and in March, 1941, was assigned to the junior high school in Tsimo, Shantung Province.

On Pearl Harbor day she was among those missionaries who were taken into custody by the Japanese. She was in the party which formed the second group to be repatriated from the Orient; she returned to this country in 1943. At present she is teaching at the Lutheran Deaconess Motherhouse Training School in Baltimore, Md.

18 Service Stars

Chattanooga, Tenn., (AP).—Nannie Dunn counts the stars on her service flag by rows—it's easier. She has 18 in all, representing 1 son, 16 grandsons and 1 great-grandson in the armed forces.

Baby Feeder

Associated Press WIREPHOTO

"EVERYTHING BUT THE BURP"—Alan D. Bloom, 21-year-old discharged Marine, couldn't see spending a lot of time holding a bottle while his 6-week-old daughter, Nancy Lee, took her nourishment. So he invented this automatic feeder which he has named the feederette. Bloom says the only thing it won't do is burp the baby when the bottle is empty

Truman to Ask U. S. Approval Of British Loan

President Truman said yesterday he would send a message to Congress soon asking its approval of the proposed $4,400,000,000 credit to Great Britain.

At the same time, he said, he had not yet received a request from Soviet Russia for financial aid.

A reporter asked at his news conference if the Russians were seeking a $6,000,000,000 loan. The President replied they had not asked him for any such loan.

He said the message requesting approval of the British loan would be sent to the Hill in the near future.

Hull Approves Loan

Former Secretary of State Cordell Hull yesterday endorsed the Anglo-American loan and trade deal as a step in building world peace.

In a statement issued through the State Department, Hull declared that the Nation may be now confronted with its "final opportunity to make a peace that will last."

He said that through the American Government's policy to grant Britain a $4,400,000,000 loan and Britain's agreement to work for freer international trade, "our country is taking another long step forward to build a better world by profiting from the bitter lesson of the past."

"I feel," he continued, "that this may be our final opportunity to make a peace that will last. I believe the government's over-all plans released yesterday set forth the prerequisites to economic prosperity and improved standards of living in our own and all other countries.

"I have high hopes that the United States will play its full part in bringing about the conditions necessary for full prosperity and lasting peace."

Hull's statement was issued as the Administration marshaled its arguments behind the big credit offer to Britain, convinced that any major congressional change would imperil hopes for Anglo-American trade cooperation.

Laski Attacked

In the Senate, Senator Capehart (R., Ind.) called on British leaders to repudiate remarks he attributed to Harold Laski, a leader of the British Labor Party, concerning this country's economic system.

Unless this is done, Capehart told the Senate, "I for one will not support a loan to Britain."

The Senator said Laski told an American audience the "American private enterprise system must go."

"Cooperation," Capehart said, "is not a one-way street. If Professor Laski likes Russia so well he should make his domicile there and live in prosperity and contentment."

Cantata to Be Presented At Trinity Methodist

Hawley's widely known cantata, "The Christ Child," will be presented December 16 at 8 p. m. at Trinity Methodist Church, 5th st. and Seward Square se., by the 80-voiced combined choirs of Trinity Church and Second Baptist Church, augmented by the Galt String Ensemble of 30 pieces. Earl Carey, choirmaster of Second Church, will direct. Mrs. Blanche Hutchinson, organist of Trinity Church, will be at the console.

She Caught Them

London (AP).—A woman who appeared in court here told the magistrate she was a "rodent operator." That, she explained, was a rat catcher.

Commons Gets Plea to Reject American Loan

London, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—Conservative Robert Boothby and M. C. Hollis introduced a motion in Commons today for rejection of the $4,400,000,000 credit agreement with the United States reached at Washington. They said the agreement would mean a return to the gold standard, would abolish the sterling bloc and would cripple empire preferential tariffs.

Boothby and Hollis also asked rejection of the Bretton Woods monetary agreement.

Both measures are to be debated in Commons next week, the credit agreement Wednesday and Thursday.

Loan Assailed

The motion said the credit agreement would:

1. "Involve a return to the international gold standard which would endanger the prosperity of our agriculture and industry and deprive this government of effective control over the national economy."

2. "Involve the abolition of the sterling area (nations which base their currency on the British pound) and thus gravely threaten the economic stability alike of this country and of the empire."

3—"Involve a return to the principle of nondiscrimination in trade (regarding Empire preference) which will have a disruptive effect the unity of the empire."

Aid Is Expected

It was expected that some other Conservatives would join Boothby and Hollis in criticizing the terms of the Washington agreement—"providing temporary comfort by lying back on a dollar cushion" as one expert put it, instead of seeking relaxation of restrictions imposed on Britain.

The government wants to jam through both the Washington and Bretton Woods agreements by next Friday so they can go to the House of Lords and win final approval before its December 20 recess.

Those behind the credit agreement bill realize clearly that the United States Congress must approve it, and that opposition there may be really strong. They foresee even stronger congressional opposition if Britain hesitates.

Chinese Woman Surgeon Speaks At Church Here

Dr. Margaret Hie Ding, a delegate to the International College of Surgeons Conference which is to be held at Mayflower Hotel this week, will speak at the Chinese Community Church tomorrow at 3 p. m.

She is the first woman doctor to be awarded a fellowship in the International College of Surgeons. Daughter of a Congregational Minister in Foochow College, she received most of her medical education in American schools.

Her early education she received in China at primary school where her mother taught and at Foochow College, where her father, the Rev. Lin Nih Sing, was pastor. She came to America to study medicine and received her M. A. degree from Forest Park University, St. Louis, Mo., and M. D. from College of Medicine, University of Illinois.

Hair Apparent

Usk, Monmouthshire, England. This town of 2000 population has been without a barber for two years. Grownups have their hair cut at Pontypool, 8 miles away, but a puddinb bowl and their mothers' scissors serve for most of the children.

Allies Begin Transferring 6,650,000 Germans to 4 Zones

By the Associated Press

The Allies have begun the gigantic task of transferring 6,650,000 Germans from Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Poland into the four occupation zones of Germany.

The State Department disclosed yesterday that the Allied Control Council in Berlin approved a plan for the transfers at a meeting November 20. The plan outlines tentative allocation of the transferred Germans among the zones of occupation and sets up a schedule for their movement.

Transfers begin this month and are scheduled to be completed by August 1, 1946, the announcement said.

Here are the allocations:

Of the total German population of 3,500,000 to be moved from Poland, 2,000,000 go to the Russian zone and 1,500,000 to the British zone.

Of 2,500,000 to be transferred from Czechoslovakia, 1,750,000 go to the American zone and 750,000 to the Russian zone.

From Hungary 500,000 go to the American zone.

From Austria 150,000 go to the French zone.

Limb-Makers To Enter Pleas Here Dec. 21

The arraignment of 45 companies and 34 individuals on charges of conspiring to fix high prices and block improvements in artificial limbs was set yesterday in District Court for December 21 as the Justice Department announced it would seek an early trial of the case.

The defendants, including one local firm, J. E. Hanger, Inc., 221 G st., nw., were scheduled to enter pleas yesterday, but because of their locations in all parts of the nation, the Government granted them additional time to appear here.

According to the Justice Department, the defendants represent between 75 and 90 per cent of the artificial limb business of the Nation. They were indicted by a District grand jury November 14 on charges of violating antitrust laws in their alleged practices.

Oldsters Compare Notes

Hamilton, Ind.—Ten Hamilton women whose combined ages totaled 831 years had dinner together here recently and spent the afternoon quoting from McGuffey's reader and comparing past customs with those of the present.

The oldest were Mrs. O. H. Taylor and Mrs. Frank Fifer, both 88. The youngest was Mrs. Ida Cook, 78.

Pearl Harbor Memory Spurs Sale of Bonds

Th fourth anniversary of Pearl Harbor yesterday brought a sharp upsurge in local purchases of Victory Bonds.

Individual sales, including the vital Series E, were increased $800,000 to $40,300,000—95 per cent of the 42-million-dollar quota. But sales of Series E Bonds themselves gained only $200,000. This brought them to $17,500,000 or 64.8 per cent of the 27-million-dollar quota.

Sales of other issues to individuals jumped $600,000 to $22,800,000—152 per cent of a 15-million-dollar quota. Booming corporation sales which have been largely responsible for putting the District over its 85-million-dollar over-all quota, yesterday rose to $73,500,000 or 170.9 per cent of their 43-million-dollar quota.

Bond salesmen reported yesterday that servicemen and women formed a larger percentage of Pearl Harbor day buyers.

At Paul Junior High School, 8th and Oglethorpe sts. nw., 1300 pupils, everyone in the school, purchased a victory stamp or bond for a total sales of $6000.

Although the Victory Loan drive officially ends today, Wilmer J. Waller, chairman of the District War Finance Committee, appealed to Distriet residents not to cease their efforts to reach the city's Series E bond goal before December 31, final accounting day for the drive.

The Treasury Department announced that the National Victory Loan had gone over the top. But the announcement was made without fanfare because E bond sales throughout the country are short of their goal.

The Nation's bond quota was $11,000,000,000 and sales totaled $12,288,000,000. But only 58 per cent of the national E bond quota of two billion dollars was reached.

Revised Policy Sought for U.S. Refugee Camps

Landsberg, Bavaria, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—Lieut. Gen. Walter B. Smith, United States Army chief of staff in Europe, predicted today an influx of Polish Jews will put more than 100,000 persons in the already overtaxed Jewish refugee camps of the American occupation zone before winter's end. He intimated the Army wanted Washington to outline a long-term policy for dealing with them.

Smith said the Army's original plans called for the rescue and temporary care of about 35,000 Jews. Since October, from 700 to 3000 have been crossing daily into the United States zone from Poland.

"Approximately 90 per cent of the Jews we repatriated to Poland have returned, and they brought relatives, families, and friends," said Smith. "Where we had anticipated a dwindling population, the population actually has increased."

Smith said three courses face the United States. They are:

1. Close the zone border to persecuted peoples, which the Army, on humanitarian grounds, thus far has not done.

2. Leave the border open and offer refuge to all oppressed—which in the long run will mean less aid to each individual refugee.

3. Change the Army mission of "rescue" work and give it the job of creating and operating a "haven or staging area for all the Jews of western Europe."

Smith said the Army was assigned to the task of rescuing the Jews, but not of providing them with long-term custody and support.

Military staff opinion is against setting up a haven for European Jews, because it is felt that the United States should not be given the full burden of protecting the Jews, Smith continued.

Slaughterer's OPA Trial Set for Jan. 7

The 2½-year-old case against Ralph P. Counselman, District meat wholesaler accused of OPA price violations, was set down yesterday in District Court for trial January 7 after the defendant withdrew a "no contest" plea.

Counselman had entered the plea last Monday to two out of 48 accusations in the indictment with the understanding that the District Attorney's office would drop the remaining counts.

District Attorney Edward M. Curran said yesterday that the latter disposition of the case had resulted from a "misunderstanding." One plea was entered to a count charging the sale of 169 sides of veal at three cents a pound over the legal ceiling price. The other plea involved a count charging upgrading of beef. Counselman operates a slaughte rhouse at 431 11th st. sw.

4-Legged Lawnmowers Bring Park Good Profit

Springfield, Ill.—A new way for park officials to beat the manpower shortage has been discovered here.

A flock of 600 sheep do the work. That isn't all. Last year these four-legged lawnmowers netted the city $600 for the sale of 30 rams and $600 for the sale of wool—besides wiping out a $4000 labor cost.

Holy Name Society Honors Rev. E. T. Fisher

The Rev. Ignatious Smith, O. P., of the Dominican House of Studies, Catholic University, will be guest of the Holy Name Society of Our Lady of Lourdes Parish, Bethesda, Wednesday night, when the new pastor, the Rev. Elmer T. Fisher, will be honored. Joseph A. Cantrel will be master of ceremonies.

Group Favors U. S. Financing Of Hospital

Members of the House District Committee yesterday informally agreed to amend the Senate-passed hospital bill by directing the Federal Government to finance construction and equipping of a 1500-bed hospital center for the District.

The Senate asked that private hospitals affiliating with the center provide one third of the initial cost an drepay the other two thirds over a period of 50 years.

House members yesterday proposed that the entire initial cost be borne by the Federal Government. They agreed that affiliating hospitals should reimburse the Government but proposed that costs of depreciation be deducted from the payments to the Government.

No Vote Taken

Corporation Counsel Vernon West and Alan Johnstone, general counsel for Federal Works Administration, were instructed to prepare alternate drafts of the proposal to amend the Senate bill. Representative Dan McGehee (D., Miss.), who served as chairman of the meeting yesterday, said he hoped to call the committee next week to take action on the draft. No vote was taken yesterday because a quorum was not present.

Members yesterday rejected a proposal by Federal Works Administrator Philip B. Fleming that District taxpayers pay past of the cost of the center.

General Fleming appeared before the committee and suggested that the Federal Government maintain ownership of the center, but lease to private hospitals who would operate it.

The administrator further said the bill should contain a limitation on the amount which might be appropriated for such a hospital center and that he strongly favors construction of a ienter to relieve a shortage of 700 hospital beds in Washington which will still exist after hospitals now under construction are complete.

18 Million Dollars Cost

During the hearing, W. E. Reynolds, Public Buildings Commissioner, said cost of the hospital center and land would total at least 18 million dollars.

He said securing a site of 23 acres will be difficult, and that the Navy Hospital site is not large enough. He further testified that building height restrictions would make use of the Navy and other possible sites impossible.

Arlington Man Found Guilty In Draft Case

Judge Sterling Hutcheson in the United States District Court at Alexandria yesterday convicted Thomas Alvin Saunders, 38, of Arlington for failure to notify the Arlington Selective Service Board o fhis changes of address.

Saunders is a member of the Interdenominational Pentecostal Holiness Church, and was classified as a conscientious objector by the draft board. Sentence was deferred.

Six men convicted of escaping from the Lorton Reformatory during the summer and fall of this year were sentenced by Judge Hutcheson as follows: Raymond B. O'Neal, a year and a day; Elmer Norton, a year and a day; George R. Wilson, 15 months; Frank J. Papek, eight months; Earl Childress, eight months, and Paul Williams, eight months. All terms are to be served at the expiration of present terms.

Kiwanis Plans Yule Party in Prince Georges

The Prince Georges County Kiwanis Club will hold a Christmas party for children on Thursday, December 20, Secretary Lawrence Hodgins said last night. The party will be held at the Prince Georges Colf and Country Club.

Each member has been asked to bring some child. The first such party was planned by the county Kiwanians to afford a celebration for lesser-privileged children and the same basic idea has prevailed at each yearly occasion, Hodgins said. He said that members were particularly urged to try to bring some child who might be among the less fortunate. Members are permitted to bring their own children as well.

Hodgins added that the regular dinner-meeting of the organization, held Thursday night at the University of Maryland dining hall, was devoted to an exhibit of technicolor films of the University of Maryland-Virginia football game, which Maryland won, 19-13.

Largest Grape Vine

San Gabriel, Calif.—The oldest and largest grape vine in California is the Trinity vine, which covers half a block in San Gabriel.

"AMERICANA QUIZ"
is on the air TONIGHT
7 to 7:30
WMAL
Students from
WOODROW WILSON
and
ROOSEVELT
are the contestants
Conducted by Edward Boykin
Sponsored by
Enriched Washington Flour

Prefers School

Spouse Must Pay Alimony To Wife, 14

Fourteenyear-old Nancie Bruce Woodmansee, 3725 Macomb st. nw., was awarded $40 monthly alimony yesterday in District Court from her 23-year-old husband, Arthur Woodmansee, 3220 Connecticut ave. nw., pending the hearing of her divorce suit.

Nancie filed suit in September, after deciding that she wanted to drop the marital status she acquired at the age of 13, and go back to school. She charged her husband was cruel to her and an habitual drinker.

Justice Henry A. Schweinhaut made the alimony ruling, and also granted the girl a restraining order to prevent her husband from molesting her. In an answer to the charges yesterday, Arthur denied he had ever hurt his youthful bride.

Meanwhile, Nancie's father, Sergt. Milton Wallace Nation, a member of the Marine Band just back from two years overseas, notified the court that because his daughter is married, he does not wish to continue paying $30 a month for her maintenance. He was divorced from Nancie's mother, Mrs. Lulu G. Nation, manager of E building cafeteria for Government Services, Inc., in June, 1943.

Georgia Loses Face

Hollywood (AP).—Georgia Carroll received an unexpected Philippines souvenir from her husband, Kay Kyser. In a hut that had been occupied by our troops Kyser found a picture of Georgia shot full of holes by some strafing Zero pilot. He sent it to her.

Couple Asks Validation of Reno Divorces

A District man and wife yesterday asked District Court to declare valid their previous Reno divorces so that they may visit their home State of North Carolina without fear of arrest on bigamy charges.

Guy Dixon Waters, a carpenter, of 112 12th st. ne., and his wife, Ida, requested as an alternative that the court issue new divorce decrees in view of the Supreme Court's famous decision last May in the Williams case.

The high tribunal upheld the conviction of Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Williams of Pineola, N. C., who also had obtained Reno divorces, married each other and gone back to North Carolina to live, only to be arrested for bigamy.

According to Attorney Wesley E. McDonald, both Mr. and Mrs. Waters have relatives in North Carolina they have not seen for two years.

The couple married September 20, 1943, the same day they each obtained divorces in Reno from their former spouses, and have one child. They both claim in their new divorce petitions that they married in the sincere belief that the Reno decrees were valid.

Epiphany to Mark 'Loyalty Sunday'

"Loyalty Sunday" will be observed tomorrow at Epiphany Episcopal Church, climaxing the parish every-member canvass which has been conducted under the leadership of Richard W. Hynson. Dr. Charles W. Sheerin will speak at 11 a. m. on "Why Do We Have a Church?" and at 8 p. m. on "What Do We Mean When We Say 'God'?"

WANTED!
BY
FLEISCHMANN

Good Judges of Good Whiskey to try a Fine Old Brand!

RICH AS GOLD! And—it's super-smooth! In all your life you've never met up with such a combination of round, full, ripe taste... fine body... delicate aroma. FLEISCHMANN'S PREFERRED is truly a blending triumph.

Wouldn't you like to serve a whiskey that has the full, ripe richness of the world's finest, most limited brands? If you would, now you can! Read why!

THIS invitation is written for the few men who are really good judges of good whiskey . . . *who can appreciate a whiskey that is as gloriously rich, creamy and delicious as the world's finest, most limited brands*—and who do not need anything more to confirm them in their judgment.

We set out years ago to see if we could make such a whiskey. We spared no expense. We experimented. We drew from the world's choicest reserves. We selected the finest grains, and backed them up with the world's most delicate skill.

The result is—*Fleischmann's* PREFERRED, one of the world's most remarkable whiskies. Velvety! Creamy! Full! Delicious! We can offer *Fleischmann's* PREFERRED only in limited amounts for some time to come because our facilities have been devoted to the war effort . . . but if your dealer has *Fleischmann's* PREFERRED, try it! *You'll always be glad you did!*

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PREFERRED
BLENDED WHISKEY

The straight whiskies in this product are 4 years or more old; 35% straight whiskies, 65% neutral spirits distilled from grain. 90 Proof.

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Peekskill, N. Y.

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TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4200.

Saturday, December 8, 1945

Mess At The Jail

We cannot escape the impression that the Board of Public Welfare is trying to oust Howard B. Gill, as general superintendent of the District's penal institutions, to cover up its own negligence. It is quite possible that Mr. Gill has not been as diligent as he should have been in supervising administration of the jail. But the fact which stands out most strikingly is that when he did advance constructive ideas for improvement of a bad situation, they came to nothing. For that the board and the director of Public Welfare, Ray L. Huff, will have to take the primary responsibility.

The record shows that a number of constructive recommendations were made by Mr. Gill in a report of last February 9. He criticized the devious nature of the jail's "control corridor," which has at least five dangerous corners and pockets. The possibilities for trouble because of this situation, he said, are legion. But the board took no effective action. When nearly a million dollars were granted for reconstruction of parts of the jail back in 1939, it appears to have been ineffectively spent. That money went largely for cell blocks Nos. 1 and 2. It was from cell block No. 1 that the recent escape was made. One cannot read Mr. Gill's reports of last February and of November 30 without realizing that the whole institution is pitifully inadequate for reasonable protection of the public.

Mr. Gill had also recommended the completion of walls, towers and gates to make the jail a maximum security institution. He asked for the closing of the west entrance to prisoners' visitors, for the provision of new visiting rooms in the Administration Building, for additional control cells and other facilities. Now the Board of Public Welfare has adopted some of these recommendations and requested a supplemental appropriation for construction work and additional guards. It is trying to get the barn repaired now that the horse has been stolen, but first it intends to fire the hired man who urged it to take such action nearly a year ago.

As a fitting climax to the board's bungling, it haughtily announced that it is "duty-bound to discharge" Mr. Gill. Apparently the board doesn't even know that it has no authority to discharge him. Under the ridiculous arrangement prevailing in the District, welfare employes are recommended by the board for appointment or dismissal, but final action can be taken only by the Commissioners. Since Mr. Gill is a civil service employe, moreover, he can be dismissed only after he has been given an opportunity to reply to specific charges.

We think that the whole mess should be aired in a public hearing for Mr. Gill. Only in that way is it possible to get to the bottom of it. Meanwhile the problem should be attacked on a much higher level. The real difficulty lies in the system itself. No unpaid board can be expected to administer a large penal system serving an area of nearly a million inhabitants. We have said before that the Board of Public Welfare ought to be transformed into an advisory body that would be in a position to fight for improvement of the city's disgraceful welfare institutions. Its administrative powers should go to the Commissioners. The turmoil at the jail clinches the point. The place to begin housecleaning is with the do-nothing board and not with its most energetic superintendent who is trying to prod the board into belated action.

A Medal For Masuda

Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell is going to present a medal today to an American named Mary Masuda who lives in Santa Ana, Calif. The medal, a Distinguished Service Cross, was won by her brother, S/Sergt. Kazuo Masuda, for "extraordinary heroism in action during the Italian campaign." Staff Sergeant Masuda lost his life in that campaign. His brother, Takashi Masuda, was wounded in France when the 442d all-Nisei combat team rescued a "lost battalion" of the Thirty-sixth (Texas) Division in the Vosges Mountains. Another soldier brother was assigned to the Pacific, and still another has an Army medical discharge.

Mary Masuda herself was one of those Americans whom it was thought unsafe to leave at large on the Pacific Coast. She spent the war period in a war relocation center. Early in May, however, her loyalty to the United States having been satisfactorily determined, she was authorized to return to her home. But the first night that she was there, she was visited by five men who sought to terrorize her into leaving. When she reported the incident to the local sheriff, he said he could do nothing to protect her, although she named the men who had threatened her. Mary Masuda, we think, displayed some extraordinary heroism, too.

So it seems peculiarly fitting that General Stilwell should present Staff Sergeant Masuda's posthumous award at the home which he was fighting to defend. We hope that Mary Masuda will receive it with forgiveness and not with bitterness, with hope and not despair, for the future of those principles for which her brother died. The American people in whose name the award is conferred must offer it in humility. We are glad that it is to be presented by a great American soldier who more than once has spoken forthrightly in defense of such citizens as Mary Masuda. The act will be symbolic, and it should have a meaning for all of us.

UNRRA Settlement

There is occasion for real rejoicing over the manner in which the House of Representatives has resolved its conflict respecting the authorization of a new American contribution to UNRRA. The most important consideration, of course, is that the way now seems cleared for appropriation of the funds necessary to meet the winter emergency in Europe and Asia. America's back will not be turned at the moment of this joyous peacetime Christmas upon the helpless sufferers who shared in the universal fight for freedom.

But there is cause for satisfaction also in the nature of the settlement. It was effected through one of those statesmanly compromises which are essential to the legislative process and which are, in a sense, the secret of American success under a system of representative government. A bitter fight had developed, principally over a Republican proposal to forbid the use of American funds in any country maintaining barriers against the free functioning of American correspondents. *The Post* was among those who argued that the attachment of such a condition to our participation in an international undertaking would be at once offensive to the other members of UNRRA and administratively impracticable.

What the House has now done is to cast this proposal not in terms of a condition to our participation but in terms of a recommendation to the President. The amendment finally adopted reads as follows: "The President is hereby requested to endeavor, through appropriate channels, to facilitate the admission to recipient countries of properly accredited members of the American press and radio in order that they may be permitted to report without censorship on the utilization and distribution of United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration supplies and services." This puts the task of accomplishing what is essentially a political objective where it belongs, upon the chief executor of American foreign policy, not upon an international relief agency. It is far better calculated to achieve the desired result and at the same time avoids the danger of denying relief to helpless people on political grounds.

It happens that the author of the amendment on which the House at last agreed, Congressman Herter of Massachusetts, was also the author of the original amendment which touched off all the fireworks. What he first proposed was a mild condition; it was distorted by Congressman Brown into an impossible condition. Mr. Herter, who for a time supported the Brown amendment, had the caliber to abandon a position which he recognized as dangerous to UNRRA's purposes and to offer in its place a simple recommendation. The sincerity and adherence to principle which he displayed thoroughly earned the tributes paid to him from both sides of the House.

With this issue settled, there should be no further delay over granting UNRRA the funds it needs. Speed is essential to its success. The agency must place orders so that it can send supplies abroad in an unbroken stream. If it is to do this, money will have to be made available to it before Congress takes its Christmas holiday. It would facilitate the work of the organization if the whole amount of the authorization were appropriated at once. We hope that both House and Senate will devote themselves to this vital task before they recess.

Clean Slate

Subject to minor adjustments the United States has agreed to settle for 650 million dollars all claims against the United Kingdom for lend-lease, reciprocal aid, and acquisition of surplus property and of installations in the United Kingdom in which this country has an interest. What is more, we have agreed to advance the money with which to discharge this obligation on the same liberal terms applicable to the proposed new credit of 3¾ billion dollars. Since congressional authorization is not required to give effect to the terms of this lend-lease settlement, the British have assurance that their World War II debt to us has been written off except for a comparatively small sum. The agreement also gives our other indebted allies welcome assurance that we intend to avoid the mistakes made in negotiating settlements of World War I debts.

Some members of Congress will undoubtedly remind the country that the British are heavily in default on their World War I debt to the United States Government. But we trust they will be reminded in turn that the efforts of Great Britain and other countries to transfer the sums required of them under the World War I debt-funding agreements introduced disturbances in international balances of payments that prevented a normal postwar trade revival and helped to bring about the world financial crisis of the early thirties and its dreary aftermath of depression.

Last spring when he vainly urged Congress to repeal the Johnson Act, President Truman said that foreign government debts to the United States arising from World War I would never be repaid because they could not be repaid. Yet the amount of that indebtedness was extremely modest compared with the volume of lend-lease aid that we have extended to our allies in this war. The principal of the debts funded after World War I totaled less than 12 billion dollars, whereas the lend-lease aid directly consumed by our allies in this war had exceeded 42 billion dollars by the end of last June, before the war was over. A very large proportion of that debt was incurred on British account, as indicated by the fact that over 40 per cent of all lend-lease exports, amounting to more than 31 billion dollars by June 30 last, had been exported directly to the United Kingdom, whereas reverse lend-lease aid from the British was less than four billion dollars.

We cite these figures not to decry the small size of the net claim lodged against the British on lend-lease and surplus property account but as an illustration of the insuperable difficulties that would have confronted us if we had chalked up the original cost of our indirect contributions to the winning of the war against our allies. Had we done so, it would have been a futile proceeding, for the old saying, that you can't extract blood from a turnip, sums up the British situation quite fairly. Had we added such claims to those of Britain's other creditors, we should have killed any hope of the definitive and liberal settlement of financial obligations which has permitted Great Britain to emerge once again as a solvent nation ready to join with us to widen the channels of world commerce.

Intelligence Agency

Congress, engrossed as it is at present in an expose of the inadequacy of this country's prewar intelligence system, has acted summarily to cut off funds for one of the most vital units in a sound postwar intelligence operation. It has forced the Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Service to cease the monitoring of foreign radio broadcasts—one of the most fruitful keys to understanding of the trend of events in foreign lands. The suspension was motivated by the most reckless sort of pennywise economy in the House of Representatives. And one may reasonably wonder whether many members of the House had any real understanding of the effect of what they did.

The House, in passing its extravagant rescision bill, lopped $930,000 off the funds previously granted to the Federal Communications Commission. The Senate, apprised of the need for services which would have been suspended by this cut, restored the full amount. But in conference, without any regard for the merits of the matter, a compromise was effected restoring just half of the disputed sum, just enough to continue essential domestic monitoring, but reducing the FCC appropriation by $465,000—the amount needed to continue operation of the FBIS. Paradoxically, in the same bill, money was allowed to the State Department to take over from OSS and OWI personnel whose precise function it is to analyze the broadcast material provided by the FBIS. These analysts will now have no material to work on. Similarly the State Department's new Information Division preparing overseas broadcasts will be deprived of knowledge concerning the foreign ideas about America which their programs are intended to correct.

We see no remedy for this sort of hit-and-miss approach to the intelligence needs of the Government save through the establishment of a comprehensive, independent intelligence service. President Truman should propose such a service to Congress without delay and should request funds for the operation of all units needed to make it genuinely effective. We think it beyond question that the FBIS is one such unit; and we hope that the President will act before the agency's highly skilled personnel is permanently lost to the Government. In the meantime, one of the regular operating departments of the Government which makes use of FBIS material ought to be able to find funds to keep it in being. We cannot frame a sound foreign policy without eyes and ears to learn what is going forward in the world around us.

NOT THIS IS TERROR

I fear no ancient hospitality
Extended underground, or that the lid
That stares me back will frame a face more strange
Than any mirror did.

Nor that the straitened pressure on the ring
Of silence tightening on a dusty heart
Will make a force to rock the patient stone,
And burst the boards apart.

Not this is terror, since no other road
Is open, since on frail precarious trust
I take this blackness; other mouths have dined
Contentedly on dust.

This sore exchange for breath is well designed
To snuff the burning core of our desire,
By red-sealed act of birth alike consigned
To earth, or sea, or fire.

For stones a pillow, and by roots embraced,
To sleep returned, from sleep so lately come,
Be easy, little bones! For here is laid
The traveller, come home.

FRANCES MINTURN HOWARD

Paeific Affairs

By Audrey Menefee

Far East Monitoring

THE BATTLE for the peace in East Asia is being waged furiously today over radio transmitters from the Siberian border to Calcutta. In China, Java and Indo-China the radio propaganda campaigns are already fever-charting armed conflict.

It would seem to be a most inauspicious time for Congress to cut off Federal radio monitoring, especially from the turbulent areas of the Far East. In refusing to grant appropriations for the Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Service this week, we became the only nation in the world to abandon this rich war-born source of information.

In some Far Eastern areas rebel transmitters are giving the people of this country their only news beyond what the uneasy governments feed through their censorship. The broadcasts from northern China are a case in point.

RIGHT NOW IT is considered vital to get all available information from the warring factions in China in order that this Nation's policies can keep abreast of changing conditions there. But the Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Service has the only American listening post powerful enough to pick up the feeble transmissions of the Communists' little hand-operated sending set in Yenan.

The transmissions began in September, 1944, and the FBIS has monitored them ever since. They have provided us with an hour or more of first-hand information daily concerning the activities of the millions of Chinese in the area, as well as the programs of the Communist government. In the absence of this daily code transmission we shall have to depend largely on "leaks" from Chungking, since the State Department does not release the reports of its observers in Yenan and few newspaper correspondents are permitted to travel there.

It may be assumed that this Government is interested also in what Russia is saying in its daily Japanese, Russian, and Chinese-language broadcasts beamed to Asia. These news and propaganda talks may be increasingly useful in revealing Soviet intentions toward the Far East; they will be especially important to watch in the immediate future in connection with such crucial areas as Manchuria, North China, Mongolia and Sinkiang.

Every nation in the Far East has built transmitters for international propaganda broadcasts, and the governments intend to use them. All but the rebel ("free") radios are government controlled. The broadcasts invariably reflect official policy in both foreign and domestic affairs. With events moving so rapidly in that part of the world we cannot hope to compete with other nations, at least in the information field, if we sever our contact with these sources of radio intelligence.

Unless the State Department acts rapidly to take over the functions of FBIS, its excellent Far Eastern staff—already seriously depleted since V-J Day—will be totally scattered.

Many of these people have followed the eccentricities of individual Asiatic radios for years, and they are in the rare class known as "transmitter experts." Their highly specialized skill enables them to spot the beginnings of significant trends which would be missed by others. They know which stations and beams are used to launch trial balloons or to provoke international reactions or to plant rumors.

THEY EVEN KNOW which speakers have inside information not available to other broadcasters. And they are trained to catch the obscure campaigns which, like a chronic low-grade fever, characterize certain transmitters when the government is making a change in the direction of its national policies.

FBIS' brief prewar history provided ample evidence that peacetime monitoring can be enormously useful in revealing areas of unrest or of potential aggression. Japan's plans for conquest were reflected in its broadcasts for several months before Pearl Harbor.

According to an FBIS report issued on October 25, 1941, the Japanese radios were "making clear hints that aggressive action may be decided upon in the Diet meeting on November 15." On October 29 Japanese broadcasts were calmly predicting "war within a few weeks now." We ignored those danger signs, but we know better now.

Future trouble in Asia will not start in Japan, but there are still large and disturbed regions where we have few official observers, and where communication of any kind is slow and perilous. It is a dangerous thing to isolate ourselves, at this moment in history, from the instantaneous intelligence available to us in short-wave Asiatic broadcasts.

"Mexican Border"

I have just read a letter in your paper, of December 5, from Laredo, Tex., telling of the way tourists are held up at the Mexican border, with implications of extortion on the part of Mexican officials. I have crossed the Mexican border three times, twice in the past two years. Never once have I experienced or known of fellow tourists being subjected to extortion from Mexican officials. On the contrary they are very liberal in their treatment of tourists. Mexico has great regard for the United States of America—but many of them would like to go to war with Texas, possibly because of people like the writer from Laredo.

DR. RILEY D. MOORE.
Washington, Dec. 5.

The British Loan

By Barnet Nover

New Experiment In Mutual Aid

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN financial agreement now reached after arduous negotiations lasting three months is the most constructive development in the field of international affairs since the signing of the United Nations Charter last June.

Differing radically in form and content from the lend-lease arrangement that dominated the economic relations between the two countries during the war, the agreement, like lend-lease, is an experiment in mutual aid.

There is nothing one-sided about it. It confers no benefits on one country without reciprocating concessions by the other. And even the concessions are concessions in name only. Each of them will, in the long run, benefit the giver no less than the receiver.

INDEED, if the agreement lives up to its intended purpose and is fully carried out, the entire world will benefit.

As President Truman and Prime Minister Attlee point out in their joint statement, the arrangements just reached should have the following beneficial consequences:

1. Put an end to the fear of an economically divided world.

2. Make possible, throughout the world, the expansion of employment and of production, exchange and consumption of goods.

3. Bring into being, for the first time, a common code of equitable rules for the conduct of international trade policies and relations.

THREE PROBLEMS faced the conferees when they first met three months ago.

The first was the problem arising out of Britain's financial exhaustion as a result of six years of war. To carry on the war, Great Britain had been forced to sacrifice most of her export trade and, until the lend-lease arrangement was made, the great bulk of her once-extensive foreign assets as well.

In consequence of these sacrifices, Great Britain cannot from her own resources pay at this time for essential purchases of food and raw materials from abroad. It may be five or six years or longer before she has built up an export trade adequate for her needs, which means large enough to enable her to pay for essential imports as well as charges on any loans she may find it necessary to contract in the meantime.

Taking this circumstance into account, the agreement establishes a line of credit for Great Britain. Between the time the agreement is ratified and December 31, 1951, she will be able to draw up to $3,750,000,000 on this account. The loan up to then will be interest free. After 1951, Great Britain will pay an interest rate of 2 per cent and part of the principle.

Since it is to our interest to find markets for our producers of food and raw materials and since it is also to our interest to help put Great Britain, one of the most important of our prewar customers, on her feet, this loan will be beneficial to us as well as to that country.

SECONDLY, there was the problem of settling lend-lease accounts.

The purpose of lend-lease was to secure victory over the common enemy. That purpose has been achieved. To have the problem of payments hanging over the heads of Great Britain and the United States would not be in the interests of either.

The slate is now wiped clean. For lend-lease goods supplied after VJ-Day and for the transfer to the United Kingdom of surplus goods and properties in that country, Great Britain is to pay 650 million dollars.

THE THIRD PROBLEM that faced the conferences was the problem of commercial policy.

For some years the United States has been seeking to break the log jam of world trade that set in during the 1920s with the Hawley-Smoot tariff, which in turn led to a vast multiplication of restrictions on the free flow of goods and services between the countries of the world.

To that end we negotiated a series of reciprocal trade agreements. But those agreements could by themselves do little more than temporarily arrest the movement toward the formation of closed economic blocs.

Yet, given the present state of the world, the pressure for the creation of such blocs and of multiple other restrictions on international trade is very great.

In the case of Great Britain, for instance, her financial distress forced her to bring closer within her financial and hence trading orbit the countries forming part of the so-called sterling area, and thus force them to do more trading among themselves rather than the rest of the world.

GREAT BRITAIN has now agreed to break up the closed sterling bloc so as to permit the nations now forming part of that bloc to trade freely with whomever they want to. The United States will thus be able to sell its goods free of onerous restrictions in an important part of the world at present largely closed to us.

Furthermore, Great Britain has agreed to join with the United States and other countries in a conference next summer whose purpose it will be to bring about the relaxing of trade barriers of all kinds.

These negotiations, says the agreement, "will relate to tariffs and preferences, quantitative restrictions, subsidies, state trading, cartels and other types of trade barriers."

Should that aim be achieved, the effect is likely to prove enormously beneficial to all the nations of the world. Only in a world of free-flowing trade can we have that world prosperity without which world peace would prove a mirage.

Letters To The Editor

Communications must carry writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters should be held to not more than 200 words. They are subject to condensation.

Mr. Bevin's Speech

In *The Post* of November 28 Mr. Ernest Lindley devoted his column to one of the most amazing events of recent years—Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin's recent speech in the British House of Commons.

Here is the Foreign Secretary of one of the three powerful nations now remaining on earth proclaiming to his own people and the world, "I am willing to sit with anybody, or any party, of any nation to try to devise a franchise or constitution . . . for a world assembly . . . with a limited objective—the objective of peace." The context of this appeal makes clear Mr. Bevin's conviction that only through a world assembly, responsible to and elected directly by the peoples of the world, can law replace war in settling the affairs of men and nations. "There has never been a war yet which, if the facts had been put calmly before the ordinary folk, could not have been prevented . . ." says Mr. Bevin. Not a single voice was raised in the House of Commons against Mr. Bevin. Apparently Britain is ready.

But where are we?

Why is there no reply to Mr. Bevin? Apparently we are even pretending we did not hear. But we cannot succeed at that. We are on the spot, and Mr. Bevin has put us there. Whether we act or whether we fail to act, we shall influence the course of history beyond our capacity to imagine.

Mr. Bevin has pledged his strength to world government and universal law and asked for volunteers.

Our silence at this moment will place the great power of the United States behind the old ways of war and diplomacy—of force and fraud. If we want the world governed by reason and law we must at least stand up and say so when the call for volunteers is sounded.

JANICE HOLLAND.
Washington, Dec. 1.

Annamese Viewpoint

The French are coming back to Indo-China to bring about law and order to that land which has long suffered under Japanese occupation. Yet what happened in Indo-China in those 20 years under French rule?

There were uprisings in the whole country, reflected by the revolts at Thai-nguyen, at Yen-Bay, at Co-am, at Lang-son in Tonkin, followed by the revolts at Nghe-an, at Ha-tinh in Annam, and the revolts at My-tho in Cochin-China.

Every single one of those movements for human rights was called a Communist riot by the French government and was smashed by the Legion Corps or by Senegalese troops. Or, even worse, to eliminate every trace of the "rioters," the French government went so far as to destroy whole villages with their inhabitants, by massing troops with machine-guns to block the means of escape, then used planes to pour down gasoline and burn out every single house.

Using force to conquer is not the principle of any democratic nation and, if thanks to outside help, there is any chance for France to dominate Indo-China once again, France will never have the genuine cooperation of the Indo-Chinese people. The peace we were all fighting for will not exist for the 25 million people of Indo-China.

For the sake of the Indo-Chinese as well as for the sake of the French people, can France put her cards on the table, before the UNO, to show the Indo-Chinese her good will for a better world among all peace-loving peoples?

ANNAMESE IN USA.
San Francisco, Calif., Dec. 1.

Public Responsibility

Is it not high time that the people of America become articulate on the subject of sending relief to Europe's suffering millions? Too long have we sat back and watched politicians playing their own peculiar kind of ball with the desperate needs of our fellow men. Congress has yet to pass the appropriations asked by UNRRA. Each day's delay means death and starvation for thousands for want of funds and food of which our country has aplenty. If we possess ought of human compassion, let us speak out now before it is too late.

The common man in Nazi Germany has been held guilty for his passive acceptance of the brutalities committed by his government. Because of apathy or fear the German people failed to speak out in opposition to the inhumanity of their rulers. The fact that there was no freedom of the press and that to speak meant persecution or death, still does not exonerate them from a share in their country's guilt. Yet we who can express ourselves freely and without fear remain indifferent and aloof to the pitiful condition of the victims of Nazi rule. By the same standards that we judge the German people, can we consider ourselves guiltless?

MRS. ROBERT F. GIBSON, Jr.
Alexandria, Va., Dec. 5.

Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

Vinson And Clayton

NOW THAT THE British-United States loan proposal has been officially unveiled, it will promptly move into the arena of politics. We are certain to hear a great deal of noisy, irresponsible oratory that will have very little to do with the proposition.

In view of the political huggermugger certain to follow, it is interesting to examine the personalities of the two men who have directed the negotiations on the United States side of the conference table. They are Secretary of the Treasury Fred Vinson and Assistant Secretary of State William L. Clayton.

They are two of the ablest men in the Truman Administration. What is perhaps even more important from the political perspective, not by any trick of distortion can they be made to look like the caricatured New Dealer who has so often been waved as a bogey to defeat anything and everything.

THEY ARE BOTH practical men. They both, to use a phrase beloved of those who oppose anything Government proposes, came up the hard way. They both retain out of the past a forthrightness and a directness characteristic of an earlier America.

Vinson worked his way up from a small law practice in Louisa, Ky., to become first a judge, then a member of Congress. Through several terms he learned the ways of Washington which was one of the reasons President Roosevelt named him Economic Stabilizer in 1943.

Clayton's initial success came in another field. With great shrewdness and foresight he developed a world-wide business in cotton and other commodities.

His knowledge of world trade came out of his own far-reaching operations.

Because of his business past, he took a great deal of criticism after he entered the Government that was not merely unfair but downright dishonest. Unlike his good friend from Texas, Jesse Jones, Clayton has profited by his Washington apprenticeship.

He is largely responsible for the proposed international trade organization, the outline of which was made public along with the terms of the British-United States loan. Putting the trade organization idea up to Byrnes with a recommendation that it be made public, Clayton wrote out of his experience in business and Government.

"All countries are faced by serious commercial problems and are taking action on them every day. Unless they act together, they will act at cross purposes and may well do serious damage to each other. But if they do act together, there is every possibility that the peoples of the world may enjoy, in our lifetime, a higher degree of prosperity and welfare than they have ever had before. Powers of production are now the greatest that the world has known. To bring them into play requires agreement on principles of exchange and distribution which will permit trade, production, employment and consumption all to expand together."

WHEN CLAYTON and Vinson go to Congress to be asked about the loan, they will go with the deep conviction of its necessity. They know full well how serious will be the consequences if this effort fails. They know that failure can open the door to the manifold evils of a trade war around the globe.

Theirs will not be an easy task. It looks like an awful lot of money—$3,750,000,000. Yet measured in terms of the treasure we spent in the war, it is small, only the cost of 15 days of modern warfare at an average of 250 million dollars a day.

One hot political issue will be the right of American commercial planes to land on British soil and especially that empire soil in various corners of the world which was improved with American money and American toil. The joint statement by the two countries says that such "urgent problems" are to be taken up separately and as early as possible.

One of them, it happens, is now being worked out at a British-United States conference in Bermuda. Reports from there indicate marked success thus far in ironing out the sharp differences that have existed in international communications. In spite of what seems to be the beginning of a rate war in the air, the same thing may be possible with aviation.

The issue is so clear. It is one world or no world.

Send Blankets

Last week I heard speak John Barwick, who is a worker with prisoners of war in Europe. He is in the employ of the World YMCA and the Church of the Brethren. Mr. Barwick has just flown from Germany, and he described the horrible conditions among the displaced persons in the transit camps there. He saw as many as five persons sleeping under one thin blanket in below-freezing temperatures, and they were lying on stone floors. One purpose of his trip back to America is that of getting blankets sent over there at once.

Then today I read in Drew Pearson's column that the Army has 33 million surplus blankets. Should not these be sent to Europe at once? It is not only un-Christian and selfish not to do so, it is downright dangerous to our own Army of occupation. Exposure leads to disease, and disease germs are no respecter of persons.

EVELYN R. MILLER.
Bridgewater, Va., Dec. 3.

Today and Tomorrow

By Walter Lippmann

The British-American Agreement

IF THERE IS any difficulty in either country, it will not be because the men who have negotiated the agreement are withholding information about it. The difficulty is not, as in many other negotiations, censorship and secrecy but the contrary: whether enough people will take the trouble to listen to the information and the explanations which the men who worked out the agreement are panting to impart.

LIPPMANN

THE OFFICIAL discussions in Washington lasted 12 weeks, and they were preceded by informal discussions in London and in Washington over a period of many months. They have been private. But they have not been secret.

They have been private in the sense that neither the British nor the Americans have made public statements until the day arrived when they had argued out all their differences. But there has never been a time when a member of Congress or a journalist or anyone else in public life could not get a full explanation of what were the problems, the issues, the alternative solutions, the political difficulties. The proof is that, except on a few details which were settled in the last hours, there are no surprises in the agreement, nothing of importance which has not been forecast and reported.

If there is any mystery about this thing, it is like the mystery of the insides of a watch and what makes it tick. We all could know that but in general only men who make and repair watches really do know it—and they would have nervous prostration if they had to explain it all to everyone who buys a watch.

THERE IS ANOTHER difficulty which arises out of the notion that in an international transaction there is always a winner and a loser. Many men find it hard to believe that there can be an international arrangement by which everyone gains. This is, however, such an arrangement. There is nothing that either government has conceded which it would have been more profitable to its people not to concede.

We, for example, are allowing the British government to borrow up to 3¾ billions over a period of about six years. They will use it as working capital, chiefly to buy food and raw materials until their industries have been reconverted from war and can again earn the money abroad to pay for what Britain must buy abroad.

If we are giving up anything or are losing anything here, then so also is any banker who extends a line of credit to a productive business which is expected to be earning its way with a profit. No one thinks the banker is losing, conceding, or performing an act of charity, and neither are we when we provide working capital to a country which is as productive as Britain.

NOR HAVE THE British conceded anything to us which would have made them better off if they had not. They are paying for this money, hiring it as Calvin Coolidge used to say, a very little less than what the United States Government will pay our people for this money.

No doubt it would seem easier if they did not have to pay for it at all. But in fact it would be harder. For their whole position in the world, what they think about themselves and what the world thinks about them, would have been lowered if they had emerged from the war as dependents of the United States.

They get from the transaction not only the working capital they must have immediately but also something which is of infinite value to any great international trading community: a mutual recognition of their own inherent solvency.

THERE IS NO doubt that the benefits of the agreement go far beyond the immediate financial effects of the credit itself. The arrangement makes it possible to open up trade between and within the regions of the world where the dollar and sterling are international money. These regions do at least half of all the international business of the world. This is enough to make it reasonably sure that a relatively free rather than a closely and narrowly regimented system of trade shall survive, and flourish well enough to held its own, and in the end to prevail.

If Britain and America went their separate ways, which would have to happen if this agreement failed, then there would be no conceivable way of maintaining any kind of free economy in the world. The world would become divided into small economic regions, bureaucratically controlled, and no amount of speechmaking about free enterprise would then save free enterprise.

BRITAIN AND the countries of the sterling area, together with the United States, Canada, and the countries which have dollars or the equivalent, are the mainstays of the international economy. This fact makes the loan to Britain a wholly different proposition from loans which may be asked for countries like Russia or China. The British loan is indispensable to us if there is to be a system of world trade to which our own economic system is suited.

In the last anlysis, though the money goes to the British government and will help the British people through some of their immediate difficulties, it is an investment by the United States to restore and perpetuate that system of world trade which we believe in.

Loans to Russia and to China must rest on radically different considerations. Russia and China are not now great factors in world trade. They may become great factors. But they are not so now. It is possible to resume world trade. They may become great participation. Without Britain it is not possible.

LOANS TO RUSSIA and China would be investments in order to increase their productive capacity and then to raise the standard of life of two great peoples. That is surely a desirable thing to do. But the reasons for doing it, and the terms on which it could best be done, must in the nature of things be different from the reasons for this particular arrangement, and from the terms which have been agreed upon.

There ought to be no misunderstanding about that either here or abroad. If there is misunderstanding, it will come from those who have not understood the real character of the arrangement, or for reasons of their own prefer to misunderstand it.

Off the Record

By Ed Reed

"What time did you quit work yesterday, Ayers? I came in at four and felt your chair and it wasn't even warm!"

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

IF THE PEARL HARBOR Committee forces former Ambassador Joe Grew to make public his 13-volume diary, the Senate will get some juicy gossip, especially in regard to certain ladies of the Diplomatic Corps in Tokyo. The diary will not change the over-all picture regarding Pearl Harbor.

Some portions of the diary would be highly embarrassing to Grew, however, were they published. On December 8, 1941, for instance, the day after Pearl Harbor, when the Ambassador and his staff were confined by the Japs to the embassy grounds, Grew wrote a bitter denunciation of Roosevelt. He kept up this line of criticism until he returned to Washington, following which he changed his tune.

Back in Washington, Grew seemed to think that Japanese-American relations had been handled about as well as possible before Pearl Harbor and he became an ardent Roosevelt rooter, so much so that the President appointed him Undersecretary of State.

The Grew diary would also show that he had considered Emperor Hirohito a harmless and innocent little man whom it did not hurt to appease. Some people would get the idea from reading Grew's diary that he himself was an Emperor worshiper, though actually he believed that the institution of Emperor should be preserved to win over the Japanese people. This was why he went to the unusual length of writing a directive suppressing FCC intercepts of Jap broadcasts regarding the Emperor.

During most of Grew's term in Tokyo, he followed the Wall Street-Thomas Lamont line of letting the Japs have their heads. The diary shows that he was much opposed to Roosevelt's quarantine speech proposing a boycott against aggressor nations and that he favored the continuation of oil and scrap iron shipments to Japan as a policy of appeasement.

Note—At one time Collier's planned to write a series of articles based on the Grew diary, but he would not permit publication of the more intimate portions and the deal blew up. Cordell Hull was highly incensed that outsiders had been permitted to see these sections.

GI Chaff

AT THE PHILADELPHIA Navy Yard, a total of 12 cars of aviators' leather jackets valued at $42 each are being slashed up the back so they can be condemned and then burned. Men working in the Navy Yard protested, even asked if they could purchase some of the coats. They were overruled by the admiral . . . Why not let discharged aviators take their coats home or else ship them to Europe for UNRRA relief purposes? . . . When Leo Crowley was head of the Foreign Economic Administration, he set up machinery for revamping cast-off Army clothing into relief apparel . . . Very belatedly, Maj. Gen. Norman Kirk, the Surgeon General, has got around to releasing a dribble of dentists and doctors. The number released is still nothing compared to what the country needs. However, Kirk is still holding several thousand X-ray, dental and laboratory technicians, most of them loafing around with only a couple of hours work each day. They are being held despite the fact that they have ample discharge points and despite the fact that civilian hospitals are desperately hard up for technicians . . . Unfortunately General Marshall's promise to discharge United States soldiers who were held captive by the Germans for more than 60 days isn't being carried out in many camps. Some former United States prisoners are even given the distasteful job of guarding Germans.

Annapolis Politics

A LOT OF NAVY politics is mixed up in backstage maneuvering of certain admirals as to whether they should give the Navy Medal of Honor to Father Joe O'Callahan, heroic chaplain of the stricken airplane carrier Franklin.

Reason for the maneuvering is that, if the Medal of Honor goes to the chaplain, the Board of Awards also feels that it will have to given an equal award to Capt. Lesley E. Gehres, skipper of the Franklin. And he is not an Annapolis graduate. So the Annapolis grads on the board have held back the Medal of Honor to both Father O'Callahan and Captain Gehres.

Meanwhile, Father O'Callahan has become the only man in history to turn down the Navy Cross. This lesser decoration has been offered him by the Navy, but he has politely declined. The Navy itself gave out the information that he was to receive the Medal of Honor, and he is waiting for them to carry out that public statement.

Note—The men on the Franklin, both Catholic and Protestant, pay tribute to Chaplain O'Callahan as the bravest man they ever saw. It was he who led a fire-fighting brigade into the powder magazines to put out a fire which threatened to blow up the ship.

Capitol Chaff

MRS. TRUMAN has resumed Mrs. Roosevelt's custom of giving afternoon teas. General Eisenhower turned up at tea this week clad in battle jacket with a large wool muffler wrapped round his throat. "The doctor says I have to wear it," he explained. . . . No cocktails or other stimulants were served except tea and coffee . . . News executive Frank Mason ex of the INS and now writing for NANA was guest of honor at a party given by Dolly Gann, half-sister of late Vice President Curtis. She is already panting at the thought of having the Republicans back in office . . . Mason, just reutrned from Germany, made quite a speech telling how Supreme Court Justice Bob Jackson was getting into more and more trouble with his War Crimes Trial in Germany. Frank seemed to think that Jackson went in for too much legal rigmarole and that without too much delay the Nazis should be stood up and shot . . . Senator Magnuson of Washington is urging President Truman to appoint two women on the U. S. Delegation to the United Nations. He especially urges Ruth Bryan Rohde, daughter of William Jennings Bryan, a Democrat, and Congresswoman Bolton of Cleveland, a Republican. Though Clare Luce is supposed to be the most beautiful member of Congress and Magnuson the handsomest, he did not urge Mrs. Luce for the job.

Senator Bilbo's Pickets

DESPITE rumors that Senator Bilbo is paying to have himself picketed, reports that his picket line will follow him to Mississippi at Christmas sent the ball-bearing tongued Senator into fresh spasms of fury the other day. Pounding a table in the Senate dining room, he almost swallowed a mouthful of his favorite corn pone.

"If those pickets follow me to Mississippi, they better buy one-way tickets," roared the pint-sized Senator. "There's a big lake near my property. I think I'll add some water to it."

Bilbo failed to say whether the pickets should bring bathing suits, or just what he had in mind for them in connection with the lake.

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Novelist to Speak At Endeavor Meeting

Miss Temple Bailey, novelist, will speak on "Books That Should Be Written" at the Covenant Christian Endeavor Fellowship of the Covenant-First Presbyterian Church tomorrow, during its devotional hour from 7 to 8 p. m. A light supper and a social hour will be held from 6 to 7 p. m. All young adults, especially men and women in uniform, are cordially invited to attend.

Luther Rice Men's Class To Hear Rep. Priest

Representative J. Percy Priest of Tennessee, will address the Luther Rice Men's Class at the First Baptist Church, 16th and O sts. nw., tomorrow at 10 a. m. A member of the board of deacons of the church, Congressman Priest is one of 15 Bible students who have taught this class on various Sundays during the past year.

232 District Men and Women Discharged From 8 Centers

Two hundred thirty-two District men and women have been discharged, according to announcements made yesterday by eight separation centers.

Discharged at Fort George G. Meade, Md.:

Pfc. Junius M. Davidson, 1921 8th st. nw.
Pfc. William H. Tanner, 69 R st. nw.
Pfc. Otis Prashley, 1236 N. Jersey ave. nw.
T/4 H. T. Shorter, 238 Brooks Ct. nw.
T/4 Clarence E. Jordan, 733 Harvard st. nw.
Sergt. Wilmer S. Sparrow, 5410 MacArthur blvd. nw.
Sergt. T. H. Halloway, 1064 Columbia rd. nw.
S/Sergt. L. D. Chisholm, 3706 Ingomar nw.
Pvt. Clyde Ashley, 1220 Ft. nw.
S/Sergt. John S. Ferguson, 1713 19th st. nw.
Sergt. Herman C. Lewis, 1538 Upshur nw.
Pfc. Orville C. Barber, 2000 Adams st. nw.
T/4 Jewell W. Duley, 609 23rd st. nw.
Pvt. Samuel Washington, 1003 Fairmont nw.
Pvt. Bernard F. Turner, 715 6th st. ne.
Sergt. Thomas S. Coleman, 1833 13th st. nw.
Cpl. Robert Oaton, 1516 4th st. nw.
Cpl. Rufus C. Makepeace, 1440 W st. nw.
Pfc. James R. Ball, 1044 U st. ne.
Corp. Joseph R. Richards, 2009 7th st. ne.
Cpl. Edward G. Hansen, 1418 R st. nw.
Corp. Irving M. Medd, 2240 Illinois ave. nw.
Pfc. James H. Randall, 7301 Brinkley rd. se.
Pfc. Robert T. Schools, jr., 53 U st. nw.
T/5 Nathan P. Fowler, 2021 Nelson pl. se.
T/5 Dean R. Long, 6230 14th st. nw.
Sergt. Johnny L. Darden, 709 18th st. ne.
Pfc. John A. Cabeen, 1822 38th st. nw.
T/5 Robert L. Howard, 2321 G st. nw.
Pvt. John S. Morgan, 719 2d st. sw.
T/5 Francis W. Hillsery, 3 Fowlers Hill nw.
1/Sergt. J. E. Robinson, 1418 Morris rd. se.
Corpl. Clarence E. Palmer, Washington, D. C.
Pfc. Lonnie Goodman, 471 C st. se.
Pfc. James T. Tabron, 3211 Sherman ave. nw.
Pvt. Milton Beandrot, 720 34th st. ne.
Corpl. F. V. Hovermale, 1836 Calvert st. nw.
Sergt. E. E. Williamson, 819 12th st. ne.
Sergt. David E. Daniel, 1632 Central pl. ne.
Sergt. William A. Butler, 1731 T st. nw.
S/Sergt. Howard Johnson, PO Box 2044.
Pvt. Thomas P. Thompson, 1432 S st. nw.
T/4 John O. Whittaker, 2342 Warren st. ne.
Pvt. C. W. Holmon, 2218 Virginia ave. nw.
Pvt. W. W. Burnett, 4815 46th st. nw.
T/Sergt. M. Lathbert, 1448 Oglen st. nw.
S/Sergt. Theodore W. Williams, jr., 319 Rhode Island ave. nw.
T/Sergt. Edward P. Dargan, 2847 Minnesota ave. se.
Pvt. Thomas W. Ashton, 1581 Church st. nw.
Pfc. W. E. Bommarvill, 1446 Reservoir rd. nw.
Corpl. F. V. Mann, 1303 Harvard ave. nw.
T/4 Eugene Love, 4923 Orchard st. nw.
T/4 Harry D. Burroughs, 1732 27th st.
Corpl. Raymond E. Booth, 122 18th st. ne.
Sergt. Wendell Wilson, 4815 Edna pl. nw.
S/Sergt. C. A. Talbert, 1428 Spring rd. nw.
M/Sergt. Lloyd D. Draper, 1915 37th nw.
Pfc. William B. Dancer, 910 Irving st. nw.
Pvt. James H. Hall, 2021 16th st. nw.
Corpl. W. V. Turner, 930 Florida ave. nw.
T/5 Robert P. Tolson, 14 Q st. ne.
Pfc. John F. Walker, 723 Howard rd. se.
Sergt. Earl Williams, 1731 Willard st. nw.
S/Sergt. James Dudley, 131 1st. se.
Pfc. Samuel Morrow, 810 C st. ne.
Pfc. Queen W. Randolph, 409 58th pl. ne.
T/4 John W. Harris, 3610 Rock Creek Church rd. nw.
Pvt. Louis E. Taylor, 2418 17th st. nw.
1/Sergt. Edwin Givens, 520 R st. ne.
Pfc. Maurice A. Goodlow, 1125 30th st. se.
T/3 James E. Fyock, 1332 Newton st. nw.
Pvt. Charles R. Donahue, 330 6th st. se.
T/Sergt. James A. McDonnell, 1229 O nw.
Corpl. Lloyd B. Abraham, 2328 30th st. nw.
Pfc. Vincent F. Thomas, 4312 41st pl. se.
T/4 George J. Chacosas, 810 6th st. ne.
M/Sergt. J. F. Quidley, 4913 Illinois ave. nw.
T/4 James W. Waters, 617 G st. se.
Pfc. Marvin W. Lonas, 1326 Harrison st. nw.
Pvt. G. C. Castillo, 3006 32d stt. nw.
Corpl. Richard E. O'Roark, 712 9th st. se.
T/5 Hugh T. Brown, 5311 16th st. nw.
T/3 Frank J. Marchant, 1301 Chapman nw.
T/5 John U. Duley, 1828 F st. nw.
T/5 Dozie D. Richardson, 1109 Rhode Island ave. nw.
Sergt. R. O. Daly, jr., 1034 Vermont ave.
T/5 Kermit Ables, 5000 Jay st. ne.
T/4 H. E. Reeves, 7444 Georgia ave. nw.
T/Sergt. J. K. Wood, Wardman Pk. Hotel.
S/Sergt. Earl E. Smith, 1811 M. Dunbar nw.
S/Sergt. M. K. Johnston, 1311 Emerson nw.
Pvt. Henry W. West, 4411 Sheriff rd. ne.
Pfc. Luther Wynn, 507 2d st. nw.
Pfc. Elliott L. Rodda, 604 O st. ne.
Pfc. Colie Elliott, 3722 Foote st. ne.
Corpl. Lowell C. Howard, 908 18th st. ne.
T/5 John Jackson jr., 1351 2d st. ne.
1/Sergt. Robert E. Smith, 3020 M st. se.
Pfc. F. Sids, 4141 N. Hampshire ave. nw.
Pfc. William O. Kevil, 1807 20th pl. se.
Pfc. Joseph T. Daly, 543 Raleigh st. se.
Sergt. James R. Berry, 701 Irving st. nw.
S/Sergt. James R. Walker, 1351 Girard nw.
S/Sergt. Francis W. Blackwell, 1101 O nw.
T/3 Frederick C. Watkins, 1636 6th st. nw.
T/5 Arthur McDonald, 4109 11th st. se.
Pfc. H. E. Jones, 1018 Wentworth ave. ne.
T/Sergt. A. F. Plater, 1139 Whittingham pl. ne.
Pvt. Garnie Hyatt, 1231 7th st. nw.
1/Sergt. E. N. Williams, 2835 13th st. nw.
Pfc. William E. Wilson, 1540 Covington nw.
Pfc. Sylvester Proctor, 619 3d st. nw.
Pfc. Nathaniel T. Humphey, 415 Oakdale pl. nw.
Pfc. Ernest P. Hawkins, 48 S st. nw.
Pvt. John C. Haigley, 1428 1st st. nw.
T/5 John H. Ryan, 2127 P st. nw.
T/5 Paul W. Hall, 3375 Bancs st. ne.
T/5 Warren H. Smallwood, 1418 W st. nw.
Corpl. R. V. Herbst, 3425 Foothill rd. nw.
Sergt. Harry F. Tompkins, 1432 S st. nw.
Sergt. William E. Coburn, 4813 14th st. nw.
Sergt. William T. Pleod, 270 18th st. se.
Pfc. John R. Swann, 474 O st. nw.
Pfc. Sterling Lee, 1448 Monroe st. ne.
Corpl. John H. Nichols, 704 3d st. se.
Pfc. Adam McLean, 3507 Ingomar st. nw.
Pfc. E. M. Grinder, 1747 Upshur st. nw.
Sergt. B. Clarke, 1756 Columbia rd. nw.
Sergt. F. W. Dixon, 255 Kentucky ave. se.
Pfc. Leroy S. Snyder, 1741 L st. ne.
Pfc. R. J. Dunham, 2303 Tunlaw rd. nw.
S/Sergt. R. C. Campbell, 1347 Sheridan nw.
T/5 Ralph A. Thomas, 704 4th st. ne.
Sergt. Jack L. Jobe, c/o Mrs. Cecelia Peterson, 2321 Connecticut ave. nw.
Corpl. Albert B. Stapler, 458 Oakwood st. se.
Corpl. Clarence S. Walsh, 1404 M st. nw.
Corpl. Wilfred H. Nelson, 240 12th pl. ne.
M/Sergt. Howard A. Grubb, 100 19th st. se.
Sergt. George E. Cronin, 3017 W st. nw.
Corpl. James B. Johnson, 1613 17th pl. se.
Corpl. John M. Reed, 3904 Legation st. nw.
T/Sergt. Curtis W. Ragsdale, 1701 16th nw.
S/Sergt. F. S. Addis, 4415 N. Hampshire ave. nw.
S/Sergt. David C. Mated, 121 18th st. se.
Sergt. J. W. Richardson, 328 Ridge rd. se.
T/4 Everett Hollar, 4642 Hilltop ter. se.
T/5 Harrel S. Lawson, 504 21st st. nw.
Pvt. John P. Knight, 315 Indiana ave. nw.
Sergt. Lee A. Gnotta, 1343 Randolph st. nw.
Pfc. Earl Davis, 414 1st st. nw.
T/5 Thomas O. McFarland, 4040 2d st. nw.
Corpl. C. W. Lindenberger, 3230 N. Capitol.
Pfc. Price E. Nicholas, 1902 Vermont ave. nw.
Pfc. John L. Jones, 3213 Military rd. nw.
T/4 Charles L. Poole, 103 Thlland ter. ne.
T/4 M. F. Stillman, 2222 Randolph pl. ne.
T/5 Shelton R. Moseburg, 404 16th ne.
Pfc. R. L. Baucum, 2835 Georgia ave. nw.
T/5 Daniel E. Malley, 1316 Kirby st. nw.
T/3 Charles L. Hawkins, 6320 Walker Mill rd. se.
T/3 Andrew W. Campbell, 716 Morton st. nw.
Corpl. J. S. Blackstone, 619 43d st. ne.
Pfc. Melvin Johnson, 307 3d st. se.
Pfc. J. R. Haskins, 1015 Monroe st. nw.
Pfc. Lloyd M. Allen, 7 Logan Circle nw.
T/5 James D. Springs, 5521 Jay st. ne.
T/5 John T. Raines, 1423 Jackston st. ne.
Pvt. Lloyd J. Franklin, 909 O st. nw.
Pvt. N. M. Blakeley, 901 6th st. se.
Pfc. Francis G. Steward sr., 808 Hamlworth ave. ne.
Sergt. H. J. Burnett, 1902 Vermont ave. nw.
S/Sergt. James C. Carter, 1019 6th st. ne.
Pfc. Marion Hemmingway, 1825 14th nw.
Sergt. Alexander Gordon, c/o National Savings & Trust Co.
S/Sergt. W. H. Thompson, 1114 7th sw.
T/5 Vesta Chotterbuck, 1234 4th st. nw.
T/5 Lorsints A. Johnson, 525 Harvard nw.
S/Sergt. James Faust, 1427 8th st. nw.
S/Sergt. G. A. Newman, 3402 15th st. se.
S/Sergt K. N. Arrington, 1216 Randall pl.
T/Sergt. A. J. Carlucci, 3507 Brentwood rd. ne.
T/4 Jean P. Washington, 721 3d st. ne.
T/4 Thomas Henry, 1366 Canal st. nw.
T/4 Charles H. Ballard, 152 R st. ne.
Sergt. Herman J. Ford, 229 10th st. ne.
1/Sergt. C. F. Lankins, 1248 Hall st. nw.
T/Sergt. J. C. Hager, 1840 California st. nw.
T/5 Stanley L. Burt, 34 Todd pl. ne.
Pfc. Herbert Dyer, 1639 Kramer st. ne.
T/Sergt. P. M. Barrett, 403 Upshur st. nw.
Corpl. J. F. Haskins, 1775 California st. nw.
T/4 A. M. Brown, 224 Hollywood pl. ne.
T/4 Chester L. Sansbury, 1602 A st. ne.
S/Sergt. T. S. McMullen, 4030 Calvert nw.
Corpl. J. L. Mesnick, 3711 45th st. nw.
T/3 Ray W. Grim, 4106 14th st. nw.

Discharged at Andrews Field, Md.:

Corpl. Marcus Harvey, 1704 Capitol ave. ne.
S/Sergt. John D. Ramey, 2000 16th nw.
Sergt. Ral J. Solomon, 421 Farragut st. nw.
Corpl. C. W. Alexander, 1632 Newton st. ne.
Sergt. Gene C. Ewtit, 6909 Waukasha nw.
Sergt. Stuart B. Levi, 2315 40th pl. nw.
Pvt. Archie W. Hearn, 1117 9th st. nw.
Corpl. R. C. O'Toole, 5532 New Hampshire ave. nw.
Pvt. John J. Jones, 714 Park rd. nw.
T/Sergt. John W. Marshall, jr., 126 Quackenbos st. nw.
Pfc. Oscar J. Golson, 439 M st. nw.
Pfc. William D. Robert, 1430 Park rd. nw.
Pfc. T. Tenner, 5360 Oxon Hill rd. se.
Lieut. Col. Sydney B. Smith, 1613 Harvard st. nw.
Pvt. Joseph D. English, 1316 Euclid st. nw.

Discharged at Naval Personnel Center, 1320 G st. nw.:

Lieut. Jean A. Hoffman, 5100 Shadyside ave. se.
Lieut. James L. Reidy, 149 R st. ne.
Lieut. M. M. Gould, 2807 Connecticut ave. nw.
Lieut. John Panagos, 4323 19th st. nw.
Capt. H. S. Hoffman, 3916 Newark st. nw.
Lieut. Comdr. R. H. Wright, 3115 44th nw.
Lieut. Raymond A. Watson, 931 10th st. ne.

Discharged at Fort Belvoir, Va.:

T/5 Floyd Jennings, 4543 Nebraska ave. nw.
T/Sergt. Lawrence A. Rolline, 818 G st. se.

Discharged at Fort Dix, N. J.:

S/Sergt. Paul L. Desch, 1339 S st. nw.
Corpl. Alvin L. Dixon, 4001 Blaine st. ne.
Pfc. D. M. Primus, 424 Oklahoma ave. ne.
Pfc. Alva C. Trusit, 813 21st st. nw.
Pfc. J. V. White, 407 Connecticut ave. nw.

Discharged at Naval Barracks Separation Center, Washington, D. C.:

Sp. (q) 3/c Patricia A. Thompson, 4316 36th st. nw.
PhM 3/c Gertrude C. Rasmussen, 1468 Belmont st. nw.
Sp (x) 2/c Anna Lee Livesay, 1437 E Capitol st.

Discharged at Selfridge Field, Mich.:

S/Sergt. John L. Hartley, 2801 Pennsylvania ave. se.
Pfc. Jack Grove, 4322 4th st. nw.

Discharged elsewhere:

T/Sergt. Edward L. Foreman, 9 Girard st. ne., Glassboro, N. J.
Douglas K. Stevens, 2106 38th st. se., AAF Separation Base, Richmond, Va.

91 Men From Nearby Md., Va. Discharged by Armed Forces

Ninety-one nearby Maryland and Virginia men have been released from the armed forces through six separation centers, announcements revealed yesterday.

Maryland men discharged at Fort George G. Meade, Md.:

Pfc. Henry E. Fleming, 4008 Upshur st., Hyattsville.
Corpl. Malcolm Urward, 7008 Aspen ave., Takoma Park.
S/Sergt. Roderick Nast, 745 Thayer ave., Silver Spring.
T/5 Joseph Hudson, 8415 Dixon ave., Silver Spring.
T/5 Joseph Hudson, 8415 Dixon ave., Silver Spring.
T/5 Clifton E. Wims, c/o PM., Poolesville.
Pvt. Earl R. Archer, Route 3, Bethesda.
T/5 Seymour E. Eleis, 4716 Annapolis rd., Hyattsville.
Pfc. George E. Lavalle, 5013 Huron st., Berwyn.
Pfc. James W. Black, Seat Pleasant PO, Seat Pleasant.
Pfc. Daniel W. Berry, 708 Lorch ave., Takoma Park.
Corpl. William J. Brown, 7 Forest Grove dr., Silver Spring.
T/5 Earl E. Ming, Naval ave., Lanham.
Pfc. Richard E. Davis, 5503 43d pl., Hyattsville.
Sergt. George P. Moore, 18 Laurel Hill rd., Greenbelt.
S/Sergt. Hyman F. Sanders, 7 West Research rd. Greenbelt.
T/4 Kenneth J. Williams, 312 Timberwood ave., Silver Spring.
T/4 Bernard T. Klitz, Route 4, Rockville.
T/4 Art L. Keiser, 523 Dartmouth ave., Silver Spring.
T/5 Michael L. Brown, Route 1, Upper Marlboro.
Pvt. Richard Brown, c/o PM, Upper Marlboro.
Pfc. Thomas H. Proctor, c/o PM, Upper Marlboro.
S/Sergt. Alva B. Hoffman, 6627 47th pl., Riverdale.
Pvt. Carl R. Radtke, 4204 Newton st., Colmar Manor.
Corpl. George H. Lanhartt, 3805 Hamilton st., Hyattsville.
Corpl. Joseph L. Garlili, 3726 36th st., Mount Rainier.
T/5 Chester H. Cox, Silver Spring.
Corpl. Marshall W. Smith, 108 Kare st., Rockville.
Corpl. James B. Landis, 4531 Banner st. N. Brentwood.
Corpl. Bernard B. Fletcher, Box 66, Landover.
Pfc. Robert T. Armentrout, 4727 Woodbury pl., Riverdale.
T/5 Warren H. Kidwell, 3922 Nicholson st., Hyattsville.
Sergt. Kermit L. Johnson, 4206 Kaywood dr., Mount Rainier.
1/Sergt. Francis P. Best, 3106 Crittenden st., Hyattsville.
T/Sergt. Harold Gendman, 4315 28th pl., Kaywood Gardens, Mount Rainier.
S/Sergt. John O. England, Box 97, Rockville.

Virginia men discharged at Fort Meade, Md.:

Sergt. Victor Siegel, 703 Russell rd., Alexandria.
Corpl. Robert C. Clough, 313 N. Piedmont st., Arlington.
Corpl. Robert P. Clark, 103 W. Monroe st., Alexandria.
S/Sergt. William R. Mason, Belle Haven.
Pfc. Charles Bittinger, jr., 1012 N. Danville st., Arlington.
Sergt. William H. Smith, RFD 5, Alexandria.
Pfc. John W. Vines, 1027 N. Fillmore st., Arlington.
Pvt. Carl H. Letsler, 308 S. Ivy st., Arlington.
Pfc. Toye Wood, 1928 10th rd., S. Arlington.
Pvt. Howard P. Morton, 10 E. Maple st., Alexandria.
S/Sergt. Earle H. Payne, 2108 N. 20th st., Arlington.
Sergt. Julian A. Cline, 11 E. Walnut st., Alexandria.
Sergt. Everette M. Brewer, 23 Sunset dr., Alexandria.
Pfc. Henry Saunders, 623 N. Patrick st., Alexandria.
T/Sergt. John S. McKinley, 1301 N. Court House rd., Arlington.
Corpl. Melvin Shiff, 223 E. Mason ave., Alexandria.
Corpl. John R. Bourne, 1415 N. Scott st., Arlington.
Pfc. Charles W. Lidell, 2978 N. Quincy st., Arlington.
Pfc. William G. Kazas, 1709 Prince st., Alexandria.
Pfc. Leslie E. Robinson, Arlington.
Pvt. Winston O. Thrift, RFD 2, Falls Church.
Pfc. Thomas J. Richards, 907 W. Braddock rd., Alexandria.
Sergt. Vader M. Loomis, 2719 S. Nash st., Arlington.
Corpl. Harry M. Haynes, 2118 N. Monroe st., Arlington.
S/Sergt. Robert E. Macnagill, 2822 23d st., Arlington.
Corpl. Norman W. Reinhart, 143 Mankin Walk, Falls Church.
Corpl. Leroy Morgan, RFD 2, Alexandria.
Sergt. Purnell Jackson, 1322 Madison st., Alexandria.
Pfc. Ernest P. Reath, 3408 Wilson blvd., Arlington.
S/Sergt. Harold W. Swisher, RFD 1, Falls Church.
Sergt. George P. Reynolds, 217 N. Pitt st., Alexandria.
Pfc. E. H. Gaines, 408 E. Bellefonte ave., Alexandria.
Pfc. W. K. Thompson, Presidential Gardens, Alexandria.
Pfc. Riverce B. Brown, 303 Laverne ave., Alexandria.
S/Sergt. J. W. O'Rourke, 136 Moncure dr., Arlington.
Pfc. Kenneth D. German, 348 Madison st., Arlington.
S/Sergt. William A. Woolridge, 1023 N. Arlington.
M/Sergt. Samuel L. Pelton, 115 E. Hume ave., Alexandria.
Pfc. Marshall G. Hummer, 307 E. Windsor ave., Alexandria.

Maryland men discharged at Naval Personnel Center, 1320 G st. nw.:

Lieut. Ernest J. Alexander, 713 Dartmouth ave., Silver Spring.
Lieut. Blair H. Smith, 4609 31st st., Mount Rainier.
Lieut. (j. g.) Eugene Howard, 4200 Sheridan st., Hyattsville.

Virginia men discharged at Naval Personnel Center, 1320 G st. nw.:

Lieut. Henry L. Kinnier, 1554 N. Danville st., Arlington.
Lieut. Comdr. Stanley T. Orear, 307 Forest dr., Falls Church.
Lieut. Comdr. Rolland D. Severy, McLean.
Lieut. (j. g.) Robert V. Oxenham, 1736 N. Rhodes st., Arlington.
Lieut. Kirby S. Payne, 1404 N. Cleveland st., Arlington.
Lieut. Comdr. James A. Mitchell, 4200 S. 39th st., Arlington.

Discharged at Fort Belvoir, Va.:

Pvt. Thomas C. Rice, Good Luck rd., Riverdale, Md.
T/5 Robert M. Melton, Box 627, Bladensburg, Md.
T/Sergt. William F. Brisben, 806 Prince st., Alexandria, Va.

Discharged at ATC headquarters, Army Air Forces, here:

Lieut. Col. William S. George, jr., 8416 Manchester rd., Silver Spring.

Discharged at Andrews Field, Md.:

Sergt. Julian L. Diggs, 209 N. Payne st., Alexandria, Va.
Lieut. Col. Frederick H. Walton, jr., 821 Crescent dr., Alexandria, Va.

Grin and Bear It

By Lichty

"Take my advice, lad! Never tell 'em it was a minor operation! You lose more patients that way!"

More Men From D.C., Md., Va. Arrive From War Theaters

These names were telegraphed directly to The Washington Post by the Associated Press. There is no assurance that the list is correct, because it was compiled in Europe and at Pacific bases previous to embarkation, but officials said that the margin of error is slight. Relatives should not contact the port or The Washington Post for further information.

In at New York

New York, Dec. 7.—The James Parker has brought in the following:

WASHINGTON

Crawford, Pfc. William L., 5611 Temple Hill.
Edwards, Pfc. Robert L., 1629 Oales st.
Proctorm, Pfc. James C., 3339 Legation st.
Smith, Pfc. Donald B., 1416 Marland ave.
Maguire, Pvt. Frederick L., 923 25th st.
Frederickson, Pfc. Carl O., 3616 11th st. nw.
Ricketts, T/4 Charles W.
Windham, Corpl. John E.
Dougherty, T/5 Edward T.
Panagiotaris, Pfc. Sotirios.
Jarl, S/Sergt. Herbert H.
Kenlston, First Lieut. Charles T.
Murphy, First Lieut. Charles E.
Knapp, T/Sergt. Richard H.
Parland, Sergt. John R.
Boggs, T/5 Arthur H.
Denit, Pfc. John B.

MARYLAND

Davis, Pfc. James K., RR 2, Rock Hull.
Savage, Pfc. Kermit B., Star Rt., Friendsville.
Spencer, Pfc. Charles E., 923 Dale dr., Silver Spring.
Martin, 1st/Sergt. Thomas G., Girdletree.
Innis, Pfc. Willard S., jr., 117 Penn st., Salisbury.
Fyfe, Pfc. Raymond T., New Windsor.
Bailey, Pfc. John T., 206 W. Hilltop, Brooklyn Park.
Mampe, Pfc. Nans R., jr., Benita ave., Owings Mills.
Lilly, Pfc. Cecil R.; Elkton.
Robinson, Pfc. Ervin T., Spring Gap.
Snead, Pfc. Hubert H., 717 Silgo ave., Silver Spring.
Thelning, Pfc. Robert J., Pasadena.
Hartley, Pfc. Wesley C., 9 Ridgemore rd., East Terrace, Essex.
Eagher, Pvt. Oliver L., Cumberland.
Benton, Corpl. William E., Takoma Park.
Higgs, Corpl. Joseph T., Woodstock.
Schindel, Corpl. John R., Hagerstown.
Poe, T/5 Edward R., Piney Point.
Dickerhof, Pfc. Donald S., Wanscock.

On the Campbell

The George W. Campbell, due on Saturday, carries the following:

WASHINGTON

Morders, T/5 Robert V.
Armstrong, T/4 Leighton K.
Atkins, Pvt. Pinkney F.

MARYLAND

Sann, Pfc. John H., Lansdown.

VIRGINIA

Hamilton, Pfc. Albert L., Vickers.
Harris, Pfc. Claude G., Stuart.
Witt, Pfc. Roy W., Cambria.
Branch, Sergt. Carl D., Lynchburg.
Anderson, Pfc. Paul P., Norton.
Davis, Pfc. Glenn, Baden.
Saffell, Pfc. William A., Arlington.
Orms, First Lieut. Barnett W., Richmond.
Franks, Sergt. Garrett K., Swendcheck.
Cothran, Sergt. Benjamin F., Richmond.
McGardy, Sergt. Edward M., Roanoke.
Bellon, T/4 Leslie O., Danville.
Spendler, Corpl. Charles W., Clifton Forge.
Dunn, T/5 George W., Richmond.
Brenner, Pfc. John, Norfolk.
Gunther, Pfc. Andrew J., Blacksburg.
Kaiser, Pfc. Samuel, Petersburg.
Price, Pfc. Christian L., Blacksburg.
Smith, Pfc. Harold P., Bluefield.
Tunnehill, Pfc. Robert J., Arlington.
Webb, Pvt. Francis M., Covington.
McFarland, Pvt. John O., Cambria.
Shepard, Pvt. Charles W., Cosburn.

In From the West

Portland, Oreg., Dec. 7.—The Sea Flasher is in with the following:

WASHINGTON

Eastern Downs Wilson, 25-6, to Keep Title

This Morning

With Shirley Povich

The sniping at Happy Chandler has broken out anew, even before the major league club owners assemble in their annual winter meeting at Chicago next week. At Columbus, Ohio, this week, the minor leagues took dead aim at Commissioner Chandler with two resolutions designed to clip the wings of his authority, particularly his zealously-guarded prerogative of determining "conduct detrimental to baseball."

POVICH

Ostensibly, the minor leagues took the action on their own, but the better guess is that it was inspired by certain major league club owners who have never been reconciled to the election of Chandler as commissioner and who are now hiding behind their minor league holdings. They tried that trick at various times in attempts to discipline the late Judge Landis.

The trouble was that when Landis refused to hold still on attempts to curb his power, the big league club owners lost their nerve and flip-flopped to his support in the big league sessions. The evidence is that Chandler, like Landis, intends to be tough and that nothing will come of the minors' little revolt.

In their executive session, the minors passed a resolution declaring that Chandler shall have no power to judge in the light of "conduct detrimental to baseball," any legislation affecting the major-minor agreement, or any legislation within the minor league laws. They also voted to continue a system of player bonuses which Chandler had declared illegal and unfair and which he said defeated the salary limits imposed on the leagues.

Chandler asked them directly not to pass the resolutions, but they did. He left no doubt as to his stand. "These resolutions are personally obnoxious and offensive to me as an attempt to curb the power of the commissioner," he said. That didn't deter them. He pointed out that he was elected commissioner for seven years with full authority and that he intended to maintain it.

Despite the fact that Chandler took off his silk gloves, telling the minor league folks "I know that you people talk behind my back, but I find these things out because you can't keep a secret," the resolutions were passed by one-sided majorities. That made it a showdown battle between the commissioner and the rebels that may be decided next week at the majors' meetings.

Chandler can defeat the minor leagues on the resolution barring him from interfering with major-minor legislation by winning the support of the majors. He has won all of his battles thus far, and he is ready to use his big stick to bring the majors to his side in this matter. If past performances are followed, the big league club owners won't dare buck him in closed session.

The commissioner's authority to be sole and final judge of "conduct detrimental to baseball," was the one power of the Landis regime for which Chandler held out when he was elected commissioner. He let the owners retain certain other powers, in the knowledge that the one he asked and obtained represented the big stick that could hold them in line or club them into submission.

Because Chandler can interpret "conduct detrimental to baseball" in any light that he likes, his authority is all-sweeping. He could, for instance, walk into Clark Griffith's office and say: "I don't like the color of the tie you're wearing. I say it's conduct detrimental to baseball. Liquidate your baseball holdings and get out of the game."

When Chandler asks the major leagues' support in his battle with the minors, he's practically certain to get it, says Griffith. "I was always a Landis man when other owners wanted to clip his wings, and now I'm a Chandler man," says the Washington club owner. "The commissioner has to have full authority, or he's just a figurehead, and that kind of a commissioner would destroy confidence in baseball."

The difference between Chandler and Landis thus far has been Chandler's outspokenness. Landis used to meet the club owners behind closed doors, threaten to resign, brow-beat 'em, and win his point. Chandler is an incurable pop-off but the owners are finding him every bit as tough a gent as Landis when the showdown comes.

He knows his powers, and when there were stories during the last World Series that the owners were attempting to buy up his contract, we got it from one source that Chandler cracked down with, "You elected me for seven years, and I'm going to keep the job for seven years. You'll either like me, or you'll find you elected the seven-year itch."

Minors Give Coast Loop Green Light

By Carl Lundquist

Columbus, O., Dec. 7 (U.P.).—The minor leagues wound up one of the most momentous conventions in their history today by granting the Pacific Coast circuit permission to seek its fortunes as a major league in a meeting with the American and National Leagues at Chicago next week.

Revising an earlier stand, the executives made another important move in their final session by prohibiting the payment of bonuses to players being purchased or as a supplement to their regular salaries during the season.

This amendment to the major-minor league agreement was urged in the annual report of Judge William G. Bramham, president of the minor league association, but in preliminary discussion the club owners had indicated they would reject it.

Majors May Kick

The proposal also goes before the major leagues in their Chicago meeting for concurrence and it was a matter of conjecture whether they would accept it, since the use of bonuses has been a major item in the scouting of player talent by a number of top flight clubs.

The Detroit Tigers, for example, paid a bonus of $52,000 to outfielder Dick Wakefield to sign as a free agent after completion of his college career at the University of Michigan.

The three-day session was notable for the manner in which the powers of Baseball Commissioner A. B. (Happy) Chandler were curtailed through legislation which prevents him from declaring any act of a club "detrimental to baseball" and taking punitive or remedial steps.

A number of club owners expressed private opinions after the final session that the minors had gone too far in their stand against the commissioner.

One of the few who would permit a direct quotation, Acting President Frank D. Lawrence of the Piedmont League, said he thought that the action of the club owners would "backfire against them."

Expect Trouble

"Commissioner Chandler has the support of the American people behind him in his efforts on behalf of baseball, and he isn't going to take this knifing in the back from baseball executives lying down," Lawrence said. "I think that he will come back fighting and that he will come out on top eventually."

Whether Chandler will have real authority as a commissioner or become simply a titular figure-head will be decided by the majors who will rule on the amendments adopted by the minors. Several major league clubs were known to be behind him, but it was doubted whether they will be able to swing sufficient support to overrule the action of the minors.

The Pacific Coast League also had the promised support of at least three major league clubs for its application to step up to major status. However, the minors in approving the Pacific Coast League request to withdraw, said that the circuit will be "welcomed back" if its application is denied in Chicago.

Pacific Coast League President Clarence (Pants) Rowland said he was happy over the cooperation of the other minor leagues and that they eventually would have reason to be proud of their "big brothers."

Aiming High

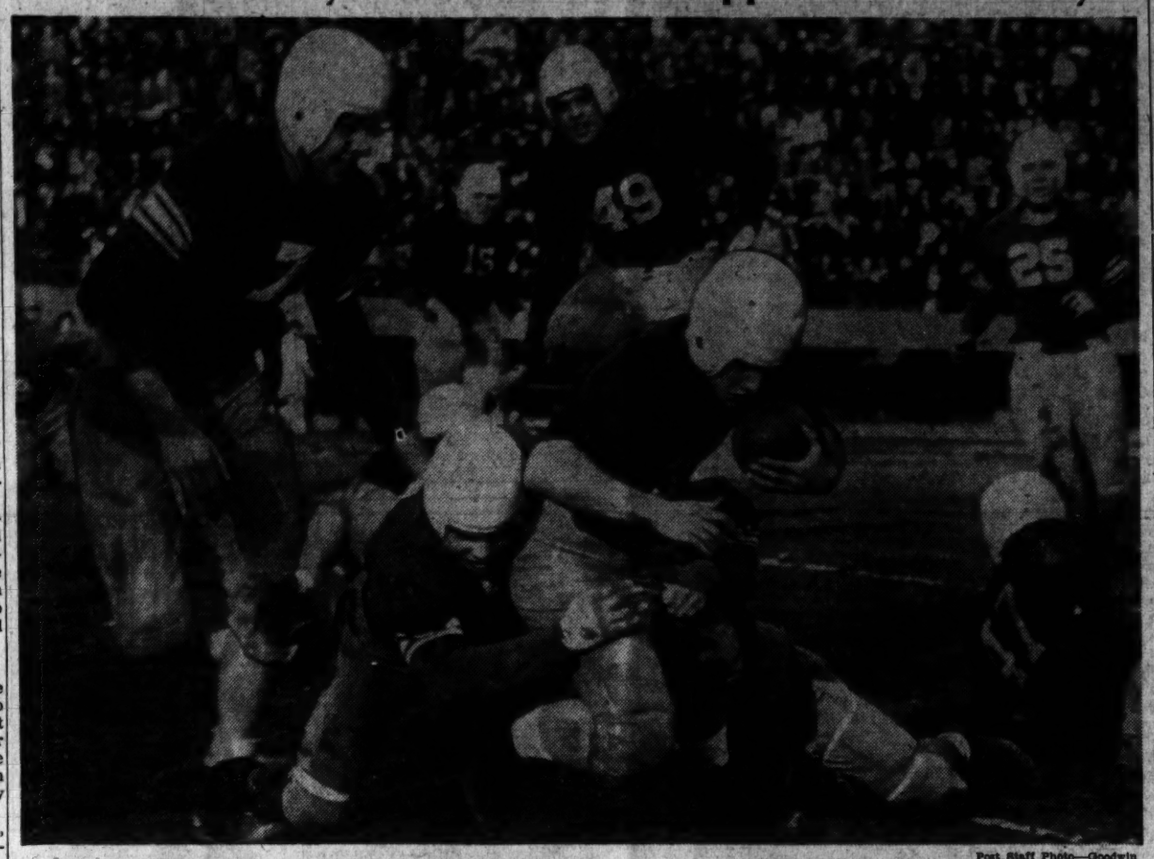
"I know a lot of folks think we're biting off more than we can chew," he said. "Maybe we're not ready to be major leaguers in every way but we certainly can put our business on the basis of major league operations. We're babies yet, still crawling, but one of these days we're going to get up and walk."

Judge Bramham wished the coast leaguers well in their new venture but emphasized that "we're not ready to say good bye to you fellows yet."

The meeting was a failure as a trading mart for the major leaguers who had expected to go "all out" in dealing with each other for reconstruction of their clubs on a postwar basis. However, not one important trade developed, although there were a number of serious discussions.

Because of lower tax schedules, which will go into effect next year, it was understood that a number of deals had been made on a "gentlemen's agreement" basis and that they will be completed early next year.

Eastern's Busy Little Man Is Stopped—Momentarily



Post Staff Photo—Goodwin

Sonny Settle, undersized halfback of Eastern, picks up 7 yards on this first-period play in yesterday's interhigh championship game with Wilson. Stopped by Buddy Whittlesey and Lefty Shaub this time, he later scored once and starred throughout Eastern's 25-6 victory at Central Stadium. Also shown are Wilson's Lowe (7) and Hall (25), and Eastern's Fuchens (49) and Osborne (47).

Cocimano And Bobb Featured

By Herb Heft

Post Staff Writer

Eastern's mighty Ramblers, unbeaten in 2½ years of series competition, won their sixth interhigh football championship in 50 years yesterday as they defeated Wilson's Green Tigers, 25-6, before 6000 fans at Central Stadium.

The defeat climaxed a four-game Tiger winning streak that had lifted them from sixth to second place and a title chance in five short weeks. The victory was Eastern's nineteenth in a row and saw Center Phil Cocimano and Halfback Jack Bobb, both All High stars, playing their last games in Rambler livery, pace their teams to its second straight championship.

Cocimano, whose alert defensive play set three Rambler touchdowns in motion, intercepted a Gene Taylor pass on his own 45 and raced to Wilson's 30 late in the second period to place Eastern in scoring position.

All High Halfback Jack Bobb, another Eastern hero yesterday, then sent his team into the lead by passing over the head of Wilson's Befty Schaub to End Phil Taylor, who raced into the end zone. Jerry Osborne converted about a minute before the half ended.

Started Fast

The inspired Ramblers added their second score after only two minutes of the third quarter had elapsed. Wilson's Martin Wiegand received the Eastern kickoff and ran the ball back to his 35. He was tackled so vicously by the charging Ramblers that he fumbled, and the ever-alert Cocimano pounced on the pigskin. Bobb and Sonney Settle then carried to the one on four plays, with Bobb covering the remaining distance on a drive through center.

Receiving the next kickoff on his own 20, Wilson's Bob Leonard returned the ball to his 45, from which point the Tigers launched a sustained drive that netted 31 yards to the Eastern 24. Eastern's Phil Taylor then intercepted another Gene Taylor aerial to halt the march.

Cocimano placed Eastern in scoring position again early in the fourth period when he blocked Gene Taylor's punt on the Wilson eight. Eastern's Bill Foley recovered the ball on the Tiger 12 and on the next play Bobb found an opening in Wilson's line, stepped through it into the clear, and raced into the end zone standing up.

Leonard In Clear

Wilson found the scoring column midway in the fourth quarter when Bob Leonard cracked through Eastern's right tackle on the Tiger 16, into the clear, and outdistanced the Rambler secondary in a race to the goal line. The play covetred 84 yards and was the longest run of the day.

Sonny Settle, Eastern's cocky little halfback, got into the point race a few seconds later when he broke away on a 50-yard run to the Wilson six, where he was tackled from behind by Alan Fitch, Wilson's All High guard. Settle then carried the ball to the two, and finally over the goal line to wind up the day's scoring.

Statistics Odd

A look at the statistics give only a fair indication of Eastern's superiority yesterday. The Ramblers out-rushed Wilson, 192 yards to 102—but included in the 102 Wilson yards gained is Bob Leonard's sensational 84-yard fourth period dash. Eastern's forward wall defense was so tight in the first half that Wilson's net gain by rushing showed minus 25 yards. The much-heralded Wilson air attack failed also as the Tigers completed only three out of 19 passes for 37 yards. Eastern completed three out of seven passes for 73 yards. . . Director of health and physical education, Tony Kupka, pitched in at the gate by personally handling tickets. . . Wilson was not without its stars yesterday either. Quarterback Billy Burke turned in a fine defensive performance. Halfback Bob Leonard "was a steamroller to stop," according to Eastern's Jack Bobb. And All High Guards Fitch and Buddy Whittlesey played their usual outstanding game. Fitch also performed an unusual feat for a lineman when he raced after Sonny Settle, Eastern's speedy halfback and dragged him down from behind after a 50-yard chase.

Wilson		Eastern
Hall	L.E.	F. Taylor
Leadam	L.T.	Mallee
Fitch	L.G.	Brahler
Scott	Center	Cocimano
Whittlesey	R.G.	Fuchens
Lowe	R.T.	Musselman
Daly	R.E.	Foley
Burke	Q.B.	Lyles
Leonard	L.H.	Bobb
Webb	R.H.	Settle
Wiegand	F.B.	Osborne

Wilson	0	0	0	6	6
Eastern	0	7	6	12	25

Touchdowns—F. Taylor, Bobb (2), Settle, Leonard. Point after touchdown—Osborne.
Substitutions: Eastern—Gibson, Smith, Stierling, DeGeorge, Welling, Wilson, Traynor, Ballard; Wilson—Hardison, Sherman, Hauser, Schaub, Poore, King, Voight, G. Taylor.

Reztips Wins Gulfstream Race Easily

Gulfstream Park, Fla., Dec. 7 (AP).—Margaret McCallum's Reztips, a 6-year-old gelding which recently launched his winter campaign with a victory over Mrs. Louis Lazare's Gallant Bull, again showed his heels to that colt in the Baker Purse, top attraction on today's program.

Backed into $3.50-for-two favoritism and fourth winning choice on the card, Reztips was ridden to triumph by a length and a half. Gallant Bull, favored by a two-pound weight shift over the victor, finished a length closer to his recent conqueror this time while beating the Silver Barr Stable's Santa Claus by two lengths for the place. Eight started in the Class D dash of six furlongs. Reztips, under 119 pounds, was timed in the good time of 1:12 4/5 over a track which had dried out enough to be called fast.

Some 7400 fans saw Reztips give Trainer J. W. Camac and Veteran Jockey Jesse Higley their second victory of the afternoon.

Gallant Bull sprinted into command in the run for positions. Trouble Sands gave chase briefly in the dash to the turn. Higley, who had sent Reztips away in a forward position, urged the favorite alongside the two leaders when they began the charge around the bend. Assuming a narrow advantage as they hit the home turn, Reztips gradually drew away from Gallant Bull, scoring without being extended to the limit. Santa Claus closed well but could not threaten the front pair while edging out W. H. Kelly for the show.

Mountain, Tri-State Leagues to Play

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 7 (AP).—Ray Ryan, president of the Mountain State League and the Tri-State loop, said today he was figuring on both leagues operating in 1946, although the membership was not yet determined definitely.

Ryan said the Mountain State setup probably would consist of Williamson, Giles County, and Radford, Va., and Logan, Welch and Bluefield, W. Va.

Bluefield previously had been mentioned as an Appalachian League member but Ryan said the Mountain State would attempt to retain it. He said protection fees for 1946 operation already had been paid.

The Tri-State League now has four clubs, Ashville, Knoxville, Spartanburg and Anderson. Also mentioned for membership were Gastonia and Shelby.

W.-L. High Defeats Woodward Five

In the season opener for both teams, Washington-Lee High cagers yesterday hung up a 53-25 beating on Woodward Prep at the YMCA court.

Paced by Bob Chalfant, who turned in 14 points, the Little Generals ran up a 26-16 edge at the half and coasted to victory. Frank Foster of the losers was high scorer of the game with 15 points. Woodward was without the services of three of its outstanding players.

Woodward	G	FO	P	Wash.-Lee	G	FO	P
Stewart, f	1	0	2	Garber, f	2	1	5
Avery, f	0	0	0	Lamers, f	4	0	8
Brown, f	0	0	0	Laughlin, f	1	0	2
Oehser, c	1	1	3	McGill, f	1	1	3
Foster, f	6	3	15	Chalfant, f	6	2	14
Lillie, g	0	1	1	Nagle, c	1	0	2
Wolking, g	2	0	4	Reinhart, c	0	0	0
Downs, g	0	0	0	Binstead, g	4	2	10
Ford, g	0	0	0	Johnson, g	1	0	2
				Woolslager, g	2	0	4
Totals	10	5	25	Courtney, g	1	0	2
				VanDuley, g	0	1	1
				Totals	23	7	53

L. A. Sells Mel Hicks

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 7 (AP).—Los Angeles of the Pacific Coast League announced today sale of First Baseman Mel Hicks to Nashville of the Southern Association.

A Bid or Not a Bid?

Terps Get Bowl Bid, but Find Two Other Teams Playing in It

University of Maryland officials disclosed yesterday the Terps had received what they thought was an offer to play in the Florida Flower Bowl against Wake Forest New Year's Day, but when a definite answer was not made at the time of the invitation, University of South Carolina accepted a similar bid and will go instead of Maryland.

Admiral Normal M. Brown, South Carolina University president, announced late last night the Gamecocks expressed the wish to play in Jacksonville instead of the South Carolina Tobacco Bowl.

Col. Geary (Swede) Eppley, Maryland athletic director, announced Maryland had been made an offer by a representative of the Flower Bowl Committee early yesterday morning via long distance telephone, from Jacksonville, Fla., and the committee was advised that the matter would have to be taken up with the athletic board.

Assistant Coach Carney Leslie received the call. Head Coach Paul (Bear) Bryant is at his home in Alabama.

Dr. H. C. (Curly) Byrd, Maryland president, had not been advised of the bid late yesterday.

When The Post informed Colonel Eppley of South Carolina's acceptance last night, the athletic director said it was "news to him, but that's that."

Still Waiting

Travel Means Holds Up Tour Of Baseballers

New York, Dec. 7 (AP).—Fifteen National League baseball players, innoculated against all diseases of the Pacific and with their gear packed, have been sitting here since November 26 waiting for travel priorities from the Army, it was announced today by Lawrence Phillips, executive vice president of the USO.

"It is a rotten situation," Phillips declared. "I had a meeting with the players this morning and suggested that we call the whole thing off, but they voted to wait a while longer. I told them we should wait until next Wednesday at the very latest."

Phillips said that Col. Marvin Young of Army Special Services requested the priorities on November 19, and that "somebody at Western Pacific Headquarters at Manila has held them up and loused up the deal." He said he did not think the request had gone ultimately to General MacArthur in Japan.

"It is a bad situation, unfair alike to these players who answered our request for volunteers for the tour and to the servicemen in the Pacific who were told the big leaguers were coming," Phillips concluded heatedly.

Chuck Dressen of the Brooklyn Dodgers is manager of the stalled ballplayers. Among the better known players on his squad are Charles (Red) Barrett and Whitey Kurowski of the St. Louis Cardinals, Frank McCormick of the Cincinnati Reds, and Bill Voiselle of the New York Giants. Most of the remainder are attached to Brooklyn.

Kansas' Allen Blasts Gambling In College Sports

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 7 (U.P.).—Dr. Forest C. (Phog) Allen, Kansas' explosive basketball coach, charged today that college basketball and football were being run by gamblers who know more about the teams than do the coaches themselves.

He also asserted that 99 per cent of football bowl teams were "more professinoal than the Chicago Bears" and predicted a pigskin scandal more notorious than the basketball scandal at Brooklyn College last year.

"Faculty committees in charge of athletics who should do something about the situation are sitting in a fool's paradise," he said, "while the gamblers are running away with the game."

"I know of two specigc cases where the gamblers hired correspondents of college teams to furnish them with the latest informatio non the teams' physical and mental condition so that they could lay a book on the team. Big-time gamblers know more about the football and basketball teams than do the coaches themselves."

New Orleans 'Cap Draws 20 Starters

New Orleans, Dec. 7 (AP).—Twenty horses were nominated today for the $10,000 added Louisiana handicap to be run December 15 at the Fair Grounds. Weights will be announced Monday.

Nominated for the mile and a furlong event were F. O. Aimee's Sassy Patricia; Louis de Latoru's Moretto; William Helis' Pindus and Spartan Noble; W. M. Hoffman's Sir Walter B; Max Marmorstein's Light of Morn; Mrs. Frank Nugent's Espino Gold; Navy and Wise Chance from the Old Orchard Farms; Louis Prima's Republican and Pique; Mrs. F. Sharp's Drollon; Al Smitha's South Dakota; Southern Stable's Gay Town and Home Run; the Trio Stable's Ablibit and Ben Hur; Valdina Lamar from the Utopia stable; and J. D. Theall's Michigan Kid and G. I. Joe.

Buffalo Gets Farm

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 7 (AP).—The Williamsport club of the Eastern League today signed a working agreement with Buffalo of the International League. Bucky Harris, Buffalo general manager, will name a Williamsport field manager. Williamsport had been a part of the Washington Senators system for several years.

Henry Picard Forges Into Miami Lead

By the Associated Press

Miami, Fla., Dec. 7. —Rangy Henry Picard, the old iron master, hit the comeback trail here today after a six months layoff, by forcing a three-under-par 67 to take the lead in the $10,000 Miami open golf tournament.

The Cleveland, Ohio, veteran's 136 total was good enough to lead the defending champion, bulky E. J. (Dutch) Harrison, of Little Rock, Ark., by a single stroke at the end of the second round. Harrison, a left handed player until he was 16, cardede a 68 to add to his 69 of yesterday.

Frank Stranahan, 23, of Toledo, Ohio, the country's leading amateur, fired a 67 to give him a 138 total.

Tied with Stranahan was Gib Sellers, 36 years old, and a pro since 1929, equalled the course record for the back nine with a 30.

The rotund Sellers fashioned the outstanding shots of the tournament so far with two eagles in setting up the 30. He sank a 160-yard four-iron shot on the par-four tenth hole for a deuce; and on the par five 15th hole, his wedge shot from 60 yards out found the four-and-one-quarter-inch cup for a trey. Sellers had a 73 yesterday.

Jim Foulis, the veteran La-Grange, Ill., pro, chalked up a 68 for a 139 total and fourth position in the tourney.

Back at 140 was the pre-tournament favorite, Ben Hogan, of Hershey, Pa., who had his second par 70 in another "uneventful" round.

Tied with Hogan were Orville White of Winston-Salem, N. C., another oldtimer, who turned in a 66 in today's round. White went out in 35, but came back in 31, one stroke over the course record for the second nine.

Others at the 140 mark were Harold (Jug) McSpaden of Sanford, Me., who shot a 69 yesterday and added a 71 today; Fred Annon of Old Greenwich, Conn., and Jim Ferrier of Chicago.

At 141 was Tony Penna of Dayton, Ohio, and Jim Milward of Boca Raton, Fla.

Gobblers Schedule 9 Games Next Year

Blacksburg, Va., Dec. 7 (AP).—Virginia Tech will play nine games in 1946, according to the schedule released today by W. L. (Monk) Younger, director of athletics. The Gobblers will face the same teams they opposed in 1945, with the addition of Washington and Lee University.

Tech will open its 1946 campaign September 28 against the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, N. C., and close Thanksgiving Day against Virginia Military Institute at Roanoke. A game with North Carolina State on October 26 has been scheduled as the "homecoming" feature at Blacksburg.

The schedule:
September 28—North Carolina at Chapel Hill.
October 5—Virginia (location undecided); 12—William and Mary at Williamsburg; 19—Maryland at College Park, Md.; 26—North Carolina State at Blacksburg.
November 2—Clemson at Blacksburg; 9—Washington and Lee at Lynchburg; 16—Richmond at Richmond; Thanksgiving—Virginia Military Institute at Roanoke.

Devore May Coach At Boston College

Boston, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—Hugh Devore of Notre Dame was considered a possibility today to succeed Amerino (Moody) Sarno as head football coach at Boston College.

Devore has signified he would take a coaching berth in the East because Frank Leahy is coming back to Notre Dame from the service.

Sarno is not expected to stay at Boston College and there is doubt whether Denny Myers will resume the post he held here before entering the Navy.

Bissonette Goes To Bucs as Coach

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 7 (AP).—Del Bissonette, who managed the Boston Braves in the latter part of the 1944 season, today signed with the Pittsburgh Pirates as a coach. Bissonette had signed a few days ago to return to his old job as manager of the Hartford, Conn., Eastern League Club.

Bissonette became manager of the Braves when Bob Coleman resigned last season. He had been coach under Coleman during the early part of the season. Previously he had piloted Hartford for three years. In his new job he succeeds Jake Flowers, who went to the Braves as a coach yesterday.

Turner Again Signs Savoldi

Joe Savoldi, the former Notre Dame All-American footballer, will return for a cofeature bout on next Wednesday night's wrestling show at Turner's Arena. Savoldi beat Don Lee last week.

In the other windup Celia Blevins and Ann Miller, two girl stars, will clash.

Bisons Get Goalie

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 7 (U.P.).—The Buffalo Bisons of the American Hockey League today obtained Goalie Connie Dunn from the St. Louis Flyers in exchange for Defenseman Bill Alium and an unannounced sum of cash. Defenseman Mike McMahon, sent down by the Montreal Canadiens, also will join the local team.

Johnny Riflemen Trip G. W. High Easily

St. John's rifle team opened its season yesterday by turning back George Washington High School of Alexandria, 1309 to 1259, on the St. John's range.

High scorer for the winners was Soucy with 271. Gates paced G. W. with 268.

St. John's	Prone	Kneel.	Stand.	Total
Soucy	92	96	83	271
McVeigh	93	89	80	264
Sharff	93	90	78	261
Bates	97	88	75	258
Samaha	93	85	73	253
Team total				1309
George Washington				
Gates	95	90	83	268
Bassfield	92	78	84	254
Roland	96	89	83	248
Bowie	97	86	79	262
Payton	89	90	88	246
Team total				1259

Sports Head Cautions Postwar Amateur Athletes of Pitfalls

By Harold Claassen

Richmond, Va., Dec. 7 (AP).—Amateur athletes of the postwar world not only must fend off the private promoter but must also avoid the temptations of governments and clubs seeking political gain, Avery Brundage of Chicago, president of the USA Sports Federation told delegates to the fifty-seventh annual AAU convention today.

"I have just returned from Europe, where plans for the 1948 Olympic games were discussed, Brundage said. "London, which had been awarded the 1944 games before World War II started, likely will be the site, and a mail poll of the International Olympic committee is now being taken."

He explained the Olympic fathers felt that the 1936 games, held in Berlin, were a bit too grandiose and that the 1932 games at Los Angeles likely would be the model of the competitions in the future.

Subsidizing Prevails

After last summer's committee meeting in London, Brundage said he made a tour of numerous European countries and there learned that some nations were aiding amateur athletes almost to the point of subsidization and that in other countries athletes were divided into clubs by political beliefs.

On the touchy question of what countries would be eligible for Olympic competition he said that "all countries that have a national Olympic committee and those who have been accepted into the comity of nations" would be permitted to participate.

Later, in an interview, he said that Germany and JJapan were not now in the comity of nations and that Russia had no national Olympic committee.

Brundage also said the Pan-American games probably would not be held until 1950 "because of political unrest in various South American countries. There is some agitation for them in 1947, even some for holding them in 1946, and an emissary now is en route to the United States to discuss the situation."

Opened Sessions

Brundage's address was the highlight of the opening session of the convention and was preceded by various committte meetings in which it was recommended that the national senior boxing champions be decided at Boston on April 8 and 9 and that men's basketball championship be run off at Denver the week of March 17. All recommendations must be approved by the convention as a whole before becoming final.

Recommendations for sites of the much sought after men's and women's swimming competitions were delayed until later when the committee became involved today in a debate over rules interpretation.

Redskins Set For Invasion Of N. Y. Giants

The Redskins wound up their most important week of practice yesterday as they awaited tomorrow's showdown battle with the upset-minded New York Giants at Griffith Stadium. Mentally and physically the club is as ready as can be for the game that could, by a victory, vault it into the play-off tilt at Cleveland next week and a shot at the biggest jackpot in National League history.

The Giants, a formidable collection of players with their Arnie Herber-Frank Liebel passing combination and their bolstered running attack that features "Bullet Bill" Paschal, George Franck, Ward Cuff, Howie Livingston and Jack Doolan, arrive late this afternoon and will take up quarters at the Willard. The Giants will take their final limbering up drill in New York this morning before entraining. The Redskins, too, will work out briefly this morning.

Tickets for the game were exhausted three weeks ago. Redskin officials estimate at least 70,000 tickets could have been distributed if they were available for the park that only can acommodate 34,788. Scalpers, who have mostly only bleacher seats, are asking as high as $15 and $20 per pair with very few of them in sight.

The Redskins continue to rule favorites, now as high as 10 points, a jump over Thursday's points which were quoted at 6½ points due to threat of a "muddy track" which would slow down both team's attack and figured to keep down the scoring.

Knee Worries Frank Sinkwich

Denver, Dec. 7 (U.P.).—Pfc. Frank Sinkwich, football star who was discharged at Lowry Field yesterday, left by train for his Youngstown, Ohio, home after expressing a hope a knee injury would not prevent his playing professional football next year.

Sikwich, 25, was discharged on dependency gruonds because his father is ill at Youngstown. He formerly played for Georgia, the Detroit Lions and the Second Air Force Superbombers.

Charlotte Status Undecided Yet

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 7 (AP).—Whether the Piedmont League will operate with six or eight club next year went undecided today at the loop's last meeting here during the minor league convention.

The Piedmont also failed to settle the question of whether Charlotte, N. C., would become a member and a proposal to advance from B to A classification was not discussed.

Acting President Frank Lawrence said after the session that the league still had six active teams and one inactive club, the latter being Charlotte.

The league will meet early in January, he said, to adopt a schedule, elect a president and settle its other problems. Eddie Moors, owner of the Richmond Colts, joined Calvin Griffith, Charlotte president, in urging that a Washington Senators farm be kept in the Piedmont loop.

Charles Town Purse Won By Nita Jean

By Walter Haight
Post Staff Writer

Charles Town, W. Va., Dec. 7.—Mrs. George Campbell's Nita Jean, a 4-year-old filly who has spent the year running behind horses, finally found a field she could whip.. In her 13th try of the season, the daughter of Mate annexed the Blue Ridge Purse, feature of the Friday program of the Charles Town Jockey Club.

Jockey Elmer Wright booted Nita Jean home six lengths in front of her closest rival in a field of eight. Mrs. R. E. Benton's Mercy Angel was second and a length in front of E. K. Hillman's Anne Again.

With the return of pleasant weather, 4500 customers were on hand. However, the running surface was heavy. The winner, a $10.20 shot, was clocked in 1:57 for the mile and a sixteenth.

Nita Jean, in trouble in her previous outing, kept out of trouble today by the simple method of staying in front from flag fall to finish. Wright broke her on top from the No. 1 gate and it was all over but the win pay-off. Mercy Angel made repeated attempts to get within range but there was no catching Nita Jean today.

Jockey L. Bakhsh escaped injury when he fell from the back of Rusty Pots, a filly owned by Bailey and Finnery. The 3-year-old slipped into the fence at the clubhouse turn and Bakhsh lost balance and was thrown into the mud.

The daily double paid $67.80 on the combination of "8 and 4." R. Randall's Flexico won the first race at $9 and Charles Chenoweth's Decisive took the second at $9.20.

BETWEEN RACES . . . Tomorrow's program is topped by the Sister Kenney Foundation Purse, a test of six and a half furlongs and has drawn good sprinters, including Total Victory, Most Alert, Cherrydale and White Easter. . . . The day's secondary feature is the Al Howard Purse at seven furlongs with Balloon, Tumble Boy, Gay Victory and others in the lineup. . . . Owner-trainer Alan Clarke says he will ship Walter Haight, the horse, back to his farm. . . . The plater was sore when he came out of his last effort earlier in the week. . . . A checkup shows there are 648 horses available for racing here. . . . Fifty of them are 2-year-olds. . . . Claude Feltner, one of the country's best young trainers, departs tomorrow for Florida. . . . E. K. Hillman purchased Anne Again. . . . L. W. Merrill bought Level Off. . . . Johnny Martin vanned in Flying Wise from Pimlico. . . . Capt. F. C. Maisel, who claimed White Ford recently, is the son of Fritz Maisel, former Yankee third baseman who is now fire commissioner of Baltimore County, Md.

Official Charles Town Charts

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1945—BY WALTER HAIGHT.
WEATHER CLOUDY, TRACK HEAVY.

FIRST RACE—About 4½ furlongs. Purse, $700. For 3-year-olds up; claiming. Start good. Off 1:02. Owner, R. Randall. Time, 0:56⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
FLEXICO	(Napier)	115	6	2	2½	2½	1hd	1½	1½	$3.80
GENERAL KNIGHT	(Garretson)	114	1	4	1hd	1½	2½	2½	2hd	7.60
SILVER STING	(Challis)	112	3	5	4hd	3½	3½	3½	3½	34.50
PSYCHOANALYST	(Arduini)	119	3	7	5hd	4½	4½	4½	4	1.30
COPPERETTE	(Bernhardt)	112	4	6	7	6½	5½	5½	5	7.20
REFRESHMENT	(Carrillo)	112	7	1	3hd	5½	6½	6½	6½	10.70
ARIELS ELITE	(Mayer)	112	7	3	6½	7	7	7	7	14.50
DEL CHARM	(E.Wright)	116	5	5	5	8	8	8	8	17.40

FLEXICO, $9.00, $5.60, $4.40; GENERAL KNIGHT, $6.60, $7.30; SILVER STING, $19.40.

SECOND RACE—About 7 furlongs. Purse, $600. For 3-year-olds up; claiming. Start good. Off 1:32½. Owner, Charles Chenoweth. Time, 1:33.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
DECISIVE	(E.Wright)	116	4	1	2½	1½	1½	1½	1½	$3.60
PRIDE O' LIGHT	(Martinez)	111	1	6	3½	3½	3hd	2½	2½	18.90
ROUGH ANNE	(Puglisi)	118	5	8	8	7½	7½	5½	3½	6.50
MERRY BLOOM	(Haifty)	116	8	7	6½	4½	3½	3½	4½	2.70
SCARLET RHODA	(Carrillo)	113	3	3	5hd	5½	6hd	6hd	5hd	7.10
JUST JUDGMENT	(Fitzgerald)	118	2	4	4hd	2hd	5½	4½	6½	30.80
ROYAL DISPLAY	(Council)	116	7	2	1½	2½	4½	7	7	70.30
NORTH SEA	(Baldwin)	113	6	5	7hd	8	8	8	8	4.50

†Pulled up.
DECISIVE, $9.20, $5.80, $4.00; PRIDE O' LIGHT, $19.80, $12.20; ROUGH ANNE, $6.40.

Daily Double—Flexico and Decisive paid $67.80

THIRD RACE—About 7 furlongs. Purse, $600. For 3-year-olds; allowances. Start good. Off 2:03½. Owner, H. S. Hunkheuser. Time, 1:27.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
PHARANT	(C.Kirk)	117	3	2	1½	2½½	1½	1½	1	$7.20
TOLLAWAY	(DeCamillis)	118	2	1	1½	1½½	2½	2hd	2½	6.00
MORGILL'S LAD	(C.Wright)	118	5	3	2½	3½½	3½	3½	3	3.90
MOR-LADY	(Bona)	116	7	4	3½	4½	4½	4½	4	3.60
TEHERAN	(Bakhsh)	112	1	7	7	7	7	5½	5½	28.90
SECOND ATTEMPT	(Bona)	118	6	6	6½	6½	6½½	6½½	6hd	31.20
HONEST GIRL	(Arduini)	115	4	5	5½	5½½	5½	7	7	13.40

PHARANT, $5.00, $3.80, $3.00; TOLLAWAY, $16.80, $7.80; MORGILL'S LAD, $3.80.

FOURTH RACE—Charles Town course. Purse, $700. For 2-year-olds. Start good. Off 3:32. Owner, S. A. Weidman. Time, 1:24.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
LATE TIME	(W.Kirk)	115	3	1	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	$4.60
MACKIES PALL	(Puglisi)	112	6	3	3½	3½	3½	3hd	2hd	10.30
MRS. SOMEBODY	(Snyder)	115	5	5	4½	4½	2½	2½	3½	4.00
TWO BUCKS	(Bernhardt)	114	7	6	5½	5½	4hd	4½½	4½	2.50
SAIKIK GLOW	(E.Wright)	116	1	2	2½	2½	5½	5½	5½	4.10
NEW CALEDONIA	(Sidnick)	109	4	7	6½	6½	6½	6½	6½	16.20
BRIGHT WAVE	(C.Kirk)	116	2	4	7	7	7	7	7	8.70

LATE TIME, $10.80, $7.20, $5.80; MACKIES PALL, $10.00, $6.60; MRS. SOMEBODY, $4.40.

FIFTH RACE—Charles Town course. Purse, $600. For 2-year-olds up; claiming. Start good. Off 3:58. Owner, Tempo Farms. Time, 1:23⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
ROUGH HONEY	(Bernhardt)	118	1	1	1½	1½	1½	1½½	1½½	$2.60
GINGER MAN	(Kirkpatrick)	114	2	2	2hd	2hd	2½	2½	2½	6.00
CHANCE BRAS	(Napier)	120	5	3	3½	3½	3½	3½	3½	1.90
JACKINA	(W.Kirk)	114	3	6	5½	4½	4½	4½	4½	33.70
GARTEN	(Ballenger)	108	6	8	7½	6½	6½	6½	5½	9.00
CHEATER	(Cuccci)	111	7	7	4½	5½	5½	5½	6½	11.60
REMOLES	(Puglisi)	112	4	4	6½	7½	7½	7½	7½	6.20
CLYMOMALIRA	(Snyder)	115	8	4	8	8	8	8	8	71.30

ROUGH HONEY, $7.20, $4.40, $3.60; GINGER MAN, $6.20, $3.20; CHANCE BRAS, $2.60.

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $1000. For 3-year-olds up; allowances. Start good. Off 2:33½. Owner, Mrs. G. Campbell. Time, 1:57.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
NITA JEAN	(E.Wright)	116	1	1	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	$4.10
MERCY ANGEL	(Cuccci)	111	8	7	4½	2½½	2½	2½½	2½	3.90
ANNIE AGAIN	(Carrillo)	113	7	6	6½	4½	4½	4½	3½	9.70
MERRIE SHOT	(C.Wright)	117	4	4	3½	3½	3½	3½	4½	1.50
CALARCHO	(Puglisi)	117	6	5	5½	6½	5½	5½	5	20.60
DEWEY HEIGHTS	(Fitzwald)	118	2	2	2½	5½	6½	6½	6	14.90
ALIMONY	(Edens)	115	3	3	7	7	7	7	7	38.20
RUSTY POTS	(Bakhsh)	110	5	8	8	8	8	8	8	7.50

†Pulled up. ‡Lost rider.
NITA JEAN, $10.20, $6.20, $4.20; MERCY ANGEL, $5.60, $3.80; ANNIE AGAIN, $4.60.

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles. Purse, $800. For 3-year-olds up; claiming. Start good. Off 4:03. Owner, C. E. Funkhouser. Time, 2:07.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
J. HAL	(C.Wright)	117	2	1	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	$4.90
ON THE LINE	(Kirkpatrick)	115	3	4	4½	3½	3½	2½	2½	5.80
CHALFRE	(Carrillo)	115	1	3	2½	2½	2hd	3½	3½	6.20
VALDINA HAVEN	(Arduini)	109	8	7	7	7	7	4½	4½	3.70
PORT SPIN	(Connolly)	120	6	6	6hd	5½	6½	6½	5½	15.00
CATSTAR	(Bona)	115	7	5	5½	8½	4½	5½	6½	54.70
OVER BOLD	(Challis)	115	4	2	3½	4½	5½	7	7	24.70
FIVE O FOUR	(Fitzgerald)	118	5	8	7					2.40

†Belted.
J. HAL, $11.80, $6.00, $5.40; ON THE LINE, $7.20, $4.80; CHALFRE, $6.60.

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $800. For 3-year-olds up; claiming. Start good. Off 4:31. Owner, W. Lynch. Time, 2:00.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
ATTACHE	(Napier)	120	4	8	7½	7½	3½	1½½	1½	$1.40
MARQUEL	(Hernandez)	117	5	7	8	6½	4½	2hd	2½	5.70
BROTHER DEAR	(E.Wright)	110	6	4	1½	1½	2½	3½	3½	6.80
ON THE WANE	(Carrillo)	117	2	2	6½	2hd	2½	3½	4½	5.90
CHICMERE	(Connolly)	120	3	1	3½½	4½	5½	6½	5½½	15.40
ORGULLOSA	(Arduini)	114	1	3	3½	6½	4½	5½	6½	33.20
SALLIPATICA	(Kirkpatrick)	117	8	5	5½	5½	6½	4½	7½	19.00
SUNNY DEL	(Challis)	117	7	5	4½	3½	7½	7½	8	

ATTACHE, $4.80, $3.60, $3.20; MARQUEL, $4.00, $3.00; BROTHER DEAR, $4.20.

Charles Town

FIRST RACE—About four and one-half furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; 3-year-olds up.

Horse and Jockey	Wgt.	Odds
Nu Ko (W. Kirk)	113	9-1
Kim (Puglisi)	110	3-1
Golden Medic (Anderson)	115	3-1
Time Her (Martinez)	107	8-1
Arge Rose (Challis)	115	4-1
Trishant (C. Wright)	118	6-1
War Jay (E. Wright)	115	10-1
Zylosite (C. Kirk)	113	12-1
Wild Mate (Bernhardt)	110	20-1
Wilton (Puglisi)	110	4-1
Charmful (Garretson)	107	10-1
Cornelia Bell (W. Kirk)	115	12-1
Bit of Nerve (No boy)	113	4-1
Comish (No boy)	115	6-1

SECOND RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $700; claiming; 3-year-olds up.

Blitzette (Fitzgerald)	113	3-1
Flying John (E. Wright)	115	6-1
Bob Hi (Martinez)	117	8-1
Uncle Buck (Puglisi)	114	10-1
Tiresome (Garretson)	114	4-1
Chance Fair (Kelly)	107	20-1
Two Time Time (Napier)	115	10-1
Idle Night (C. Wright)	111	6-1
Spangled Gold (W. Kirk)	119	6-1
Alimony Kid (Bakhsh)	113	3-1
Tommy Atkins (W. Kirk)	117	12-1
Yankee Lad (Helmick)	110	20-1
Valdina Haven (Challis)	111	30-1
Chiemers (No boy)	117	30-1

THIRD RACE—About four and one-half furlongs; purse, $800; allowances; 3-year-olds upward.

Royal Favor (Cuccci)	110	20-1
She's Scotch (C. Kirk)	112	3-1
Lynel's Lad (E. Wright)	122	6-1
Fatty Boy (W. Kirk)	117	6-1
†Psychic Fancy (Arduini)	114	8-1
Annies Dream (Edens)	118	6-1
Neat and Tidy (C. Kirk)	110	2-1
Flying West (Tammaro)	114	8-1
Miss Kilowat (Puglisi)	105	20-1
Flying Kilts (W. Kirk)	123	3-1
Valley Dirk (Edens)	117	6-1
†Valley Doctor (Tammaro)	119	8-1

‡Kendrick and McKenney entry.

FOURTH RACE—About seven furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; 3-year-olds upward.

New Start (W. Kirk)	115	20-1
Tiptoists (Arduini)	115	4-1
Bare Cupboard (Puglisi)	108	15-1
Hollicking (Edens)	115	15-1
Fast Light (W. Kirk)	115	12-1
Bombs Away (Tammaro)	122	4-1
El Teracho (E. Wright)	120	8-1
Clock Time (Martinez)	108	8-1
Ashame (C. Wright)	113	20-1
My Exit (W. Kirk)	116	10-1
Running Mint (E. Wright)	113	8-1
Claire Wine (Garretson)	110	20-1
Frasee On (Puglisi)	111	4-1
Pogoee (Helmick)	111	4-1

FIFTH RACE—Charles Town course; purse, $700; claiming; 3-year-olds upward.

Gay Victory (Fitzgerald)	121	3-1
Balloon (E. Wright)	117	3-1
Belsian (Martinez)	113	12-1
Tumble Boy (Puglisi)	113	3-1
Tools Boy (Garretson)	113	15-1
Prelan (Kelly)	119	15-1
Brailshi (Napier)	119	6-1
Victory Flight (C. Wright)	114	8-1
Renowned (W. Kirk)	114	20-1
Uplack (Puglisi)	113	10-1
Glue Boy (Kelly)	113	6-1
Pearl K. (Garrett)	110	30-1
Supper Show (C. Kirk)	114	20-1
Golden Sabe (Anderson)	114	15-1

SIXTH RACE—Six and one-half furlongs; purse, $1200; allowances; 3-year-olds upward.

Cherrydale (Tammaro)	117	6-1
Prospect Corners (Cuccci)	111	6-1
Most Alert (C. Wright)	114	3-1
Total Victory (Tammaro)	122	3-1
Pervable (Puglisi)	106	20-1
Glaster (Grant)	114	15-1
Carlarlan (Mehrl)	113	10-1
White Easter (No boy)	112	6-1
Flowing Water (Challis)	111	20-1
Pigeon (Garretson)	113	15-1

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $1000; allowances; 3-year-olds up.

Light Landing (Bernhardt)	116	12-1
Robert E. Lee (C. Kirk)	113	6-1
Alhalon (Puglisi)	117	3-1
Pennpacker (Napier)	119	20-1
Fallbrook (Arduini)	116	4-1
†Mystery Book (E. Wright)	108	4-1
†Miss Loveable (C. Wright)	110	4-1
Pensacola (Kelly)	116	6-1

†John Foster entry.

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $600; claiming; 3-year-olds up.

Myrtle M. (Challis)	113	6-1
Milk Toast (Garretson)	116	4-1
Willow Run (W. Kirk)	116	4-1
Silver Whisk (E. Wright)	113	6-1
Chief Cloud (Tammaro)	113	3-1
French Ward (Grant)	108	8-1
Vantrust (Puglisi)	111	10-1
Good Looking (C. Kirk)	116	12-1
Midmoor Mist (Bakhsh)	113	20-1
Mad Devil (Ballenger)	108	15-1
Affair (C. Kirk)	116	6-1
Shadwyn (Tammaro)	116	10-1
Mr. Secretary (Evans)	116	20-1
Wound (W. Kirk)	116	8-1

CHARLES TOWN SELECTIONS
1—Shadwyn, Willow Run, Bit of Nerve.
2—Balloon, Alhalon, Belsian.
3—Lynel's Lad, Fatty Boy, Flying West.
4—El Teracho, Bombs Away, Athame.
5—Gay Victory, Tumble Boy, Prelan.
6—Total Victory, Cherrydale, Most Alert.
7—ALHALON, Robert E. Lee, Mystery Book.
8—Willow Run, Good Looking, Myrtle M.
—Louisville Times (F).

Bill Bennings

AT CHARLES TOWN
1—Nu Ko, Golden Medic, Kim.
2—Blitzette, Alimony Kid, Tiresome.
3—Neat and Tidy, Lynel's Lad, She's Scotch.
4—El Teracho, Trishant, Bombs Away.
5—Balloon, Tumble Boy, Gay Victory.
6—TOTAL VICTORY, White Easter, Cherrydale.
7—Light Landing, Robert E. Lee, Alhalon.
8—Mid. Mist, Willow Run, Myrtle M.

Gulfstream

1—¾; $1200; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Stellas Sun	113	Sir Echo	117
Twink Shot	117	Great Divide	110
Darby Dan'l	117	Flying Hero	114
Smart Bet	117	Warrawee	112
Kear of Audley	117	Madigama	109
Mechanisdor	114	Migration	112
Thalel	117	Joss	113
Hi Counts	115	Arthur J.	117

2—¾; $1500; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Flintes	114	Fourth Estate	117
Tory Rose	110	Which Ann	112
Dalby Lee	112	Cyrus F.	112
Ansted	110	Miss Fluff	112
Blenco	110	Iron Works	117
Perfect Charge	110	Valdina Brave	117
Spin Along	110	Busy Nine	117
Macks Miss	114	Petticoairn	112

3—1⅛; $1200; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Prospect Boy	114	Some Where	104
Ch'ien	104	Unitrun	116
Straw Stack	116	New Face	108
Kates Silver	108		

4—⅝; $1500; 2-year-olds; allowances.

Vannallo	114	Did He	112
Little Benzy	112	Queen Jody	118
Ima Pastone	116	Best Dress	112
Liberation	112	Zandell	114
†Lucky Tidbit	111	Montesk	114
Lieut. Bill	119	†Tiresome Time	117
†Gay Moombeam	122	†Flag Drill	112
The Problem	117		

†J. Combes entry.
‡W. W. Adams entry.

5—⅝; $1700; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Swimmin Hole	109	Puffed Up	109
Afghanistan	107	Sunny Jack	118
Free Double	114	Athlalah	114
Martian	115	Belmite	114

6—1⅛; $5600; 3-year-olds up; handicap.

Royal Flush	111	Transformer	118
‡Silver Plate	118	Bushwhacker	116
†Gallant Bull	110	Restless	114
†Proof Coil	114	Toolmaker	113

†Mrs. L. Lazarre entry.
‡V. S. Bragg entry.

7—⅞; $1700; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Blenette	111	Bay Ellen	114
Wapan	112	Don Derbe	109
Up Front	112	Turnabout	109
Guarrytown	114	Buena Ventura	120
Bottle Imp	112		

8—1 m. 70 yds.; $1200; 3-year-olds up.

Ole's Gal	109	Extricate	107
Is I Is	117	Lounge	104
Peacemaker	117	Martorion	117
Darby Dunway	117	Ghost Fleet	112
Countess Play	114	Patch Party	107
Beach Miss	109	Roll Call	114
Over the Dam	114	Unknown	114
Shake Sir	114	Miss Monarch	114

GULFSTREAM SELECTIONS
1—Smart Bet, Madigama, Mechanisdor.
2—Stella Alma, Fourth Estate, Which Ann.
3—Somewhere, Unitrun, Prospect Boy.
4—Liberation, Queen Jody, Gay Moombeam.
5—Martian, Afghanistan, Belmite.
6—Royal Flush, Restless, Transformer.
7—Turnabout, Wapan, Bay Ellen.
8—PEACEMAKER, Shake Sir, Restoration.
—Louisville Times (F).

1—¾; $1200; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Showtown	117	(Claggett)	4.60 2.80 2.10
Kate Lee	112	(Nichols)	2.60 2.20
Able	116	(Bergman)	2.10
Tetrafire, War Spy, Eastern Sweetie, All Charm, Nostradamus, Warlike, Dance York, Marandy.			

2—⅞; $1200; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Shelby Rotor	117	(Haley)	5.80 3.10 2.80
Cache	115	(Gentilcasan)	4.20 2.60
Good Show	117	(Deering)	2.40
Bonnie War Boy, Royal Silver, Down Most, Manitou, Kilaw, Open Fire, High One, Trace Me, Garden Pet.			

DAILY DOUBLE PAID $12.40.

3—½; $1200; 3-year-olds; claiming.

Paper Clip	115	(Fenton)	6.00 3.80 2.80
Bold Thrust	104	(Martin)	10.80 7.00
Andrea Kay	109	(Thrasher)	23.60

Jeems, Okapi Knight, Nutty Miss, Pendango, Agana, Lady Lou, Star Time, Baby Barbara, Gay Sailor.

4—1-70; $1200; 3-year-olds; claiming.

Steven Foster	112	(Trumbo)	4.60 3.20 2.60
Nervosia	104	(Saltran)	13.80 5.80
Pranver	106	(Martin)	3.60 2.80

Shake Sister, Time Flies, Pete's Kid, Doug's Gal, Heather, Fay Kay, Turkey Foot, Miss Fleet.

5—1 1/16; $1500; 2 and 4 year-old; allow.

Relwyn	115	(Woodhouse)	20.80 11.20 6.60
Senator	112	(Martinez)	12.10 6.60
Short Patrol	116	(Nichols)	6.60

Smoke Puff, Wave of Fear, Darby Dunway, Day Dodger, Little Sandy, Be Said, What Night, War Drums, Romance Boy.

6—⅝; $1200; 3-year-olds up; allowances.

Rastige	119	(Gilbert)	3.80 2.60 2.40
Gallant Boy	119	(Haas)	2.80 2.70
Santa Claus	117	(Martin)	3.00

Cavatorta, Tremble Sweet, Woodford Lad, Unknown Reward, W. E. Kelly.

7—1 1/16; $1200; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Sunspark	112	(Mazzoni)	11.80 4.80 3.40
Saleholdrits	112	(Trumbo)	2.80 2.60
Day Dodger	119	(Shields)	5.70

Juanita M., Clarewood Boy, Good Aute, Come Haven, Rare Fleece.

8—1 1/16; $1400; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Mike K.	112	(Trumbo)	11.80 6.80 4.10
Miss Quaffy, 109		(Martin)	3.80 2.80
Rimade	119	(Rollins)	2.40

Giant Servant, Hill Fox, Circle Car, Baby's Baby, High Legend, Fenian.

Havana Baseball Club Signs Five

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 7 (AP).—The Havana, Cuba, Baseball Club, newest member of the Florida-International League, today signed five Cuban players from the Williamsport, Pa., team of the Eastern League.

The five are: Catcher Mario Diaz, Infielders Osmaro Blanco and Cecilio Yerga, and Outfielders Augustin Delaville and Pedro Dunabeitios.

The Havana team received approval at the minor league convention yesterday to operate as one of eight clubs in the Florida-International loop next year. The other seven are Florida teams.

Cuban Game Carded

Fort Pierce, Fla., Dec. 7 (U.P.).—The strong Fort Pierce Naval Amphibs football team will play the University of Cuba in Havana in a "good will" game, December 15, it was disclosed today. A 30-man squad will make the trip by air from Miami.

Fair Grounds

1—¾; $900; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Chalie Wonder	106	Hippocrene	108
Ankylos	111	Myrna	114
Man o'Mine	111	Isaqueen	103
Silver Ace	106	She Pop	111
Marthartia	108	Miola	106
Hawaiian Rock	103	Bud B.	112
Sir Le	106	Flying Count	114
Liberator	120	Back to Back	103

2—⅝; $900; 2-year-olds; claiming.

Ferlair	103	Black Ship	108
Lelda	103	Miss Pebble	108
Miss Primrose	111	Stage Light	111
Grand World	114	Babe Light	108
Aqua Krona	103		

3—⅞; $900; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Snooty Winters	116	Brown Mate	116
Tee Midge	116	Big Meal	108
Hector	108	Border Scout	108
Gallant Hour	114	Zone	106
Amperage	108	Sea Convey	116
Dough Girl	108	Keager	116
Sons Style	108	Home Display	110
Seebeebee	111	Over	116
Anything Anne	107	Intellect	116

4—⅝; $1000; 2-year-olds; allowances.

Captain Bono	114	Bean Pot	106
Paper Chip	111	Wow	106
Tree Fly	111	Back Balance	114
Polly Per	108	†Prevaricator	108
Alchane	108	†Springquest	108
Our Best	109	Islam Prince	114
Sandlapper	111	†Pilacita	111

†C. Lasky and M. Marendo entry.

5—1 m. 70 yds.; $1000; 3-year-olds up.

Innate	112	Attendant	119
Darby Diplomat	104	†Might Step	112
Turnabout	118	Miss Furlan	112
†Rewarded	107		

†Graffagni entry.

6—1 1/16; $2500; all ages; Bay St. John Hdcp.

Flyon	106	Valdina Lamar	116
Havahesrt	104	Navy	120
†Pindus	116	Esquire Gold	110
Beaumbach	107	Birthmark	108
†Spartan Noble	116		

†William G. Helis entry.

7—1 1/16; $800; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

Raw Recruit	111	Beau Fiddle	111
Mighty Arab	100	Hope For	103
Baby Edith	103	Border Pat	108
Rain Day	114	Genius	102
Dark Mars	108	Judy Dunn	102
Order Arms	100	Three Bangs	106
High Baggage	108	Color West	109
Frisky Muffin	106		

8—1 1/16; $800; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Ski Dad	111	Van-Or	111
Stepsome	108	Royal Blue	106
Radeam	106	Yonnoh	105
Praetorian	111	Marfleet	111
Mary M. V.	108	Ashleysburg	111

FAIRGROUNDS SELECTIONS
1—LIBERATOR, Babylon, Sir Le.
2—Lelda, Black Ship, Miss Pebble.
3—Snooty Winters, Tee Midge, Sea Bee Bee.
4—Sea Pet, Spring Quest, Back Balance.
5—Hawkbell, Mighty Arab, Derby Diplomat.
6—Navy, Esquire Gold, Havahesrt.
7—Beau Fiddle, Three Bangs, Raw Recruit.
8—Marfleet, Stepsome, Praetorian.
—Louisville Times (F).

1—1 A; $1600; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

Scouting, 106	(Rose)	12.20 6.80 4.60	
Dearest Dear, 106	(Wallace)	7.40 4.20	
Reward, 111	(Dilley)	3.60	

Caviard, Pete Jr., Max Fort, Ensail, Hardwrick, Mighty Code.

2—⅝; $600; Maiden 3 and 4 year olds.

Gaulle, 121	(Jenkins)	6.60 3.80 2.60	
Allenata, 121	(Beale)	5.20 4.40	
Grand Lee, 121	(Frati)	4.60	

Shot By, Sea Coast, Prince Minister, Crafty War, Red Dell, Lil. Beth, Gift.

3—⅝; $600; Maiden 3 and 4 year olds.

Good Humor, 116	(Lehman)	7.80 3.80 2.80	
Pollitos, 116	(Rose)	4.60 2.80	
Da Silver, 124	(Fitzw)	2.60	

Mackendy, Yuma, My Stamp, †Julia Mr. Sister Fox, †Turnella, †Ahriam Blue, Fort Wine.

(Fenton entry.

4—⅝; $1000; 3 and 4 year olds; allowances.

Frisky Lark, 116	(Lehman)	8.20 4.20 3.20	
Calco, 117	(Seaver)	7.60 4.20	
Forest, 120	(Hawthorne)	4.80	

Per Cent, Little Kenny, Rockwood Daisy, Amazed, Skip Jr., Relate.

5—1 1/16; $1200; 2-year-olds; allowances.

Sea D., 115	(

The Gentler Sex

By Malvina Lindsay

Christmas Conscience

This is about those people who are not struggling at gadget counters for gifts to exchange with other grownups. It is about those women who are not hunting for or listing the wrist watches, lingerie, fur coats or other luxuries they expect "Santa" to bring them.

It is about those who are aware that this Nation is living this Christmas season in a glass house into which a cold, hungry and desperate world is looking. It is about those who see this time as a rare and precious opportunity to enlarge their souls and to garner abroad gratitude instead of hate for their country. It is about the many who are asking, "How can I dedicate my Christmas giving and getting to someone homeless and starving abroad?"

A surprisingly large number of women are putting what Christmas spending money they have above their children's needs into supplies or funds for people in war-ravished countries. Many of these women are asking if there isn't some printed Christmas card they can send to their friends requesting that their personal gifts be diverted this year to war relief. Others have suggested that there be made available cards whereby they can explain to their friends that the usual gifts have been sent abroad to those in greater need.

Direction Needed

Certainly some relief organization would do well to supply this demand. The desire to give and even to sacrifice in the giving is more general than is realized. But this great surge of goodwill is not being channeled this Christmas into service as it might be. The numerous voluntary relief agencies are confusing to many would-be givers. Also many who have small contributions to make, and even less time to make them, are not getting enough opportunity to feel a personal part in the relief abroad.

As one of these has written this column: "There must be millions of women like me who would like to do something to relieve the suffering of people in devastated Europe and who are clerks in stores or offices and do not have checkbook or the time to go to the postoffice to get a money order. What we need is some organized campaign to garner in the small contributions and use the money to buy food, medicine, clothing or whatever is necessary. Really there is nothing wrong with the women of the United States. They will respond if they know what to do."

The way contributions are pouring in at the church centers recently opened for foreign relief activities shows that Americans have a conscience about the rest of the world despite congressional delay on the UNRRA appropriation. While voluntary relief can only scratch the surface in a few places, yet its influence goes on deepening and widening both among those who give and those who receive. Moreover those who want to give will find ways of doing it. At the request of many correspondents here are some suggested opportunities for those who are asking "what can I do?"

Church Centers

Two church depots for canned food and for clothing (in good condition) are at All Souls Unitarian Church, 16th and Harvard sts., and at the Washington Church of the Brethren, 4th st. and North Carolina ave. se., which is the Protestant church collection center. Collection hours at the latter are Saturdays, 9 a. m. to noon. Canned food products should be of high protein content as meats, pastes, fish, cheese, condensed milk, tinned dried whole milk, meat base soups, and baby foods.

Catholic church members are to bring canned and dehydrated foods to their parishes from December 9 to 16.

Those who want to send packages direct to specific friends in Europe may obtain information on shipping from the postoffice. Those wishing to send boxes to any needy individuals abroad may get directions from such agencies as the Church Committee on Overseas Relief and Reconstruction, 297 4th ave., New York 10, N. Y., and the Fellowship of Reconciliation, 6 Park st., Boston, Mass.

Money and clothing for relief work around the world is accepted by the American Friends Service Committee, 20 S. 12th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Here are a few organizations that help specific groups or countries abroad, and that will accept cash:

American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, 270 Madison ave., New York, which is making heroic efforts to keep alive the surviving Jewish children of Europe.

American Relief for Italy, 29 Broadway, New York 6, N. Y.

Belgian War Relief Society, Inc., 420 Lexington ave., New York, 17, N. Y.

Greek War Relief Association, Inc., 221 West 57th st., New York 19, N. Y.

American Relief for Norway, Inc., 135 LaSalle st., Chicago 3, Ill.

American Society for Russian Relief Inc., 5 Cedar st., New York 5.

American Relief for France, 457 Madison ave., New York 22, New York.

Cash contributions may be made direct to UNRRA. Also any group can start a Victory Collection of Canned Food for overseas relief. Information may be obtained from Dan A. West, Executive Director of the Community Canning Program for Overseas, 100 Maiden lane, New York 7, New York.

Madlon Studios.
MRS. JOHN G. TYLER, JR.
. . . Wears traditional satin

Evelyn Jackson Becomes Bride Of Virginian

Miss Evelyn Jane Jackson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Edward Jackson, South Bend, Ind., and Lieut. John Goodenow Tyler, jr., AUS, son of Mrs. Tyler and the late Mr. Tyler, Virginia Beach, Va., repeated their marriage vows last night in St. Matthew's Cathedral, which was decorated with palms, white chrysanthemums and candelabra. The Rev. John S. Spence read the service.

Mr. Jackson gave his daughter in marriage. The bride was gowned in white satin with full train and French maline inserts at the neckline of the fitted bodice, a coronet of orange blossoms holding the finger-tip veil. She carried a shower bouquet of white roses and wore a pearl necklace, gift of the bridegroom.

Mrs. Bee Lowman attended her niece as matron of honor, wearing dusty pink crepe with matching hat and gloves. Her bouquet was red roses.

The bridesmaids—Miss Bette M. Wedel, Chicago; Miss Ann Everett, cousin of the bridegroom, Virginia Beach; Miss Joanna A. Watson, Miss Elaine Gendreau and Mrs. Ralph Pearce, Washington—were dressed alike in aqua jersey with matching gloves and flower halos and carried aqua muffs arranged with red roses.

Marion King Cox, Newport News, Va., was best man. Ushers were Lucius W. Evans, Boston, Mass.; Stephen Bancroft Tyler, jr., the bridegroom's cousin, Norfolk, Va.; Capt. John Blair Fitts, USA, Richmond, Va.; Ensign Jack E. Jackson, brother of the bride, South Bend, and Charles Nash Reid, Washington.

At the reception at the Admiral Club, the bride's mother was attired in powder blue crepe with white orchids. The bridegroom's mother wore blue crepe and mousseline-de-soie with miniature orchids in her hair.

The bride's going-away costume was a black dressmaker suit with white blouse, black accessories and white orchid corsage.

The newlyweds will visit New York and Indiana on their honeymoon, after which they will make their home at Virginia Beach.

Correspondent Becomes Bride

The wedding of Miss Mary Patricia Lochridge, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Pampell Lochridge, Forest Hills, Long Island, and Lieut. Comdr. Henry Nelson Bull, USNR, took place yesterday in the Church-in-the-Gardens, Forest Hills. The Rev. Albert Sheppard, New York, officiated. George D. Morton, Washington, was best man.

The bride, given in marriage by her father, wore an ivory satin gown trimmed with heirloom lace and carried a bouquet of baby calla lilies. Attendants were Mrs. John Lindeman Beyer, jr., Cambridge, Mass., and Mrs. James Boodie Massie, Minneapolis, Minn., sisters of the bride. Ushers were Sherwood Alexander, John Lindeman Beyer, jr., Lloyd Pampell Lochridge, jr., and Harry L. Stile.

Following a wedding trip to Charlottesville, Va., the couple will live in New York. Mrs. Bull is a foreign correspondent for Woman's Home Companion.

Yugoslav Envoy Among Boxholders For 'Il Trovatore'

The Yugoslav Ambassador, Stanoje Simic, has taken two boxes at Constitution Hall for Wednesday night to hear Miss Zinka Milanov, Yugoslavia's Metropolitan Opera star, who will sing the role of Leonora when the Philadelphia La Scala Opera Company presents "Il Trovatore."

Others who have taken boxes are: the Lebanese Minister and Mme. Malik; the Russian Ambassador and Mme. Gromyko, the Chinese Ambassador and Mme. Wei, Admiral and Mrs. Charles Bunker, Senator and Mrs. Claude Pepper, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Sterling. Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Howells, Representative and Mrs. A. S. M. Monroney, Miss Meredith Howard, Mrs. George Mesta, Comdr. and Mrs. Keith Merrill, Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Kahn, Mrs. Ralph Worthington, Mrs. Parker Dove, Lieut. and Mrs. Leon Brown.

Also Mr. and Mrs. Max Truitt, Col. and Mrs. Julius Peyser, Col. and Mrs. Robert Davis, Mr. and Mrs. John Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Crifasi, John H. Davis, Arthur Clarendon Smith, and the Federation of Women's Clubs.

British Admiral Entertains At Farewell Cocktail Party

Admiral Sir James Somerville, who has served here since October, 1944, as chief of the British Admiralty Delegation, entertained more than 300 guests at a farewell party yesterday afternoon in the Carlton Room at the Carlton Hotel.

Top ranking officers of the military services of the United States and Great Britain made up the greater part of the guest list, and in attendance also were several chiefs of missions, their wives and members of their staffs.

Many of those present were from residential circles, special friends of the admiral, who was saying a final goodby at his party before leaving for New York. He will sail for England December 18 and will be home in time for Christmas, his first there in many years.

Receiving with her father at the 6 to 8 p. m. party was Second Officer Rachel Somerville, Wrens, who expects to return to England later in the winter.

Gen. and Mrs. George Marshall and Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower were among those in Army circles who were unable to attend and the Countess of Halifax was there without the Ambassador, who is in New York for the weekend.

Among those invited were the French Ambassador and Mme. Bonnet, the Netherlands Ambassador and Mme. Loudon, the Chinese Ambassador and Mme. Wei, the Russian Ambassador and Mme. Gromyko, the Canadian Ambassador and Mrs. Pearson, the Australian Minister, Sir Frederic Eggleston, the New Zealand Minister and Mrs. Berendsen, and the South American Minister and Mrs. Andrews.

The Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Forrestal were asked, as were the Undersecretary and Mrs. Artemus L. Gates, the Undersecretary and Mrs. John L. Sullivan, Admiral and Mrs. Ernest King, Admiral William D. Leahy, Gen. and Mrs. Alexander Vandegrift, Admiral and Mrs. Richard S. Edwards, and scores of officers of our Navy.

Also Gen. and Mrs. Henry H. Arnold, Gen. and Mrs. Harold L. George, Lieut. Gen. and Mrs. Daniel I. Sultan, Lieut. Gen. and Mrs. Ira Eaker.

From the British joint staff were Air Marshal Douglas Colyer, Rear Admiral J. W. A. Waller, Commodore A. W. Clark, Field Marshal Sir Henry and Lady Maitland-Wilson, Lieut. Gen. Sir Gordon and Lady Macready. Also receiving invitations were all Wren officers stationed in Washington.

Among others there were Senator and Mrs. Peter G. Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Woods Bliss, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lippmann, Joseph Grew, Mrs. Robert Low Bacon and Mrs. Chase Smith.

Mary Crane, Comdr. Hope Repeat Vows

Mrs. William Jerome Crane announces the marriage of her daughter, Mary Emma, to Lieut. Comdr. John Westgate Hope, Medical Corps, USN, Tuesday, in San Francisco, Calif.

The bride is a graduate of the University of Michigan and has done graduate work at the Institute of Fine Arts, New York University, and Dumbarton Oaks, Washington. Before her marriage she was with the State Department.

Commander Hope is the son of Mrs. C. R. Hope, San Marino, Calif., and the late Mr. Hope. He is a graduate of Stanford University and Stanford University Medical School. Prior to the war he was a member of the house staff of Stanford University Hospital. He recently returned after more than two years duty in the Pacific.

Barkers Take Wedding Trip

On their honeymoon are Mr. and Mrs. William Edwin Barker, who were married recently in the Macedonia Christian Church with the Rev. W. P. Blackwell officiating.

Evergreens and white chrysanthemums decorated the chancel, and the bride was attired in a princess gown of white satin. Her fingertip veil of illusion was caught with orange blossoms and she carried a prayer book and a white orchid. W. M. Terrill gave his sister in marriage.

Mrs. W. S. Munsey, jr., sister of the bride, was her matron of honor in blue satin and net with bouquet of pink roses.

Best man was Danny Osborn, White Plains, N. Y., and ushers were W. G. Morton 3d, Lahore, Va., and Lieut. Raymond Newkirk, Washington.

The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Fannie B. Terrill and the late John B. Terrill, Orange, Va. Mr. Barker is the son of Mrs. Caroline A. Barker and the late Harry A. Barker, Washington.

A reception followed the wedding ceremony at Rosin Ridge, the home of the bride's parents.

When the Barkers left for their wedding trip, Mrs. Barker was costumed in a three-piece yellow suit with brown accessories. The newlyweds will live in Arlington, Va.

Purchasing Agents Will Meet Monday

Women's Division, Washington Chapter of the National Association of Purchasing Agents, will meet Monday at 8 p. m. in room 4821, Commerce Building.

Chief speaker will be Clifton E. Mack, director, Treasury Department, Procurement Division.

All women purchasing agents, assistant purchasing agents, directors and managers of purchasing departments and buyers of supplies and equipment not destined for retail resale are invited to be present.

Uruguayan Couple Arrives in Capital

The newly appointed Counselor of the Uruguay Embassy, Cesar Montero de Bustamante, and Senora Montero de Bustamante have arrived in Washington and are stopping temporarily at the Statler. Senor Montero de Bustamante has come from London, where he represented Uruguayan interests as Charge d'Affaires to Belgium, Norway and Poland.

With Senor and Senora Montero de Bustamante is their grandson, Guy P. Nery.

Ration Points

December 8, 1945

SUGAR: Stamp 38 good through December 31. Next stamp valid January 1.

'Lucia' Appears At Traditional Swedish Fete

The Swedish Naval Attache and Mme. Angelin were hosts last night at their annual "Lucia" Day party, which in the past few years has been one of the most delightful of the pre-Christmas fetes here.

In their native Sweden, "Lucia" Day is celebrated on December 13, with festive parties in each town. Highlight of the program is a parade at night led by a young woman wearing a long white robe and crown of lighted candles.

This year Commodore and Mme. Angelin moved up the date of their party as they are leaving today for Florida, where they have taken a house for a month.

More than 100 guests from diplomatic and official circles attended the party which got under way around 9 p. m. At 11, Miss Elisabeth Wikstrom-Angelin, as "Lucia," joined the gathering wearing the traditional costume. In her hands she carried a tray of Swedish cookies, always served at such parties. With the cookies, guests sipped cups of "glogg," a hot, strongly-spiced drink.

Plan Parties For Visitors, Convalescents

Mrs. Martin Vogel will entertain at a cocktail party Wednesday from 6 to 8 p. m. for her nephew and niece, Gen. and Mrs. Clayton Adams, who are here from Los Angeles to spend a fortnight with her.

General and Mrs. Adams will share honors with Miss Virginia Summers and her fiance, Col. Nathaniel M. Martin, who will be married December 29, and special guests will be a group of convalescent servicemen from Walter Reed, Forest Glen, Bethesda and Fort Belvoir Hospitals.

Under the auspices of the home hospitality committee, of which Mrs. Vogel is chairman, convalescent veterans have been entertained recently by Senorita Hilda Vallarino, daughter of the Ambassador of Panama and Senora de Vallarino, who gave a buffet supper and dance at the embassy; Mrs. Bissett Norment, who had the junior hostesses to entertain with her, and by members of the 75 Club, composed of wives of members of the Seventy-fifth Congress who gave the first in a series of luncheons in the Senate room for about 30 convalescents.

Mrs. Leverett Saltonstall will be hostess to a group of convalescents from Walter Reed Hospital at a luncheon Wednesday, in the family dining room at the Capitol. She later will take the group to the Pearl Harbor hearings.

A group of servicemen from the Naval Medical Center will be luncheon guests Thursday of Mrs. Harlan J. Bushfield at the Capitol.

Hospital to Give Tea for Volunteers

Honoring the nurses' aides and Gray Ladies Corps of the Alexandria Red Cross Chapter, officers and directors of the Alexandria Hospital will give a tea at Carter Hall, 706 Prince st., today from 4 to 6 p. m. The date marks the fourth anniversary of nurses' aide work in the hospital.

Robert G. Whitton, hospital administrator, said arrangements are being made by the auxiliary groups, the board of lady managers, auxiliary board and the Twig, junior board of the auxiliary. About 500 invitations have been issued.

Mrs. Sylvern Laupheimer, president of the board of lady managers, and Mrs. James H. Brown, auxiliary board president, will pour. Clarence J. Robinson, hospital president, will greet the guests.

Spanish Luncheon Scheduled Today

The Cuban Consul General and Senora de Sera will be guests of honor at the Spanish class luncheon to be held today at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Wilkes. Prof. Ramon Ramos will prepare Cuban dishes, assisted by Alice Sayre and Karin Eldred, members of his class. Miss Helen Emleigh will lead the group in singing Spanish songs following the luncheon.

Mary Haworth's Mail

appears every day except Saturday in the Women's Pages. Read it tomorrow in Section IV.

Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

Victory Bowl Prizes To Be Drawn Tonight; Notes of the Theater

TONIGHT IS THE NIGHT when a considerable number among the thousands of Washingtonians who have purchased more than two million dollars worth of Series E Victory Bonds will receive tangible rewards for their patriotism.

Signe Hasso

The Victory Bowl drawings in practically all the motion picture houses in the District are scheduled to take place at one hour or another this Saturday night of December 8.

The "big pickings" in the downtown theaters will be done by radio celebrities. In the neighborhood houses, members of the aduience will be invited to draw the names of the winners from the Victory Bowls.

Little Johnny, of Phillip Morris radio fame, will do the honors at the Warner Brothers' Earle and Metropolitan Theaters. At 11:30 p. m., he will announce the four prize winners at the Metropolitan and then move over to the Earle, where, on the stroke of midnight, he will call out the lucky Victory Bowl ticket holders who will be awarded the Pontiac Streamliner automobile, Hot Point Refrigerator, Bendix Washing Machine and 50-piece set of Rogers Bros. silver.

At Loew's Columbia Theater, where 15 Victory Bonds totaling $1500 in value are offered—with a first prize of $500—Sam Brown, of Station WINX, will be master of ceremonies.

Loew's Palace, with a $1000 first prize in its Victory Bowl, will have Jerry Strong, of WINX, major domoing its drawings.

Determination of the winner of the Aeronca airplane, offered as an over-all first prize by Loew's Capitol, Palace and Columbia theaters, will be made at a date to be announced shortly.

And remember, all you bond buyers, win, lose or draw, the Man with the Whiskers is grateful.

It will probably be as welcome news to J. Edgar Hoover, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, as to Darryl Zanuck, production Pooh-Bah at Twentieth Century-Fox, that the National Screen Council has voted the Boxoffice Blue Ribbon Award for November to "The House on 92d Street," as the best picture for family consumption released in that month. Based on authentic case histories in the files of the FBI, and extremely well enacted by an able cast headed by Lloyd Nolan, William Eythe and Signe Hasso, "The House" was a salutary as well as thrilling exposition of the inner workings of espionage and counter-espionage in a time of acute national emergency. The runner-upper in the countrywide voting was "Weekend at the Waldorf," with "Mildred Pierce," "Kiss and Tell," "The Dolly Sisters" and "The Spanish Main" the "honorable mentions," in the order named. The November accolades thus were distributed among Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Warner Brothers, Columbia and RKO-Radio, in addition to Twentieth.

Between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock this afternoon, popular pigskin heroes of the Washington Redskins football team will take bows and maybe say a few words from the stages of Sidney Lust's Bethesda and Hyattsville theaters. Among the gridiron gladiators scheduled to carry the ball are Sammy Baugh, Steve Bagarus, Frank Akin, Joe Aguirre and Merle Conit. There they come, you fans, and don't forget the autograph books:

An Aide to Santa

Pursuant to annual custom, a limited number of Christmas Gift Subscriptions now are made available for the remaining four plays in the Theater Guild-American Theater Society season of six at the National Theater.

No more subscriptions will be accepted for "The Winter's Tale," opening a two-week engagement on E st. Monday night, but from January 7 on, the Christmas books are open.

The "half-season" subscriptions will embrace Alfred Lunt and Lynn Fontanne in "O Mistress Mine," "The Hasty Heart" and two additional plays as yet unannounced.

There are seat locations to be had by Christmas Gift subscribers in the orchestra for all performances, and in both balcony and orchestra for all matinees. Saturday, December 15, is the deadline for Yuletide subscribers.

The subscription office in the mezzanine lobby of the National is open Tuesdays, Thursday and Saturdays, noon to 5:30 p. m. Phone DI. 2433.

Designed and produced by military and civilian personnel for presentation during the Yule, Moliere's "The Imaginary Invalid," in colorful new form, will be staged in the North Post Theater, Fort Myer, Va., on Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights, December 13-15, at 8:40 o'clock. In addition to the amusing plot and humorous dialogue, the modern adaptation of the seventeenth century classic will embrace 11 original songs, incidental music to be played by the Army Band, dances and picturesque costuming and settings. Those who enjoyed C. U.'s "The Doctor in Spite of Himself" will want to see this one, similarly elaborated.

Come Sunday, Milton Berle, star of "Spring in Brazil," ending its two-week engagement at the National tonight, will be flying down to Richmond, Va.—and I didn't say Rio!—to join Frank Sinatra in a giant Victory bond rally at the Mosque Theater in the Old Dominion capital. On Monday, he will jump over Washington to open "Spring" that night for a week in Baltimore.

Dots and Dashes

The Washington Theater Alliance extends an invitation to the public to attend Sunday afternoon's session in Cafritz Auditorium, Jewish Community Center—16th and Q sts. nw.—when Sam Peerce, Theater Guild lecturer, will deliver his final illustrated talk on Shakespeare's "The Winter's Tale" . . . President Edward Mangum will preside and preceding the lecture, Rita Nicholson, accompanied by Dorothy Radde Emery, will present a program of Shakespearean songs . . . Manager Sol Sorkin of RKO-Keith's Theater, and RKO-Radio interests are screening "The Bells of St. Mary's," starring Bing Crosby and Ingrid Bergman, for the drama desks Monday morning—for which thanks . . . Transit strike and a busted windshield wiper put a slight personal crimp in the recent trade showing . . . J. B. Priestley's "Mystery at Greenfingers," will open the seventh season of the Masquers of Roosevelt Center, in Roosevelt Auditorium, Friday night, December 14, at 8:15 o'clock . . . Same night and the next, Cue and Curtain of George Washington U., will be putting on Sidney Howard's "Silver Cord" as their second offering of the season in Lisner Auditorium . . . Tonight is the last night of the Falls Church Community Theater's production of "Ghost Train," in the Madison School—for the benefit of the American Legion Post's Living War Memorial fund . . . Worth seeing, with Florenz Hinz, well known in Washington theatrical circles, both directing and assuming a leading role in an emergency . . . Leo Carrillo, one of the first gentlemen of the American theater, was guest of honor at a Loew luncheon in the Variety Club yesterday—which is another column in itself.

It-Sure-Does-Fugit Note

Another week gone a'ready? Where to?

What's Going On And Where

Entertainment for Servicemen and Women

Victory canteen for servicemen and women, 1113 Pennsylvania ave. nw.; club opens at 11 a. m.

Army-Navy Masonic servicemen's center, 13th st. and New York ave. nw., 1 p. m.

Servicemen's ticket booth, 1 st. and Pennsylvania ave. nw., 4 to 8:30 p. m.

Pepsi-Cola canteen for servicemen of the United Nations, Inc., 13th and G sts. nw.; checking, showers, lounge, all day.

YMCA; USO, 1736 G st. nw., church supper, 6 p. m.; formal dance of the week, 9 p. m.; Chinese dance, 9 p. m.

USO, 918 10th st. nw., recreation room, information, showers, darkroom facilities, dance with Air Force and Fort Myer bands, 9 to 12.

USO, Market Space (8th and Pennsylvania ave. nw.), voice recordings, 3 p. m.; gala variety show, contests, stunts, prizes, refreshments, 9 p. m.

USO, National Jewish Welfare Board, 16th and Q sts. nw., buffet supper, 7:30 p. m.; formal dance, orchestra, 9 to 12 p. m.

Officers Service Club of the United Nations, Inc., 1644 31st st. nw., formal dance in Sapphire Room of Mayflower Hotel, 9 to 12 p. m.; orchestra and hostesses, refreshments.

Public Events

Paintings and drawings by combat artists of the United States Marine Corps, National Gallery of Art, 6th st. and Constitution ave. nw.

Japanese and German surrender documents and materials relating to President Roosevelt and international cooperation for war and peace, National Archives, Exhibition Hall.

Paintings and drawings by merchant marine seamen of the United Nations, Corcoran Gallery of Art, 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Rare books and manuscripts through January 15, Library of Congress, 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Paintings and drawings by Lieut. Mitchell Jamieson, USNR, 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Herman Maril gouaches, King-Smith Gallery, 1702 S st. nw., 2 to 9 p. m.

Paintings by Jack Perlmutter, USNR, Barnett Aden Gallery, 127 Randolph pl. nw., 6 to 10 p. m.

JANE ARDEN

THAT BLONDE DAME FORGOT HER PURSE!
MAYBE HER ADDRESS IS IN IT—
IF IT IS I'LL TAKE IT TO HER—
WHAT'S THIS? TWO GOVERNMENT ENVELOPES ADDRESSED TO DIFFERENT WOMEN BUT BOTH TO THE SAME STREET ADDRESS—
THE CHECK I ORDERED FOR HER WAS MADE OUT TO MRS. JOHN RANDOLPH!

LEONARD LYONS

Broadway Potpourri

New York, Dec. 7.—Monday evening, at the Astor, Dr. Leo Szilard of the University of Chicago's Metallurgical Laboratory was introduced to Harold Laski. Professor Laski flew from England to make a speech urging international control of the atom bomb . . . "Mr. Laski," said Dr. Szilard, "the atomic bomb is no secret. And what's more," he added, "we're going to keep it."

Harold Laski

Dr. Oscar Lange, the new Polish Ambassador, finally has arrived in Washington . . . Dr. Lange reports that for the first time in a thousand years, civil marriages and divorces now are permitted and recognized in Poland . . . Dr. Juan Negrin, the former Premier of Loyalist Spain, is up from Mexico and will leave for Europe shortly . . . Col. Frank McCarthy, the former aide to General Marshall who resigned as Assistant Secretary of State after a short hitch in that job, may accompany Marshall when the new Ambassador leaves for Chungking.

Bing Crosby went to the Metropolitan Opera House Monday night to watch Pat Munsell perform. Then he went backstage to visit Miss Munsell and to pose for pictures with her. Both Crosby and the young opera singer come from Spokane, Wash. "The citizens of Spokane are proud of Miss Munsell," said Crosby. "She's the gal who's had to atone for my pipes."

Julien Huxley, the British scientist, who spoke at the atomic bomb rally in Madison Square Garden, confessed later: "I'd have had a much better speech if the British Foreign Office hadn't disapproved" . . . Chicago's "Society Kid" Hogan, now visiting here, is registered at the Warwick Hotel as "S. K." Hogan. . . . Ex-Sergt. Broderick Crawford, the film actor, still is in New York although he received his Army discharge many weeks ago. His mother, Helen Broderick, who knows just where Crawford can be found at noon, evening and night, sent him a message yesterday: "Son, haven't you got enough points to get out of Toots Shor's?"

Louis Calhern is back from Hollywood, singing the praises of Alfred Hitchcock not only as the ablest director for whom he ever worked, but also as the most considerate. Calhern went to Hollywood to work in "Notorious," which will costar Ingrid Bergman and Cary Grant. During one long scene, Miss Bergman blew up in her lines. . . . "Cut," Hitchcock told his cameraman. Then he turned to Miss Bergman, who stood there waiting for the outburst which directors usually make when an actor makes a mistake. "Miss Bergman," said Hitchcock gently, "it's a good thing I was fast asleep and didn't notice that."

Orson Welles is in town for the Jules Verne musical which Michael Todd is scheduled to produce. The story is by Welles, and the songs by Cole Porter. Todd signed Porter, who already has written most of the songs. But Welles still isn't under contract, probably will decide upon a postponement until next season . . . The Hotel Scribe in Paris, headquarters for correspondents during the war, reverted to its owners, the Canadian Pacific, this week. It will be renovated and prepared for tourist business . . . Bob Nathan, John Snyder's reconversion aide, has had a recurrence of his back injury and is in a Washington hospital.

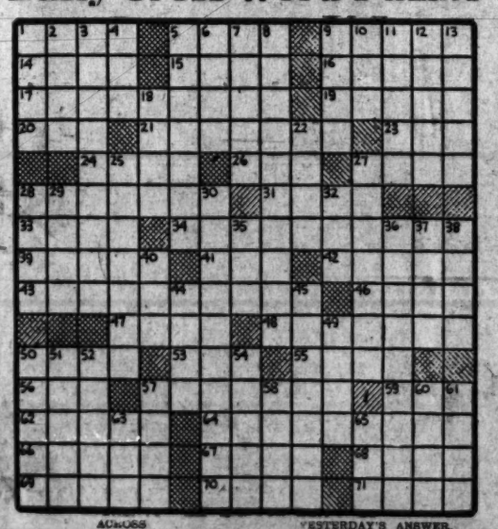
Billy Rose was in the Savoy Grill in London, with Hannen Swaffer, the columnist. He reported his difficulties in securing labor permits for his "Carmen Jones" company. "Get a stenographer," Swaffer suggested, "and I'll dictate a letter of introduction to Sir Ben Smith." . . . "I once was Bernard Baruch's secretary," said Rose, "and I still can take dictation at 180 words a minute. So come up to my room and I'll take down anything you say, as quickly as you say it." . . . Swaffer dictated the all-important letter to Rose, who typed it himself. Then Billy sent for the public stenographer to take dictation on messages to friends. He did it because he wanted the messages sent, but also because he wanted Swaffer to make comparisons—to prove that Rose could take dictation and type faster and better.

President Truman suggested that the General Motors strike could be settled quickly if Charles Wilson, Phil Murray and R. J. Thomas were locked in a White House room with Thomas W. Lamont and Ben Fairless until an agreement would be reached . . . . Bob Moses is working on a plan for the importation of between 500 and 1000 prefabricated houses for N. Y. C. veterans . . . The N. Y. Times, in publishing the Associated Press dispatch from Poughkeepsie—in which Mrs. Roosevelt refused to comment upon my story that she no longer would worship at the St. James Episcopal Church at Hyde Park—quoted Mrs. Roosevelt as adding that she "certainly would not withdraw financial support" which the late President gave the family church when he was senior warden. The Times implied that I had reported otherwise. I didn't. I reported that she would continue this support.

Gregory Ratoff is so positive that Spencer Tracy will be starred in MGM's Sinclair Lewis story that he keeps addressing Tracy as "Judge Timberlane" . . . For the first time in its history, the Hit Parade had three songs by the same authors—Rodgers and Hammerstein's "That's for Me" and "It Might as Well Be Spring," from "State Fair," and "If I Love You," from "Carousel" . . . John Pehle, formerly of the War Refugee Board, may become Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

A few days ago Barry Thomson, who plays Dick Tracy in the radio series, entered a wine shop at Lex. ave. and 57th st. to buy some wine he had ordered for a friend. The counterman said he knew nothing about the order. Thomson pointed to the wrapped-up package bearing his name, together with the amount due—$26—and said: "That's it." The counterman seemed surly, and Thomson berated him, while paying, for his discourteay and poor salesmanship. Then Thomson left, carrying his package. And the next day read that the "counterman" was a gunman, whose four accomplices had the proprietor locked in a back room during the time that he—portrayer of superdetective Dick Tracy—was in the store.

Daily Cross Word Puzzle



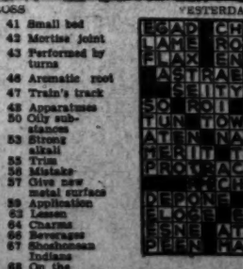
ACROSS

1 Orchestra
5 Eat
9 Custom
14 Scope
15 Alpine wild goat
16 Festive electric terminal
17 Scientist of life
19 Flax cloth
20 Building extension
21 Small falcon
22 Oxygen
24 Boat propellers
26 Pose
27 Foot bottom
28 Industrial leader
31 Covering of paint
33 Depart
34 Biblical settler in Samaria
39 Kind of thread
41 Small bed
42 Mortise joint
43 Performed by turns
46 Aromatic root
47 Train's track
48 Apparatuses
50 Oily substances
53 Strong alkali
55 Trim
56 Mistake
57 Give new metal surface
59 Application
63 Lessen
64 Charms
66 Beverages
67 Southeastern Indiana
68 On the summit
69 English river
70 Denomination
71 Moist

DOWN

1 Infant
2 Seed covering
3 User of new words
4 Split pea
5 Compendiums
6 Heroine's bird
7 Cosy homes
8 Liberated
9 Corridor
10 Cuckoo
11 Tropical timber tree
12 Fanciful
13 Taxi
18 Vegetable used in soup
22 English school
25 Deer's horns
27 Unusual enemy
29 Religious festival: India
29 Angle of branching stems
30 Clean smelling tree of California
32 Performances
36 Drunkard
38 Render actual
37 Ripped
38 Aims
40 Age
44 River in Egypt
45 Tooth surgeon
49 Five-dollar bills
50 Banquet
51 Shaded retreat
52 Barter
54 Exits
57 Remainder
58 Fish sauce
60 White substance
61 Discover
63 Toast
65 Crazy

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER



TERRY

THAT CIVILIAN, MR. BRATHER, CHARGING LIEUT. LEE WITH ASSAULT IS A REAL NUISANCE TO A WEATHER OFFICER. LIKE ME, CAPTAIN BURT...
I KNOW, CAPTAIN, I---
EXCUSE ME, SIR!
WE CAUGHT AN ARMED JAP SOLDIER TRYING TO BREAK INTO THE FOOD STORAGE AREA, SIR...HE'S HALF DEAD FROM HUNGER...
BREAKING IN? DIDN'T HE KNOW HE COULD SURRENDER AND BE FED?
I GUESS NOT, SIR. HE EXPECTED TO BE TORTURED—ALTHOUGH HE SEEMS TO KNOW JAPAN HAS GIVEN UP! THE MEDICS ARE TREATING HIM...
AH, ME! WELL, LET'S HAVE A LOOK AT HIM...! YOU KNOW, CAPTAIN, MAYBE I READ TOO MUCH ABOUT GENERAL CUSTER WHEN I WAS A KID, BUT I'VE OFTEN THOUGHT WHAT A WELL-ARMED BAND OF JAP DIE-HARDS COULD DO TO THIS LITTLE WEATHER STATION WHEN WE'RE CUT OFF FROM AIRBORNE RELIEF BY A ZERO CEILING—LIKE THIS!

JOE PALOOKA

MARY WORTH

CHICHI--I--I WANT TO SHOOT STRAIGHT WITH YOU! IF I'VE GIVEN YOU THE IDEA THAT I WAS---WELL--- SERIOUS--I--THAT IS--
TRYIN' TO SAY, "OBJECT, NOT MATRIMONY?"--OKAY, BIG BOY! DON'T BE AFRAID YOU'LL BREAK MY GIRLISH HEART! I TRIED DOIN' A DOUBLE ONCE, YOU KNOW!--AND IT WAS A LOUSY ACT! NEXT TIME I SAY "I DO" THE GUY'S GOTTA BE CRAWLIN' WITH COIN!-- LET'S US JUST BE GOOD FRIENDS--- HUH?
MISS CARROL? I GUESS SHE'S STILL IN HER CLASSROOM, MRS. WORTH!
THANK YOU! I'LL FIND HER THEN---!
212
12-9-48

NEWLYWEDS

HEY, MYRTLE! I'LL BET YOU CAN'T SKIN THE CAT!
SHUT YOUR EYES!
V VICTORY LOAN
NOW YOU CAN LOOK!
WELL, I DID IT, DIDN'T I?
THAT I'LL NEVER KNOW!
12-8

HENRY FINN

MISS TITE DID YOU EVER HEAR OF MORTIMER MINTMORE, THE MULTI-MILLIONAIRE?
CERTAINLY!
WELL, THIS STORY I'M GONNA TELL YOU, IS ABOUT HIM--BEFORE AND AFTER HE MET ME!
?
--AND TODAY, MISS TITE, HE'S A HEALTHY, HAPPY MAN--BECAUSE NOW HE KNOWS HOW TO ENJOY HIS MONEY!
HMMM, --I SEE! SHERIFF--WE'RE GOING TO BECOME BETTER ACQUAINTED!
UNPACK OUR BAGS, MICHAEL--WE'VE GOT ANOTHER JOB TO DO!
?

DIXIE DUGAN

MR. RAYMON--THIS IS MR. BOOSTER OF "BIMAN & BOOSTER," PUBLISHERS--HE'S INTERESTED IN YOUR NOVEL.
HE IS EH???
IN A PIG'S EYE HE IS!-- NOW BOTH OF YOU GET OUT! I'M BUSY!
I--I BEG YOUR PARDON?
YOU'RE MAKING A BIG MISTAKE, FELLA.
OH NO! I'M NOT--YOUR GAL FRIEND DIXIE DUGAN IS--WELL TELL HER FOR ME THAT I DON'T LIKE HER ANY MORE THAN SHE LIKES ME--SEE???
--AND TELL HER I'M GOING TO MARRY MICKEY BEFORE I FINISH MY NOVEL--GO ON --GIT!!!

CHIEF WAHOO and STEVE ROPER

ARE YOU THE BIG SHOTS REGULAR DRIVER, MISS O'DARE?
NO--WE'RE JUST GOOD FRIENDS! I HAPPEN TO BE CIGARETTE GIRL IN A NIGHT CLUB HE OWNS A PIECE OF!
HIS OFFICE IS IN THAT BUILDING ACROSS THE STREET!
HE DOESN'T SQUANDER THE STOCKHOLDER'S DOUGH ON A FANCY FRONT, DOES HE?
SHERIDAN H. BOSWORTH--HEAD OF THE ARGUS STEEL CORPORATION HAS ALL THE EARMARKS OF A VERY ECCENTRIC FELLOW!
VELVET'S HERE, BLOWTORCH! --WITH THE MUGGER!

WINNIE WINKLE

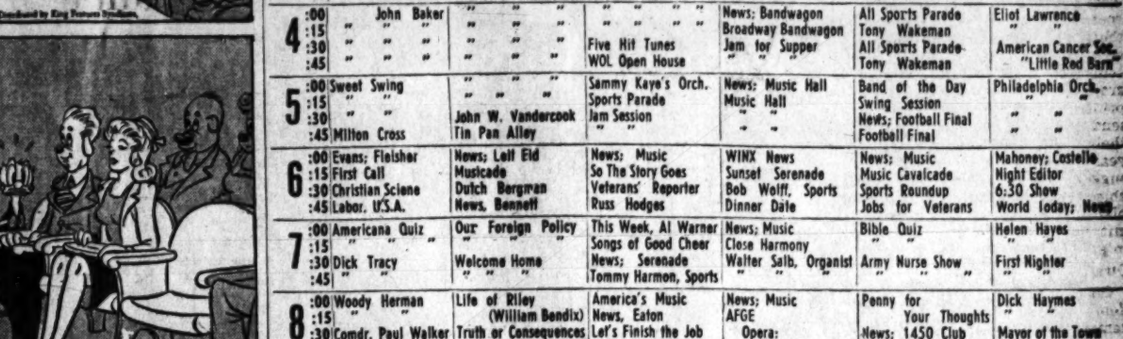
YER PAW'S A NUISANCE AROUND TH' HOUSE! I CAN GET MORE WORK DONE IN HALF TH' TIME WHEN HE AIN'T AROUND!
IT'S TOO BAD FATHER DOESN'T TRY TO GET A JOB!
RIP WINKLE! WHERE ARE Y'GOIN'?
I'M GOIN' OUT TO ANSWER SOME O' THESE ADS AN' TRY TO GIT A JOB!
FATHER! THIS IS SATURDAY!! MOST PLACES ARE CLOSED!
WELL, WHAT DO Y'KNOW???
YOU AIN'T FOOLIN' ME, PAW! YOU KNEW IT ALL TH' TIME!!

KING OF THE ROYAL MOUNTED

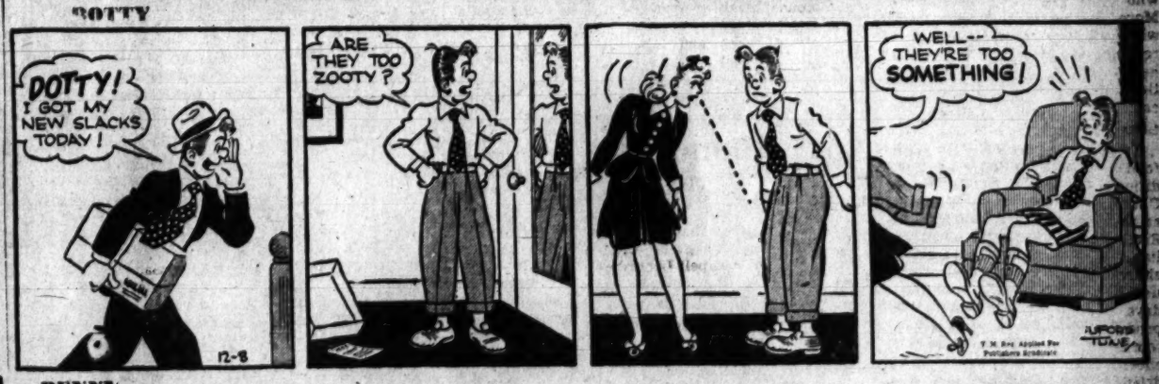
HIS SLED DOGS HAVE WANDERED AWAY, BUT KING'S HERE RIGHT WHERE I LEFT HIM!
...HOPE I HAVEN'T ADDED HIM TO MY MURDER LIST!
FOR THIS GOOD TURN KING WILL HAVE TO AGREE TO HELP ME....
V VICTORY LOAN
...OR I WILL FINISH THE JOB OF KILLING HIM!

DONALD DUCK

CRANBERRY BOGGS


OH, CRAN! MEBBE IT'D BE MORE NEIGHBORLY IF WE ALL HELPED YOUR FRIEND GET HER CAR STARTED.
SWELL! MEBBE YOU COULD PUSH IF IT DON'T START.
MY MOTHER TAUGHT ME TA HELP STRANGERS --NO MATTER WHO THEY ARE!
ZAT EES SO NICE OF YOU, DARLING. SO VERY NICE!
BE CAREFUL, CRAN! THEES CAR EES NOT LIKE ZEE AMERICAN MODELS.
SHE'S WORKIN' HOORAY!
HEY, WHERE'S TH' ANCHOR FER THIS RACIN' CLIPPER?
ZOOM
LOOK OUT-- ZEE TREE!!

DOTTY



PENNY

BUT I REALLY DEFINITELY NEED A WHOLE NEW WARD-ROBE, FATHER.
YOU HAVE A LOT OF NEW CLOTHES, WHAT'S WRONG WITH THEM?
THEY WERE OKAY DURING THE WAR, FATHER; BUT I'M IN MY RECONVERSION PERIOD NOW.
HOW COME?
SWEATERS AND SWING SKIRTS WERE NEAT BEFORE, BUT THE MEN COMING HOME ARE VOTING FOR SOMETHING DEFINITELY MORE FEMININE.
WELL THEY'RE GOING TO HAVE TO DO YOU FOR NOW.
I JUST SIMPLY KNEW IT WIN THE WAR AND LOSE MY WHOLE PEACE PROGRAM!

SUPERMAN

WELL, LOIS, THE ALLOTTED TIME HAS PASSED--AND NO REPORT HAS COME IN OF WATER FLOWING UPHILL. IT LOOKS AS IF CLARK KENT DOESN'T WORK HERE ANY MORE.
MR. WHITE! HAVE YOU SEEN THE MORNING PICTORIAL? THEY JUST PUT OUT AN EXTRA!
YOU HEARD ME! STOP THE PRESSES! WE'VE ANOTHER EXTRA TO GET OUT! IT'S ABOUT WATER FLOWING UPHILL!
SCOOPED ON OUR OWN PREDICTION!
PHONE CALL FOR YOU, LOIS.
I CAN GUESS WHO IT IS.
WHAT DID CLARK WANT?
HE ASKED ME TO MEET HIM IN THE PUBLIC SQUARE. YOU KNOW, I THINK THE GOON ACTUALLY EXPECTS ME TO GO THERE AND PROPOSE TO HIM JUST AS HE PROPHESIED. WELL HE'LL HAVE A LONG WAIT 'CAUSE I'M NOT GOING!

NAPOLEON

ARE YOU PAMPERING YOUR DOG? MOST DOGS SPEND TOO MUCH TIME IN FRONT OF THE FIRE. THIS MAKES THEM FAT AND LAZY. PUT YOUR DOG OUTSIDE A FEW HOURS EACH DAY. NOTHING LIKE A GOOD ROMP IN A BLIZZARD TO TOUGHEN YOUR PET.
12-8

Today's Radio Programs

THE WASHINGTON POST
Saturday, December 8, 1945

SATURDAY — WASHINGTON — E.S.T.

	WMAL 630	WRC 980	WOL 1260	WINX 1340	WWDC 1450	WTOP 1500
	Today's Prelude, 6:05. News, 6, 7, 8:30. Town Clock (Trafton Robertson), 7:10-9. David Wills, 7:45.	Bill Herson, 6-9 Weather, 6:30 News, 6, 7, 7:30 and 8:30. World Roundup, 8. Your Timekeeper, 8:15.	Top o' the Morning, 5:32. News, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8. Musical Clock, 6:05. The Callahans, 6:45. The Paiges, 8:30.	News, 6, 7, 8. Jerry Strong, Wake Up with WINX, 6:05-9	Hunnicutt, 6-9 Devotions, 6:45. News, 6, 6:30, 7:30, 8:15.	Corn Squeezin' Time 5:45. News, 6:45, 7:30, 8. Godfrey, 7-9:15. Mahoney, 7:40
9	:00 Wake Up and Smile :15 Fred Kasper :30 Boyce Smith :45 Rex Maupin	Home Is What You Make It News; Tropicale One to Eight	News; Musical Clock Texas Rangers This Week in Music	News; Music Music in the Air Musical Reveille	News; Music Salon Music Salon Teen-Time	News, Arthur Godfrey Saturday Juke Box Saturday Juke Box P. R. Junior Board
10	:00 Galen Drake :15 Club Time :30 Chester Bowles :45 Calling All Girls	Eileen Barton Archie Andrews	News; Billy Repaid Southern Harmonizers Round the Town Music for Millions	News; Music Hall Music Hall	Teen Time Requests News; D. C. Quiz Bee D. C. Quiz Bee	Give and Take Mary Lee Taylor
11	:00 Bud Ward :15 :30 :45	Toastimers Show Smilin' Ed McConnell	Tommy Johnson Plays Arlington on the Air London Column	News; Symphony Beethoven's Symphony No. 2 Barbirolli	High School Sports Rosebud Jr. Chorus News; Matinee Morning Matinee	News; Let's Pretend Let's Pretend Billie Burke Show
12	:00 News; Evans :15 Ear Teasers :30 Your Home :45 And Garden	News; Improvisations Consumer Time Novelette Look to This Day	House of Mystery Freddy Martin's Orch. The Constant Invader	WINX News Luncheon Lyrics Once Upon A Time	Judy Canova Morning Matinee News; Missing Persons Music for Millions	Theater of Today Stars Over Hollywood
1	:00 National :15 Children's Frolic :30 Sweet Music :45 News; Evans	National Home Hour Veterans Adviser American World	News; Love Notes Objective Security 	News; Music Your OPA Musical Bouquets	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Grand Central Station C. P. MacGregor
2	:00 Metropolitan Opera :15 "The Masked Ball" :30 Pierette Alarie :45 Zinka Milanov	NBC Bond Parade Across the Nation 	Marine Band Geo. Sterney's Orch.	News; Rhythm Spotlight on Rhythm Walter Salb, Organist	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	County Fair Treasury Band Stand
3	:00 Marg. Harshaw :15 Jan Peerce :30 Leonard Warren :45 Norman Cordon	 	WOL Open House Russ Hodges and Frank Blair 	News; Tea for Two Tea for Two 	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Assignment Home Musical Revue Ted Gamble
4	:00 John Baker :15 :30 :45	 	 Five Hit Tunes WOL Open House	News; Bandwagon Broadway Bandwagon Jam for Supper	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Eliot Lawrence American Cancer Soc. "Little Red Barn"
5	:00 Sweet Swing :15 :30 :45 Milton Cross	 John W. Vandercook Tin Pan Alley	Sammy Kaye's Orch. Sports Parade Jam Session	News; Music Hall Music Hall 	Band of the Day Swing Session News; Football Final Football Final	Philadelphia Orch.
6	:00 Evans; Fleisher :15 First Call :30 Christian Scione :45 Labor, U.S.A.	News; Leif Eid Musicade Dutch Bergman News, Bennett	News; Music So The Story Goes Veterans' Reporter Russ Hodges	WINX News Sunset Serenade Bob Wolff, Sports Dinner Date	News; Music Music Cavalcade Sports Roundup Jobs for Veterans	Mahoney; Costello Night Editor 6:30 Show World Today; News
7	:00 Americana Quiz :15 :30 Dick Tracy :45	Our Foreign Policy Welcome Home	This Week, Al Warner Songs of Good Cheer News; Serenade Tommy Harmon, Sports	News; Music Close Harmony Walter Salb, Organist	Bible Quiz Army Nurse Show	Helen Hayes First Nighter
8	:00 Woody Herman :15 :30 Comdr. Paul Walker :45 Jobs After Victory	Life of Riley (William Bendix) Truth or Consequences	America's Music News, Eaton Let's Finish the Job	News; Music AFGE Opera: Bizet's "Carmen"	Penny for Your Thoughts News; 1450 Club Jackson Lowe	Dick Haymes Mayor of the Town ; News
9	:00 Gang Busters :15 :30 Boston Symphony :45 Koussevitsky	National Barn Dance Can You Top This	Leave It to the Girls Break the Bank	News; Symphony Rachmaninoff's Concerto No. 1 (Rachmaninoff)	News; 1450 Club Jackson Lowe News; 1450 Club Jackson Lowe	Your Hit Parade Saturday Night
10	:00 :15 :30 Invitation to Listen :45	Judy Canova Grand Ole Op'ry	Chicago Theater 	News; Let's Dance Let's Dance 	News; 1450 Club Jackson Lowe News; Super Session Super Session	Serenade Celebrity Club Herbert Brownell
11	:00 News; Evans :15 Hour of Dreams :30 :45	News; Music Religion in the News Treasury Show 	Voice of D. C. Geo. Olsen's Orch. Charlie Spivak's Orch. ; News	WINX News Let's Dance Traffic Court ; Music	Conover Dance Party 	News; Eliot, Cahner Arch McDonald's Moondial Woody Herman's Orch.

W3XO—F. M.

7:00 p. m.—Sweet Popular Tunes
7:15 p. m.—Vocal Program
7:30 p. m.—Concert
7:45 p. m.—"
8:00 p. m.—News
8:10 p. m.—Popular Dance Music
8:30 p. m.—Bizet's "Carmen"
8:45 p. m.—"

43200 K.C.

9:00 p. m.—Easy Listening
9:05 p. m.—"
9:30 p. m.—"
9:45 p. m.—"
10:00 p. m.—News
10:05 p. m.—Concert Hour
10:30 p. m.—"
10:45 p. m.—"

SPORTS REVIEW with BOB WOLFE
Local and National Sports News—Views —Comments in his own inimitable style.
6:30 to 6:45 P.M. Each Weekday
WINX—1340 on your dial

Riggs to Vote Capital Boost, Stock Dividend

By S. Oliver Goodman

Directors of Riggs National Bank have recommended a plan to increase capital from three million dollars to five million dollars and surplus from $5,750,000 to seven million dollars, President Robert V. Fleming announced yesterday.

Stockholders' approval of the proposed recapitalization, first since 1928, will be asked at the regular annual meeting next January 8. Details of the plan are outlined in a letter mailed yesterday to all stockholders requesting proxies.

In the letter President Fleming explained the proposed capital funds increase will be in line with the large gain in deposits during the past five years. Deposits of Washington's largest bank swelled from 130 million on December 31, 1940, to more than 300 million at the present time, he pointed out.

Holders to Get Rights

The proposed recapitalization, he explained, provides for the payment of a stock dividend of one million dollars to shareholders of record January 8, 1946, and the sale of 10,000 additional shares at $300 a share to stockholders of record on the same date. Such holders will be given the right to purchase one share for each three shares held on that date, prior to declaration of the stock dividend. The rights will expire on 2 p. m. February 27, 1946.

Based on yesterday's bid price of $435 a share for Riggs stock on the Washington Stock Exchange, the rights are worth about $135 each.

Of the three million dollar proceeds, one million dollars will be allocated to capital and two million dollars to surplus, he said.

Total of $14,752,374

If approved by stockholders, the new capital structure will become effective on March 1, 1946, when the bank will have capital of five million dollars represented by 50,000 shares of $100 par value, surplus of seven million dollars with estimated undivided profits and reserves of $2,752,374. Total capital funds would be $14,752,374.

Mr. Fleming added that the regular quarterly cash dividend of $3 a share on present capital stock will be paid on January 15, 1946, to stockholders of record January 8. As to future dividend policy, he said that the bank's earning capacity indicates the present dividend rate of $12 a share can be maintained on the increased capital.

Business Briefs Of D. C. Interest

Sales Continue Rise

Washington department stores in the week ended December 1 showed a 4 per cent gain over the like 1944 period, the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond reported yesterday. Sales for the four weeks ended same date were 5 per cent higher than like 1944 period.

Sales for the Fifth Reserve District gained 7 per cent during the week and 6 per cent for the four-week period.

Joins Greyhound Unit

Lieut. Col. Edward S. Hopkins will join the Greyhound Post Houses on January 1 as director of sanitary engineering division. His appointment is part of a program for the expansion of the Post Houses, a chain of 62 roadside restaurants now operated in 18 States and the District of Columbia to serve Greyhound bus passengers.

Col. Hopkins, scheduled for release from active duty December 15, is the officer in charge of sanitation for all camps, post and stations of the Third Service Command which includes Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania.

Drug Research Group Formed

Dr. Frederick J. Cullen of Chevy Chase, Md., yesterday announced formation of a drug research foundation to study the therapeutical and pharmacological effects of medicinal drugs. The foundation is sponsored by more than 50 manufacturers of packaged medicines and chemicals and by importers of botanical drugs. Dr. Cullen, prime mover in the foundation's development, is executive vice president of the Proprietary Association of America.

Earnings Statements

Mergenthaler Linotype Co. reports for the year ended September 30, 1945, net income of $1,442,923 after all charges, including provision for Federal income and excess-profits taxes. This compares with net income of $1,774,451 for the previous year. Net sales for the year ended September 30, 1945, amounted to $22,116,319, against $23,572,322

Middle West Corp. and subsidiaries report net of $990,569, equal to 30 cents a share, for quarter ended September 30, compared with $1,013,092, or 31 cents a share, for the comparable 1944 period.

Cuban-American Sugar Co. reports for the fiscal year ended September 30 net income of $3,576,468, equal to $2.45 a common share, compared with $3,976,485, or $3.60 a share, in the preceding year.

New York Cotton

New York, Dec. 7 (AP).—Trade and commission house buying rallied cotton futures 15 to 49 cents a bale today with expectations of a lower Government cotton crop forecast dating and further export business influencing the upward movement.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	
December	24.60	24.96	24.54	†24.85	+5
March	24.53	24.57	24.49	24.57	+5
May	24.37	24.44	24.34	24.44	+9
July	24.06	24.13	24.04	24.44	+8
October	23.25	23.26	23.22	23.34	+3
December	23.25	23.25	23.22	†23.24	+3

†Ending spot, 25.10 (nominal), off 2.

1945 1944 1943 1942
High 112.76 108.73 107.54 103.22
Low 107.90 106.05 102.43 88.56

Commodity Index

New York, Dec. 7.—The Associated Press weekly wholesale prices index of 35 commodities today was unchanged at 112.69.

Previous day, 112.69; week ago, 112.23; month ago, 112.45; year ago, 107.70.

1945 1944 1943 1942
High 112.76 108.73 107.54 103.22
Low 107.90 106.05 102.43 88.56

Quotations on N. Y. Stock Exchange

By the Associated Press

Total stock sales yesterday, 2,505,000 shares; previous day, 2,290,000; wwek ago, 1,816,790; year ago, 1,682,940; two years afo, 866,540; January 1 to date, 355,753,054; year ago, 240,470,730; two years ago, 266,251,075.

Dow-Jones Stocks

New York, Dec. 7.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Ch'ge.
30 inds.	194.09	194.78	193.18	194.08	+0.24
20 rails	64.04	65.03	63.89	64.74	+0.52
15 utils.	38.80	39.02	38.62	38.82	+0.11
65 stks.	72.91	73.44	72.62	73.14	+0.24

Transactions in stocks used in averages today: Industrials, 79,500; railroads, 179,340; utilities, 67,400; 65 stocks, 326,240.

	Sales, Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Abbott Lab	2	85	83⅝	83⅝	—1⅜
ACB-Brill Mot.	31	16½	16⅛	16⅛	—⅜
Acme Steel	3	34½	34½	34½	+½
Adams Exp	1	21	20¾	21	.....
Addressog-M	4	34⅝	34	34½	+¾
Air Reduction	24	52	51⅜	51⅜	.....
Alaska Juneau	27	9¼	9	9⅛	.....
Alleghany Corp	245	6	5⅞	5⅞	—⅛
Alleghany pf	29	56⅞	55⅛	56⅞	+1½
Alegh pr pf	1	70	70	70	.....
Alleg Ludl 3tl	9	41⅞	41	41⅞	+⅜
Allen Industries	1	24¾	24¾	24¾	—¼
Al Chem & Dye	5	188	187½	187½	—¼
Allied Kid	10	23⅞	23¾	23¾	—¼
Allied Mills	7	35⅞	34½	35⅞	+¾
Allied Stores	26	46½	45¾	46	+⅜
Allied Strs pf	2	103½	103½	103½	—⅛
Allis-Ch Mfg	18	54	53⅝	53¾	—⅛
Allis-Ch Mfg pf	1	135	135	135	.....
Alpha P Cem	5	33½	33¼	33½	+1
Ama Leather	37	11⅜	10½	10¾	—½
Amerada Pet	2	156	156	156	—1
Am Ag Ch Del	2	41¼	41	41	—⅛
Am Airlines	7	88½	87	88	—1½
Am Bank Note	2	38⅞	36⅞	36⅞	+⅛
Am Bosch	49	23⅜	23¼	23¾	+1½
Am Brake Shoe	7	50¼	50	50	.....
Am Cable & R	67	16¾	16⅜	16½	.....
Am Can	5	104½	104	104½	+⅜
Am Car & Fdy	7	64¼	63¾	63¾	—⅝
Am Ch & Chable	19	40	39½	39⅝	.....
Am Colortype	1	27¼	27¼	27¼	—¼
Am Crystal Sug	9	27¼	26	26	—1¼
Am Distill	5	50	49½	50	.....
Am Encaus Til	1	9½	9½	9½	.....
Am European	1	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	.....
Am Export L	7	40	38¾	39	+¾
Am & For Pow	18	7¾	7¾	7¾	.....
Am & F P6spf	1	109½	109½	109½	+1¼
Am & FP $7 pf	1	114½	114½	114½	—1
Am & F P 2 pf.	7	36⅜	36	36	.....
Am-Hawaii SS	24	55	54	55	+2⅛
Am Hide & Lea	27	10⅜	10	10¼	+⅛
Am Home Prod.	4	109	108	109	.....
Am Ice	31	14⅜	13¾	13⅜	—⅛
Am Ice pf	1	100½	100½	100½	—⅛
Am Internat	14	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜	+⅛
Am Locomot	1	41	41	41	.....
Am Locomot pf	1	121	121	121	+1¾
Am M & Fdy	14	38⅛	37¾	38⅛	+⅛
Am M & Met	8	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	+⅛
Am Metal	11	38⅝	38¼	38⅝	+⅛
Am Pow & Lt	98	12¼	11⅞	12⅛	+⅜
Am P & L $6 pf	1	102¼	102¼	102¼	—⅜
Am P & L $5 pf	2	93½	93½	93½	—⅝
Am Rad & S S	94	19¼	19	19¼	.....
Am Roll Mill	23	28⅝	28⅜	28⅝	.....
Am Roll M pf	3	98	97½	97½	—⅛
Am Safety Raz	2	34½	34¼	34½	—⅜
Am Seating	1	30½	30½	30½	.....
Am Smelt & R	6	67	66⅛	67	+1¼
Am Snuff	2	49½	49½	49½	.....
Am Stl Fdrs	27	42¾	41⅞	42¼	+1⅛
Am Stores	1	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	—⅛
Am Sugar Ref	5	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	—⅛
Am Tel & Tel	23	190⅜	190	190¼	—⅛
Am Tobacco	7	88⅛	87½	87⅞	—⅛
Am Tobacco B	7	89⅛	88⅛	88⅝	—⅛
Am Type Fdrs	3	22⅛	21⅞	21⅞	.....
Am Viscose	3	65¼	65	65	.....
Am Wat Wks	15	22⅞	22⅜	22⅜	.....
Am Woolen	87	31⅛	29	31⅛	+⅛
Am Wool pf	13	130	129	129	—3
Am Zinc L & S	17	11¼	11	11⅛	+⅛
Am Zinc pr pf	2	80	80	80	—1
Anaconda Copp	62	47¼	46⅜	46⅛	—⅜
Anderson Clayt.	3	48	47½	47½	—⅛
A P W Prod	10	9⅜	9¼	9⅜	+⅛
Arch-Dan-M	11	28⅛	28	28⅛	.....
Armour & Co	72	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	.....
Armstrong Cork	12	55⅛	55	55	—⅛
Arnold Const.	3	29	29	29	.....
Artloom Corp	3	19¼	19	19	.....
Asso Dry Goods	27	44¾	42½	44¾	+2⅛
Associates Inv	1	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛	.....
A T & S F	18	109⅞	108	109⅞	+1⅜
A T & S F pf	1	115½	115½	115½	+1
Atl Coast Line	10	81¾	80	81¾	+1¼
Atl G & W Ind	1	40	40	40	.....
Atl Refining	8	42⅞	42½	42⅞	—⅛
Atlas Corp	22	26⅜	25⅞	26⅜	+⅛
Aust Nichols	1	18	18	18	.....
Autocar Co	40	25¼	25	25¼	+1⅛
Aviation Corp	157	10½	10¼	10⅜	+⅛
AviationCorp pf	5	62½	62½	62½	.....
Bald Loco	63	34⅝	34	34⅛	—⅛
Balt & Ohio	101	26⅞	25¾	26⅜	+⅛
Balt & Ohio pf	20	43¾	42⅜	42⅝	+⅛
Bar sor & Ar	2	21½	21½	21½	—⅛
Barber Asph	12	51¼	50⅛	51	+⅛
Barker Bros	1	36¾	36¾	36¾	.....
Barnsdall Oil	34	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	—⅛
Bath Ir Wks	12	23⅞	23⅛	23⅞	.....
Bayuk Cigars	2	44½	44½	44½	.....
Beatrice Cream	1	51½	51½	51½	.....
Beech Aire	29	17	16⅝	16⅝	—⅛
Beech-Nut Pack	1	136	136	136	+4
Beldng-Hem	19	24⅛	23¾	24⅛	+½
Bell Aire	2	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	.....
Bell & Howell	30	31½	30¼	31½	+2⅛
Bendix Aviat	11	55⅝	55	55½	—⅛
Benef Ind Ln	6	29⅝	28⅞	28⅞	—⅛
Best & Co	2	34¾	34	34¾	.....
Best Foods	10	26	25½	26	+⅛
Beth Steel	15	97½	96¾	97	.....
Bigelow-Sanf	9	70¼	69⅞	70¼	—⅛
Black & Decker	1	27	27	27	.....
Blaw-Knox	25	23	22¼	23	.....
Boeing Airplane	46	33½	32¾	33⅛	—⅛
Bohn Al&Brass	26	76	74⅜	76	+⅜
Bond Strs	1	40	40	40	.....
Bond Strs pf	1	190¾	190½	190¼	+6¾
Borden Co	8	44	43½	44	+⅛
Borg-Warner	15	52⅜	52	52⅜	.....
Boston & Maine	10	9⅝	8⅝	9⅝	.....
Braniff Airw	46	37½	35¼	37	+1¾
BrewingCorp Am	1	80	80	80	.....
Bridgeport Brass	35	19⅜	19½	19⅜	+⅛
Briggs Mfg	1	51⅜	51⅛	51⅜	.....
Bristol-Myers	9	72⅝	72¼	72⅝	.....
Bklyn Un Gas	9	34¾	33¾	33¾	—⅛
Brown Shoe	1	75	75	75	.....
Bucyrus-Erie	36	20½	20⅛	20⅛	+⅛
Budd Mfg	10	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜	.....
Budd Mfg pf	3	93½	93½	93½	.....
Budd Wheel	9	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	+⅛
Bullard Co	9	38	37¾	37¾	—⅛
Bulova Watch	11	37½	36½	37	+⅜
Burling Mills	7	39½	39	39½	.....
Burling Mills pf	1	109	109	109	—2½
Burr Add Mach	56	20¼	20⅛	20¼	+⅛
Bush Terminal	1	14¼	14¼	14¼	+⅛
Butler Bros	17	24¾	24¼	24½	.....
Butte Cop & Z	30	7	6⅞	7	.....
Byers (AM)	45	26	24¾	25⅝	+⅛
Calif Packing	1	41¾	41¾	41¾	.....
CallahanZ-Lead	106	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	.....
Calumet & Hec	58	8½	8½	8½	.....
Campbell Wyant	8	31½	31½	31½	+⅛
Can Dry Ale	1	43	43	43	.....
Canad Pacific	450	19	18⅛	18⅝	+⅛
Cannon Mills	1	68¾	68¾	68¾	.....
Capital Adm A	1	20¼	20¼	20¼	—⅛
Carpenter Steel	1	47	47	47	.....
Carrier Corp pf	5	79¼	78	79½	+2½
Carriers & Gen	3	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	+⅛
Case (J. I.) Co.	14	47⅞	47⅛	47⅜	+⅛
Caterpil Trac	1	69⅞	69⅜	69⅞	—⅛
Celanese Corp	5	63⅛	63	63⅛	.....
Celanese 1st pf	1	107¼	107¼	107¼	—⅛
Celotex Corp	23	24¾	24¾	24¾	+⅛
Cent Aguirre	37	29	28⅞	28⅞	.....
Cent Foundry	21	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	.....
Cent RR NJ	24	18	16¾	18	+1½
Cent Violeta Sug	2	38½	38	38	.....
Century RibM	2	32½	32	32½	+⅛
Cerro de Pasco	13	45⅛	44½	45⅛	.....
Certain-teed Pr	55	16⅞	16¾	16⅞	—⅛
Chain Belt	4	32¼	32	32¼	+⅛
Ches Corp Va	2	19	19	19	.....
Ches & Ohio	20	55½	54½	54½	—⅛
Chi & E Ill	30	10⅜	10⅛	10⅜	.....
Chi & E Ill	15	22¼	21¾	22	.....
Chi Grt West	22	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	+⅛
Chi Mail Ord	2	29¾	29¾	29¾	.....
ChiMStp&Pac	152	28⅞	28¼	28¾	+⅛
Chi M&tp&P pf	74	71½	70¾	71	.....
Chi & NW	15	41½	40⅝	40⅝	—⅛
Chi & NW pf	1	71¼	70¼	70¼	—⅛
Chi Pneu Tool	4	37	36¾	37	.....
Chi Rnew T 3 pf	2	57	57	57	—1
†ChiPn T 2½ pf	1	62½	62½	62½	.....
Chi Yell Cab	1	23	23	23	.....
Chickasha Cot Oil	2	22½	22½	22¾	—⅛
Childs Co	1	13	13	13	.....
Chrysler Corp	22	139	138	139	.....
C. I. T. Finan	8	54⅝	53½	54⅜	.....
City Ice & F	1	29	29	29	+1½
†City Invest	1	63½	63	63	.....
City Stores	5	24¼	24	24¼	.....
Clark Equip	5	72¼	72	72¼	+2½
Climax Molyb	42	39¾	39¼	39½	.....
Cluett Peabody	5	51⅛	51	51⅛	.....
Coca-Cola	1	180	180	180	—2
Coca-Cola A	2	63½	62½	62½	.....
Colgate-Palm-P	2	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	.....
Collins & Aik	2	50¼	50	50¼	—⅛
Col Fuel & Ir	92	18	17⅞	18	.....
Col & Sou 1 pf	2	37½	37½	37½	.....
Colum Broad S	1	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	.....
Colum Gas & E	75	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	.....
Col G&E 6% pf	14	110	109¾	110	.....
Colum Pict	1	42½	42½	42½	.....
Colum Carbon	6	39¾	38½	39¾	+1¼
Coml Credit	12	48	47½	48	+⅛
Coml Solvents	68	24½	23¾	24½	+⅛
Comw Edis	30	33¾	33¼	33¾	+⅛
Comwlth & S	471	3¼	3¼	3¼	.....
Com & Sou pf	2	122¾	122¾	122¾	—⅜
Conde Nast	6	42	41	41	—½
Congoleum-Nair	3	35⅞	35¾	35⅞	—⅛
Consol Cigar	5	46½	46	46½	—⅛
Cons Copperm	43	7	6¾	6¾	—⅛
Cons Edison	54	33¾	33	33⅝	—⅛
Cons Edison pf	1	107¾	107¾	107¾	—⅛
Cons Laundries	22	18	16¾	18	+1¼
Cons Nat Gas	10	44	43¾	44	.....
Con RR Cuba pf	2	14½	14½	14½	.....
Con Vultee	104	31⅞	30⅝	30⅞	—¼
Cons Vultee pf	2	35	35	35	+1
Container Corp	4	39½	39⅜	39⅜	+⅛
Cont Bak	18	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	.....
Cont Bak pf	1	107¾	107¾	107¾	—⅛
Cont Can	10	47¼	46¾	46⅞	.....
Cont Diam Fib	14	17	16½	16⅝	—⅛
Cont Ins	3	58	57½	58	+⅛
Cont Motors	37	19⅝	19¼	19½	.....
Cont Oil Del	18	41¼	41⅛	41⅛	.....
Cooper-Bess	6	24⅜	23⅝	24	.....
Copperweld Stl	11	19	18⅝	18⅝	.....
Corn Products	1	65½	65½	65½	.....
Cornell-Dub El	70	25⅝	24⅞	25⅝	+⅛
Corning Glass	28	37⅞	36⅞	37½	+⅛
Coty Inc	17	12⅜	12⅛	12⅜	.....
Coty Internat	14	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜	.....
Crane Co	24	43¼	42¾	42¾	—⅝
Crane Co pf	4	107⅛	107	107	—⅛
Cream of Wh	1	34	34	34	+1
Crosley Corp	39	38⅝	38⅛	38⅛	.....
Cr Cylinder	2	54¼	54	54½	.....
Crown Ck &2 pf	1	51¼	51¼	51¼	.....
Crown Zllerb	6	29⅛	29¼	29⅛	+⅛
Crucible Steel	4	48⅝	48¼	48⅝	.....
Cuban-Am Sug	2	26¼	26¼	26¼	+1
Cudahy Pack	2	50¼	49¾	50¼	+⅛
Cuneo Press	1	38½	38½	38½	.....
Curtis Publsng	59	22⅛	22	22⅛	+⅛
Curtis Pub pf	1	74	74	74	.....
Curtis-Wright	158	9	8⅞	8⅞	.....
Curtiss-Wr A	12	29¼	29	29¼	—⅛
Cutler-Hammer	3	35	34½	35	+⅛
Davega Stores	1	27	26½	26½	—⅜
Davison Chem	2	27⅜	27¼	27⅜	.....
Decca Records	1	49	49	49	.....
Deere & Co	17	45⅜	45⅛	45⅛	—⅛
Deere & Co pf	1	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	.....
Detroit-Wem-Gr	1	31	31	31	+⅛
Del & Hudson	29	45⅜	44½	45⅛	+⅛
Del Lack & W	215	14¼	13⅝	14⅛	+⅛
Detroit Edison	30	25½	25⅛	25⅜	+⅛
Detroit Ex Ray A	6	27⅛	26¾	27	+⅛
Diamond Match	3	43¾	42	42¾	—⅝
Diam T Motor	8	34½	33⅜	34½	+⅛
Dist Corp-Seag	2	79½	79½	79½	—⅛

	Sales, Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Dixie Cup	3	44⅝	44	44	—⅛
Doehler-Jarvis	8	28¼	27⅝	27⅝	—⅝
Dome Mines	14	27	26⅝	26⅝	—⅛
Douglas Aircraft	3	98	94½	94½	+⅛
Dow Chem	1	167	157	167	—1
Dresser Indust	62	32¼	31½	32⅛	+¾
Dunhill Int	9	33	29	29½	+⅜
Duplan Corp	7	32⅝	32¼	32¼	—⅛
du Pont de N	7	190	188	190	+2¾
Eagle-Pich	14	21¼	21	21⅛	+⅛
Eastern Air L	8	127	125	124	—2
East S Stl	2	32⅛	32	32	.....
Eastman Kodak	4	220	220	220	+1½
Eaton Mfg	2	65¾	65½	65¾	+⅛
Edis Bros Strs	2	54¾	54¼	54½	.....
Ecko Prod	9	39½	38	39½	+⅛
Elastic Stop N	17	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+⅛
El Auto-Lite	4	71	70½	71	+1
Elec Boat	8	127	125	124	—2
El & Mus Ind	67	7½	7½	7⅜	.....
El Power & Lt	59	18⅝	18⅜	18½	.....
El Pow&Lt $6pf	2	140½	140½	140½	.....
El Pow&Lt$7 pf	2	156	153	156	+2
El Storage Bat	5	53½	52¾	53½	+½
El Paso Nat G	4	47	46¾	46⅞	+⅛
Emerson El M	83	26⅝	26	26⅛	+⅛
Emer Rad & Ph	23	25½	25	25½	+⅛
Eng Pub Service	30	36⅞	36½	36½	+⅛
Eng P S $5 pf	1	103¼	103¼	103¼	—⅛
Equit Off Bldg	128	4	3½	3⅝	+⅛
Erie RR	104	18⅞	18½	18⅝	+⅛
Eureka V Clean	6	19¼	18⅞	18⅞	.....
Evans Prod	13	27¾	26⅝	27⅝	+1
Ex-Cell-O	3	62	60¾	60¾	—1
Exchange Buff	3	2	2	2	+⅛
Fairbanks Mor	4	63½	62½	63½	+¼
Fajardo Sugar	13	34½	33½	33½	.....
Farns Tel & R	80	19¼	18½	19⅝	+1
Fed Lt & Trac	9	24½	23¾	24	—⅛
Fed Mng & Sm	1	42½	42½	42½	.....
Fed Mot Truck	10	17½	17¼	17¼	.....
Federat D Strs	19	58	57	57¼	—⅛
Ferro Enam	4	33¾	33¾	33¾	—⅛
Fid P Fire Ins	3	62¼	62¼	62¼	.....
Firestone T&R	3	69½	69⅜	69⅝	—⅛
First T&R pf	1	108¼	108¼	108¼	.....
First Nat Strs	6	55¾	54½	55½	+⅜
Flintkote	16	37⅞	37¼	37⅝	+⅛
Follansbee Stl	22	13	12⅞	12⅞	+⅛
Food Fair Strs	1	29	29	29	.....
Food Mach	6	74½	72	72	—1½
Foster Wheeler	21	43¼	42	43⅛	+⅜
Francisco Sug	6	25⅞	24¾	24¾	+⅛
Freeport Sulph	2	48¾	48½	48¾	—⅛
Fruehauf Tra	14	69½	68¾	69	+⅛
Gabriel Co	1	11⅛	11	11	—⅛
Ganz Roberts	26	10⅛	10	10¼	.....
Gair Robt pf	8	19⅝	19¼	19¼	—⅛
Gamewell Co	1	25¼	25¼	25¼	—⅛
Gardner-Denver	1	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	.....
Gar Wood Ind	15	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	.....
Gar W Ind pf	2	56	56	56	.....
Gaylord Cont	1	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	+⅛
Gen Am Invest	80	22¼	21¾	22¼	+⅛
Gen Am Trans	8	39⅝	39	39	.....
Gen Baking	23	14½	14	14½	+⅛
Gen Bronze	7	23⅜	23⅜	23½	.....
Gen Cable	6	14	13⅞	14	.....
Gen Cigar	4	135	134	134	—1
Gen Elec	74	47¾	47¼	47¾	+⅛
Gen Foods	6	51	50½	50½	—⅛
Gen Mills	7	49	48⅞	49	.....
Gen Motors	78	77¾	76¾	77¾	—⅛
Gen Motors pf	2	127½	127	127	—1
Gen Out Advt	10	22⅝	21¾	21⅜	+⅛
Gen Prec Eq	7	35⅜	35	35⅜	+⅛
Gen Pub Service	1	40	40	40	.....
Gen Ry Signal	4	45⅞	45	45⅞	+⅛
GenReal & Util	297	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	+⅛
Gen Refract	17	31⅜	30⅝	31⅛	+⅛
Gen Tel	11	38⅝	38¼	38⅝	+⅛
Gen Time Inst	13	37¼	36¾	37¼	+⅛
Gen T & Rub	10	45½	44¾	45½	+⅛
Gillette Saf R	8	25¼	24⅞	25	—⅛
Gimbel Bros	18	51¾	50¾	50¾	—⅛
Glidden Co	31	38⅞	38⅜	38⅝	+⅛
Goebel Brew	29	7	6¾	7	.....
Goodall-Sanf	7	39½	38⅝	38⅝	—⅛
Goodrich (BF)	5	70⅛	70	70	—1
Goodyear T&R	14	61¾	60½	60⅝	—⅛
Goth Hosiery	1	39	39	39	.....
Graham-PaigM	247	11	10½	10⅞	+⅛
Granby ConMin	15	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	.....
Grand Union	31	7¾	7½	7¾	.....
Granite City Stl	23	20	19½	19¾	—⅛
Grant (W T)	4	33½	33½	33½	+⅛
GtNor Ir Ore ct	20	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛	—⅛
GtNorthn Ry pf	8	61¾	60¼	61¼	+⅛
Gt West Sug	80	34	33	33⅝	—⅛
Green (HL)	3	78	77	78	+2
Greyhound Corp	35	34½	34¼	34⅜	+⅜
Grum Airc En	29	54	52¼	52½	—1⅛
Guantan Sugar	12	12	12	12	.....
Gulf